

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

1971 REFERENCE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

PHC(2)-9

DELAWARE

FINAL REPORT

General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas, 1960 to 1970

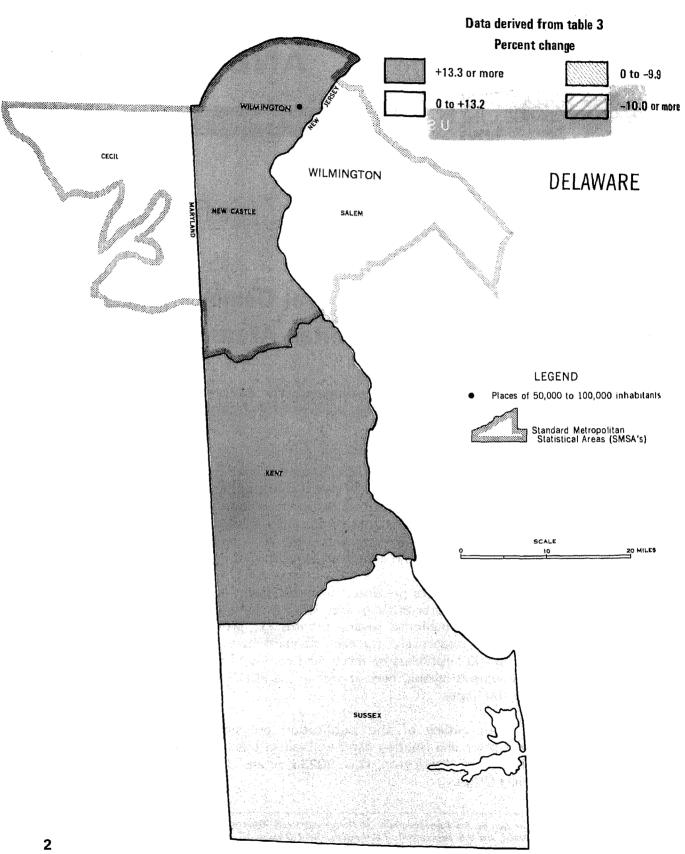
(This series consists of 52 reports—number 1 for the United States and numbers 2 thru 52 for the States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order rather than order of publication.)

This publication is one of a series of 1970 census reports concerned mainly with population and housing trends in metropolitan areas from 1960 to 1970. The main body of the report consists of an analytical text, a statistical section containing four tables on population characteristics and one on housing characteristics, and an appendix presenting technical definitions and explanations. A map showing 1960-70 population change by county appears on page 2 and a detailed table of contents is on page 3.

The statistics presented here are drawn largely from the 1970 census Advance Reports PC(V2) and HC(V1) for this State. These two reports, which were published several months ago, provide population and housing statistics, respectively, for each standard metropolitan statistical area, place of 10,000 inhabitants or more, and county in the State. Additional data on the subjects covered here appear in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A Final Reports for this State.

An outline of the publication program for the 1970 Census of Population and Housing can be obtained free of charge from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233, or any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office.

Population Change for Counties: 1960 to 1970



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Analytical Text

POPULATION TRENDS

General

Between 1960 and 1970 the total population of Delaware grew by more than 100,000, from 446,000 to 548,000, an increase of 23 percent over the population living in the State in 1960 (table A). Most of the increase (77 percent) was recorded in the State's only standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), Wilmington.

The total number of households in the State in 1970 was 165,000, or 36,000 more than in 1960. The population living in households increased less rapidly than the rate at which households increased with the result that average household size decreased slightly from 3.4 to 3.2 persons.

The effect of the changes on population distribution by metropolitan-nonmetropolitan residence was very small. The proportion in the metropolitan area increased by only one and one-half percentage points during the decade. In 1970, just over 70 percent of the population of Delaware was metropolitan, about the same as the national average (69 percent).

The State's growth was produced by a natural increase of 64,000 and a net inmigration of 38,000 persons. Both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan populations increased substantially over the decade, but only in the metropolitan area was net inmigration of significance. While the metropolitan area gained 36,000 inmigrants (equivalent to 12 percent of its 1960 population), the nonmetropolitan areas of Delaware had a net inmigration of only 2,000 (equivalent to less than 2 percent of its 1960 population).

The State as a whole experienced significant changes in age composition (see table 4). The population under 5 years of age declined by more than 12 percent, while all other age groups increased. Least growth was shown by the 25 to 44 year old population (7 percent) and the greatest growth by 15 to 24 year olds (66 percent).

Similar changes are found in other sections of the country and are due in part to changing birth rates and in part to migration, which is highly selective by age.

Table A. Population by Race and Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State Metropolitan and Non-	Populat	ion	Chan	ıge	Pero Distril	cent bution
metropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960
Total	548,104	446,292	101,812	22.8	100.0	100.0
Metropolitan residence	385,856	307,446	78,410	25.5	70.4	68.9
Inside central cities	80,386	95,827	-15,441	-16.1	14.7	21.5
Outside central cities.	305,470	211,619	93,851	44.3	55,7	47,4
Nonmetropolitan residence	162,248	138,846	23,402		29.6	31.1
White	466,459	384,327	82,132	21.4	85.1	86.1
Metropolitan residence	335,246	271,025	64,221	23.7	61.2	60.7
Inside central cities	44,901	70,752	-25,851	_	8.2	15.9
Outside central cities.	290,345	200,273	1		53.0	44.9
Nonmetropolitan residence	131,213	113,302		15.8	23.9	25.4
Negro and other races	81,645	61,965	19,680	31.8	14.9	13.9
Metropolitan residence	50,610	36,421	14,189	39.0	9.2	8.2
Inside central cities	35,485	25,075	10,410		6.5	5.6
Outside central cities.	15,125	11,346			2.8	2.5
Nonmetropolitan residence	31,035	25,544	{		5.7	5.7

Low birth rates during the 1960's contribute to the diminution of the age group under 5 years, whereas the post-World War II "baby boom" is currently reflected in the large size of the population 15-24 years old.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

The Wilmington SMSA comprises three counties: New Castie in Delaware; Salem in New Jersey; and Cecil in Maryland. Their 1970 populations were 386,000, 60,000 and 53,000, respectively. The total SMSA population in 1970 was 499,000, compared to 415,000 in 1960. This was a gain of 85,000 or 20 percent over the 10-year period. The gain resulted from a natural increase of 57,000 combined with a net inmigration of 28,000.

The Wilmington SMSA's growth is related closely to the vast chemical plants that operate in the area. The SMSA also carries on transportation equipment manufacturing and services a large market area.

Within the SMSA, there were differing population trends by residence and by race. Inside the central city of Wilmington population declined over the decade, from 96,000 to 80,000, or by 16 percent. This decrease was produced by a loss of 26,000 white population and a gain of over 10,000 persons of other races (mostly Negro). The white population loss was produced by a substantial net outmigration of 26,000 persons, equivalent to 37 percent of the total white population of Wilmington city in 1960. The natural increase of the white population at the same time was minimal, amounting to only 500 for the decade. The growth of Wilmington city's population of other races was due in almost equal part to natural increase (5,500) and net inmigration (5,000). As a result of these changes, the black population increased from 26 to 44 percent of Wilmington city's total population.

In the suburban areas outside the central city, blacks increased by 21 percent mainly as a result of natural increase. By contrast, the white population in these areas, which increased by 36 percent, grew more through net inmigration (52,000) than through natural increase (39,000).

The Wilmington SMSA as a whole had age trends much like those for the State: a decline in the population under 5, a small increase in the 25 to 44 year old population, and a substantial increase in the population 15 to 24 years of age. Inside the central city, the white population registered significant declines in every age group, but the Negro population in each age group increased.

Counties

Between 1960 and 1970, the three Delaware counties recorded population increases. The metropolitan county, New Castle, had an increase of 26 percent, with population increasing from 307,000 to 386,000; Kent County, just south of New Castle, had a comparable increase of 25 percent with population increasing from 66,000 to 82,000; and Sussex had a slower growing population with a 10 percent gain and a population increase from 73,000 to 80,000. Each county had more births than deaths during the decade. In only one county, Sussex, was there net outmigration (see table 3).

HOUSING TRENDS

General

During the decade the population in Delaware grew by 102,000, or 23 percent, while the total supply of housing units increased by 36,500, or 25 percent (table B).

Table B. Housing Units by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State		Housing units							
Metropolitan and	Tota	1	Chan	Popula- tion percent					
Nonmetropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	change				
Total	180,233	143,725	36,508	25.4	22,8				
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	120,704 29,971 90,733 59,529	94,688 33,190 61,498 49,037	26,016 -3,219 29,235 10,492	27.5 -9.7 47.5 21.4	25.5 -16.1 44.3 16.9				

The metropolitan area of the State (the Delaware portion of the Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md. SMSA) experienced greater relative growth in housing, as in population, than did the nonmetropolitan part. The number of housing units in the metropolitan area rose from 94,700 to 120,700 over the decade, an increase of 26,000 units, or 27 percent; this compares with an increase of 10,500 units, or 21 percent, in nonmetropolitan areas. The metropolitan area contained 67 percent of the housing in Delaware and additions to the housing supply in this area accounted for 71 percent of the State's total housing increase between 1960 and 1970.

About 76 percent of the housing in Delaware consisted of one-unit structures in 1970. The corresponding proportions in the Delaware part of the Wilmington metropolitan area and in the nonmetropolitan areas were 75 percent and 78 percent, respectively.

The median number of rooms in housing units in Delaware was 5.7 in 1970. In the metropolitan area the median number of rooms was 5.9, compared with 5.4 in nonmetropolitan areas. While 59 percent of the metropolitan housing units in Delawere had six or more rooms, 48 percent of the nonmetropolitan housing units were in this category.

Households were smaller in 1970 than in 1960. In the Delaware part of the Wilmington SMSA average household size declined from 3.4 persons in 1960 to 3.2 in 1970, and in nonmetropolitan areas, from 3.3 persons in 1960 to 3.2 in 1970. There were large percentage increases in one-person households, 87 percent in the metropolitan area, and 64 percent in nonmetropolitan areas. Households with two or more persons in the

Wilmington SMSA showed moderate increases in both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In 1970, the proportion of housing units in Delaware lacking some or all plumbing facilities was 5 percent. For the metropolitan area, the proportion of units without complete plumbing facilities was 2 percent, compared with 13 percent for nonmetropolitan areas.

Approximately 600, or 4 percent, of the Negro-occupied units inside the State's metropolitan area lacked some or all plumbing facilities in 1970, compared with 3,100, or 42 percent, of Negro housing outside the metropolitan area.

Number of persons per room is often used as a measure of crowding. In Delaware, both the number and proportion of housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room decreased during the decade. In 1960, 7 percent of all occupied housing units in the Delaware part of the Wilmington SMSA and 10 percent in nonmetropolitan areas had more than one person per room. By 1970, the proportion of such units had decreased to 5 percent in the State's metropolitan area and 8 percent in the nonmetropolitan areas (table C).

Homeownership in the State increased from 67 percent in 1960 to 68 percent in 1970. In the metropolitan area there was a decrease from 69 to 68 percent, while in nonmetropolitan areas the proportion increased from 63 to 68 percent.

About half the Negro households in both the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas owned their homes in 1970. Of the 10,300 Negro-homeowner households in the State, 6,700 lived in the Delaware part of the Wilmington SMSA and 3,600 lived outside the metropolitan area,

Table C. Plumbing Facilities and Persons Per Room by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

	Percent of housing units							
The State Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence	Lacking some plumbing fac		With 1.01 or more persons per room 1					
	1970 ²	1960 ³	1970	1960				
Total	5.1	12,4	5.6	7.9				
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	1.7 1.5 1.8 12.6	5.3 6.7 4.5 26.1	4.8 6.6 4.2 7.7	6,9 7,9 6,4 10.0				

¹Percent of all occupied units.

²Percent of all year-round housing units.

³Percent of all housing units.

Property values and rents increased during the last decade. The median value of owner-occupied housing in the metropolitan area increased by 36 percent (\$13,200 in 1960 to \$18,000 in 1970), while in the nonmetropolitan areas value increased 53 percent (\$9,700 in 1960 to \$14,800 in 1970). In the metropolitan area, median contract rent in 1970 was 48 percent higher than in 1960, rising from \$66 to \$98. In nonmetropolitan areas, rent increased from \$49 to \$68, or 39 percent.

Value and rent are expressed in current dollars (the value at the time of the respective censuses). Thus, any comparison must take into account the general rise in the cost of living during the 10-year period, as well as changes in the characteristics of the housing inventory.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

The number of housing units in the Delaware suburbs of the Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md. SMSA increased by 48 percent during the decade, while housing in the central city (Wilmington) decreased 10 percent. By 1970, there were 90,700 housing units in the suburbs and 30,000 in the central city.

Average household size for the metropolitan area declined during the decade. In the central city, the average decreased from 3.1 persons to 2.9 and, in the suburbs, from 3.6 persons to 3.4.

The proportion of the housing inventory in one-unit structures declined in both Wilmington city and its suburbs in Delaware during the decade. In the central city, the proportion of such units declined from 72 percent in 1960 to 67 percent in 1970 and, in the suburban areas, from 87 to 78 percent.

The median number of rooms in the suburban housing units in the State increased from 5.8 in 1960 to 6.0 in 1970. In Wilmington central city the median number of rooms remained at 5.6 during the decade.

The number of units with seven or more rooms increased by 86 percent in the suburban areas; in the central city there were relatively large decreases in the smallest and largest units, i.e., those with one or two rooms and units with seven or more rooms.

In the central city the proportion of year-round housing units lacking some or all plumbing facilities declined during the decade from 7 to 2 percent. Such units in the suburban areas declined from 5 to 2 percent.

Of all occupied units in Wilmington city, 1,800 units, or 7 percent, reported more than one person per room in 1970, compared with 8 percent in 1960. In the suburban areas of the SMSA, such units declined during the decade from 6 to 4 percent.

Homeownership in the central city remained at 52 percent during the decade. In its Delaware suburbs, however, the homeownership rate declined from 78 percent in 1960 to 73 percent in 1970. About 45 percent of the Negro households in Wilmington city owned their homes in 1970, compared with 32 percent in 1960. In the suburban areas, the proportion of Negro homeowners increased from 61 percent in 1960 to 66 percent in 1970.

In the central city of Wilmington, the median value of owner-occupied housing rose 9 percent (\$10,400 in 1960 to \$11,300 in 1970), while in its suburbs in Delaware the median increased by 38 percent (\$14,200 in 1960 to \$19,600 in 1970). Median contract rent in the central city in 1970 was 23 percent higher than in 1960, rising from \$62 to \$76. Rent increased in the suburban areas from \$72 to \$114, or 58 percent.

The homeowner vacancy rate increased from 1.6 to 2.9 percent in the central city and decreased from 2.2 in 1960 to 0.6 in 1970 in its suburban areas in the State. The rental vacancy rate changed slightly in the central city, from 8.6 in 1960 to 8.0 in 1970 and decreased from 9.6 to 4.7 in the suburbs.

DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND SOURCES OF DATA FOLLOW THE TABLES.

For additional information on the Wilmington SMSA, see PHC(2)-22 for Maryland and PHC(2)-32 for New Jersey.

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race: 1970 and 1960

Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA's		inside central	cities	Outside centra	al cities
Areas	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960
POPULATION						
Total White Negro Other races	385,856	307,446	80,386	95,827	305,470	211,619
	335,246	271,025	44,901	70,752	290,345	200,273
	48,869	36,039	35,072	24,922	13,797	11,117
	1,741	382	413	153	1,328	229
Wilmington, DelN.JMd. SMSA 1. White	499,493	414,565	80,386	95,827	419,107	318,738
	436,405	366,178	44,901	70,752	391,504	295,426
	60,896	47,727	35,072	24,922	25,824	22,805
	2,192	660	413	153	1,779	507
Wilmington, DelN.JMd. SMSA (Delaware part)	385,856	307,446	80,386	95,827	305,470	211,619
	335,246	271,025	44,901	70,752	290,345	200,273
	48,869	36,039	35,072	24,922	13,797	11,117
	1,741	382	413	153	1,328	229
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION:				ĺ		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
	86.9	88.2	55.9	73.8	95.0	94,6
	12.7	11.7	43.6	26.0	4.5	5,3
	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.4	0,1
Wilmington, DelN.JMd. SMSA 1. White Negro Other races	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0
	87.4	88.3	55.9	73.8	93.4	92.7
	12.2	11.5	43.6	26.0	6.2	7.2
	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.2
Wilmington, DelN.JMd. SMSA (Delaware part) White	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	86.9	88.2	55.9	73.8	95.0	94.6
	12.7	11.7	43.6	26.0	4.5	5.3
	0.4	0.1	0.5	0,2	0.4	0.1

^{&#}x27;Entire SMSA, including portions in other States.

Table 2. Population of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Constituent Counties: 1970 and 1960

[For meaning of symbols, see text] Change Population Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas **Constituent Counties** Number Percent 1960 1970 TOTAL POPULATION 84,928 78,410 1,635 4,883 414,565 307,446 58,711 48,408 499,493 385,856 Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md. SMSA..... 25.5 2.8 60,346 53,291 10,1 NEGRO POPULATION 13,169 12,830 421 60,896 48,869 47,727 Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md. SMSA..... 35,6 36,039 8,812 2,876 9,233 2,794 -82

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960

[Detail by race shown where available; for meaning of symbols, see text]

	[Detail by face sho	.,,, .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	and the modernia	5 5, 0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
The State	Populatio	on l	Change)	Co	mponents of	change	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas							Net migr	
Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
THE STATE								
Total population	548,104 466,459 81,645	446,292 384,327 61,965	101,812 82,132 19,680	22.8 21.4 31.8	108,739 86,821 21,918	45,002 36,998 8,004	38,075 32,309 5,766	8.5 9.4 9.3
Metropolitan residence	305,470	307,446 95,827 211,619 138,846	78,410 -15,441 93,851 23,402	25.5 -16.1 44.3 16.9	72,517 22,003 50,514 36,222	30,023 16,044 13,979 14,979	35,916 -21,400 57,316 2,159	11.7 -22.1 27.1
Wilmington, DolN.JMd. SMSA1:								
Total populationInside central city	80,386	414,565 95,827 318,738	84,928 -15,441 100,369	20.5 -16.1 31.5	97,130 22,003 75,127	40,392 16,044 24,348	28,190 -21,400 49,590	6.4 -22.7 13.5
White ² Inside central city Outside central city	386,211 44,901	320,810 70,752 250,058	65,401 -25,851 91,252	20.4 -36.5 36.5	69,681 12,693 56,988	30,357 12,193 18,164	26,077 -26,351 52,428	8.1 -37.2 21.3
Negro and other races ² Inside central city Outside central city	. 35,485	45,347 25,075 20,272	14,644 10,410 4,234	32.3 41.5 20.9	15,115 9,310 5,805	5,900 3,851 2,049	5,429 4,951 478	12.0 19.7 2.4
Wilmington, DelMd. SMSA (Delaware part) Total population	. 385,856 . 80,386	307,446 95,827 211,619	78,410 -15,441 93,851	25.5 -16.1 44.3	72,517 22,003 50,514	30,023 16,044 13,979	35,916 -21,400 57,310	71.7 -22.3 27.1
White Inside central city Outside central city	. 44,901	271,025 70,752 200,273	64,221 -25,851 90,072	23.7 -36.5 45.0	60,009 12,693 47,316	25,155 12,193 12,962	29,367 -26,351 55,718	-37.5 27.5
Negro and other races	35,485	36,421 25,075 11,346	14,189 10,410 3,779	39.0 41.5 33.3	12,508 9,310 3,198	4,868 3,851 1,017	6,549 4,951 1,598	1時。7 19.7 18.1
COUNTIES								į
Kent Negro and other races New Castle Negro and other races Sussex	14,035 385,856 50,610	65,651 10,004 307,446 36,421 73,195	14,189	24.7 40.3 25.5 39.0 9.8	18,981 3,247 72,517 12,508 17,241	5,942 1,155 30,023 4,868 9,037	1,939 35,916 6,549 -1,043	11.7 18.0 -1.4
Negro and other races		15,540	1 .	9.4	5,924	1,980		-15.0

¹Entire SMSA, including portions in other States.

 $^{^2\}mbox{Race}$ detail for New Castle County, Del. and Salem County, N.J.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

ľ	Populatio		Change		Populati	on	Change	
The State Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		THE STA	TE		мв	TROPOLITAN F	RESIDENCE	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	548,104 48,472 116,910 95,117	446,292 55,407 88,161 57,203	101,812 -6,935 28,749 37,914	22.8 -12.5 32.6 66.3	385,856 33,934 82,164 66,468	307,446 37,759 60,978 37,159 89,183	78,410 -3,825 21,186 29,309 7,573	25.5 -10.1 34.7 78.9 8.5
25 to 44 years	135,972 107,800 43,833	126,776 83,000 85,745	9,196 24,800 8,088	7.3 29.9 22.6	96,756 77,564 28,970	58,958 23,409	18,606 5,561	31.6 23.8
WHITE POPULATION							44 001	23.7
All ages	466,459 39,223 96,067 80,360 117,237 94,811 38,761	384,327 46,159 74,679 48,707 110,526 72,270 31,986	82,132 -6,936 21,388 31,653 6,711 22,541 6,775	21.4 -15.0 28.6 65.0 6.1 31.2 21.2	335,246 28,281 69,366 57,680 84,806 69,237 25,876	271,025 32,495 53,159 32,525 79,338 52,250 21,258	64,221 -4,214 16,207 25,155 5,468 16,987 4,618	-13.0 30.5 77.3 6.9 32.5 21.7
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES						ľ		
All ages	81,645 9,249 20,843 14,757 18,735 12,989 5,072	61,965 9,248 13,482 8,496 16,250 10,730 3,759	19,680 1 7,361 6,261 2,485 2,259 1,313	31.8 54.6 73.7 15.3 21.1 34.9	50,610 5,653 12,798 8,788 11,950 8,327 3,094	36,421 5,264 7,819 4,634 9,845 6,708 2,151	14,189 389 4,979 4,154 2,105 1,619 943	31.5 7.4 63.7 89.6 21.4 24.1 43.8
		INSIDE CENT	PRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All nges. Under 5 years 5 to 14 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	6,479 15,225 12,432 15,891	95,827 9,135 15,644 12,408 23,041 23,738 11,861	-15,441 -2,656 -419 24 -7,150 -4,644 -596	-16.1 -29.1 -2.7 0.2 -31.0 -19.6 -5.0	305,470 27,455 66,939 54,036 80,865 58,470 17,705	211,619 28,624 45,334 24,751 66,142 35,220 11,548	93,851 -1,169 21,605 29,285 14,723 23,250 6,157	44.3 -4.1 47.7 118.3 22.3 66.0 53.3
WHITE POPULATION						1		
All ages Under 5 years 5 to 14 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2,456 5,803 6,416 7,811 13,303	70,752 5,342 10,459 9,288 16,265 18,989 10,409	~25,851 -2,886 -4,656 -2,872 -8,454 -5,686 -1,297	-36.5 -54.0 -44.5 -30.9 -52.0 -29.9 -12.5	290,345 25,825 63,563 51,264 76,995 55,934 16,764	200, 273 27,153 42,700 23,237 63,073 33,261 10,849	90,072 -1,328 20,863 28,027 13,922 22,673 5,915	45.0 -4.9 48.9 120.6 22.1 68.2 54.5
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES		!						
All ages Under 5 years 5 to 14 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	4,023 9,422 6,016 8,080 5,791	25,075 3,793 5,185 3,120 6,776 4,749 1,452	1,042	41.5 6.1 81.7 92.8 19.2 21.9 48.3	15,125 1,630 3,376 2,772 3,870 2,536 941	11,346 1,471 2,634 1,514 3,069 1,959 699	3,779 159 742 1,258 801 577 242	33.3 10.8 28.2 83.1 26.1 29.5 34.6

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

74-01-1-	Populat	ion	Change		Populati	on	Change	
The State Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Change	Dayson
Statistical Areas			N RESIDENCE	1 0,000			Number	Percent
,	NOM	T THOTOMESIA	R RESIDENCE		WIIMIN	idion, nea	-N.JMD. SMSA ¹	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	162,248 14,538 34,746 28,649 39,216 30,236 14,863	138,846 17,648 27,183 20,044 37,593 24,042 12,336	23,402 -3,110 7,563 8,605 1,623 6,194 2,527	16.9 -17.6 27.8 42.9 57.5 25.8 20.5	499,493 44,121 105,756 86,796 123,419 100,871 38,530	414,565 50,397 82,103 53,976 118,004 78,302 31,783	84,928 -6,276 23,653 32,820 5,415 22,569 6,747	20.5 -12.5 28.8 60.8 4.6 28.8 21.2
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	131, 213 10, 942 26, 701 22, 680 32, 431 25, 574 12, 885	113,302 13,664 21,520 16,182 31,188 20,020 10,728	17,911 -2,722 5,181 6,498 1,243 5,554 2,157	15.8 -19.9 24.1 40.2 4.0 27.7 20.1	436,405 37,236 89,811 75,787 108,873 90,194 34,504	366,178 43,410 71,753 47,583 105,013 69,556 28,863	70,227 -6,174 18,058 28,204 3,860 20,638 5,641	19.2 -14.2 25.2 59.3 3.7 29.7 19.5
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All agos. Under 5 years 5 to 14 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	31,035 3,596 8,045 5,969 6,785 4,662 1,978	25,544 3,984 5,663 3,862 6,405 4,022 1,608	5,491 -388 2,382 2,107 380 640 370	21.5 -9.7 42.1 54.6 5.9 15.9 23.0	63,088 6,885 15,945 11,009 14,546 10,677 4,026	48,387 6,987 10,350 6,393 12,991 8,746 2,920	14,701 -102 5,595 4,616 1,555 1,931	30,4 -1,5 54,1 72,2 12,0 22,1 37,9
		INSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CE	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	80,386 6,479 15,225 12,432 15,891 19,094 11,265	95,827 9,135 15,644 12,408 23,041 23,738 11,861	-15,441 -2,656 -419 24 -7,150 -4,644 -596	-16.1 -29.1 -2.7 0.2 -31.0 -19.6 -5.0	419,107 37,642 90,531 74,364 107,528 81,777 27,265	318,738 41,262 66,459 41,568 94,963 54,564 19,922	100,369 -3,620 24,072 32,796 12,565 27,213 7,343	31.5 -8.8 36.2 78.9 13.2 49.9 36.9
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	44,901 2,456 5,803 6,416 7,811 13,303 9,112	70,752 5,342 10,459 9,288 16,265 18,989 10,409	-25,861 -2,886 -4,656 -2,872 -8,454 -5,686 -1,297	-36.5 -54.0 -35.0 -30.9 -52.0 -29.9 -12.5	391,504 34,780 84,008 69,371 101,062 76,891 25,392	295,426 38,068 61,294 38,295 88,748 50,567 18,454	96,078 -3,288 22,714 31,076 12,314 26,324 6,938	32.5 -8.6 37.1 81.1 13.9 52.1 37.6
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	35,485 4,023 9,422 6,016 8,080 5,791 2,153	25,075 3,793 5,185 3,120 6,776 4,749 1,452	10,410 230 4,237 2,896 1,304 1,042 701	41.5 6.1 81.7 92.8 19.2 21.9 48.3	27,603 2,862 6,523 4,993 6,466 4,886 1,873	23,312 3,194 5,165 3,273 6,215 3,997 1,468	4,291 -332 1,358 1,720 251 889 405	18.4 -10.4 26.3 52.6 4.0 22.2 27.6

¹Entire SMSA, including portions in other States.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Population 970 1960	Chang	·	Populatio		Change	
Statistical Areas	374 1300	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
	WILMINGTON, DEL	N.JMD. SMS				ENTRAL CITY	
	(DELAWAI	RE PART)					
TOTAL POPULATION							
All ages 385,	856 307,446	78,410	25.5	80,386	95,827	-15,441	-16.1
Under 5 years 33,	934 37,759	-3,825	-10.1	6,479	9,135	-2,656	-29.1
5 to 14 years	164 60,978	21,186	34.7	15,225	15,644	-419 24	-2.7 0.2
15 to 24 years		29,309 7,573	78.9 8.5	12,432 15,891	12,408 23,041	-7,150	-31.0
45 to 64 years		18,606	31.6	19,094	23,738	-4,644	-19.6
65 years and over 28,		5,561	23.8	11,265	11,861	-596	-5.0
WHITE POPULATION							
All ages	246 271,025	64,221	23.7	44,901	70,752	-25,851	-36.5
Under 5 years		-4,214	-13.0	2,456	5,342	-2,886	-54.0
5 to 14 years	366 53,159	16,207	30.5	5,803	10,459	-4,656	-35.0
	680 32,525	25,155	77.3	6,416	9,288	-2,872	-30.9
25 to 44 years		5,468	6.9	7,811	16,265	-8,454 = 696	-52.0 -29.9
45 to 64 years		16,987	32.5	13,303	18,989	-5,686 -1,297	-12.5
65 years and over	876 21,258	4,618	21.7	9,112	10,405	-1,201	
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES							
	610 36,421	14,189	39.0	35,485	25,075	10,410	41.5
	653 5,264	389	7.4	4,023	3,793	230	6.1
	798 7,819	4,979	63.7	9,422	5,185	4,237 2,896	81.7 92.8
	788 4,634	4,154	89.6	6,016 8,080	3,120 6,776	1,304	19.2
	950 9,845	2,105 1,619	21.4	5,791	4,749	1,042	21.9
a- ' '	327 6,708 094 2,151	943	43.8	2,153	1,452	701	48.3
	Popu	lation			Chai	nge	
	1970		1960		Number		Percent
			OUTSIDE CE	TRAL CITY			
TOTAL POPULATION							
All ages	305,470		211,619		93,851		44.3
Under 5 years	27,455		28,624		-1,169		-4.1
5 to 14 years	66,939		45,334		21,605		47.7
15 to 24 years	54,036		24,751		29,285		118.3 22.3
25 to 44 years	80,865		66,142		14,723		66.0
45 to 64 years	58,470 17,705		35,220 11,548		23,250 6,157		53.3
	17,703		11,010		-,		
WHITE POPULATION							
All ages	290,345		200,273		90,072		45.0
Under 5 years	25,825		27, 153		-1,328		-4.9
5 to 14 years	63,563		42,700		20,863		48.9
15 to 24 years	51,264		23,237		28,027		120.6
23 to 44 years	76,995		63,073		13,922		22.1 68.2
45 to 64 years	55,934 16,764		33,261 10,849		22,673 5,915		54.5
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES							
All ages	سمد بور		11 240		3 770		33.3
Under 5 years	15,125		11,346 1,471		3,779 159		10.8
5 to 14 years	1,630		2,634		742		28.2
15 to 24 years	3,376 2,772		1,514		1,258		83.1
25 to 44 years	3,870		3,069		801		26.1
45 to 64 years	2,536		1,959		577		29,5
65 years and over	941		699		242		34.6

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960

	The State			Metropolita	n residence		Nonmetropolit	an residence		
The State Standard Metropolitan			Chang	ge		***************************************	Per-			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number I	Percent	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	change
All housing units	180,233	143,725	36,508	25.4	120,704	94,688	27.5	59,529	49,037	21.4
Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	5,490	6,054	-564	-9.3	38 120,666	295	-87.1 27.8	5,452 54,077	5,759 43,278	-5.3 25.0
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	174,743	137,671	37,072	26.9	120,000	94,393	27.0	04,411	10,210	
POPULATION	531,549	434,719	96,830	22,3	375,751	301,562	24.6	155,798	133,157	17.0
Population in housing units Per occupied unit	3.2	3.4	-0.2	-5.9	3,2	3.4	-5.9	3.2	3.3	-3,0
Owner	3.4	3.5	-0.1	-2.9	3.6	3.6	-13.3	(NA) (NA)	3,2 3,5	
Renter	2.8	3.2	-0.4	-12.5	2,6	3.0	-10.5	(mr)		
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	104 904	128,582	36,222	28.2	115,774	88,406	31.0	49,030	40,176	22,0
All occupied units	164,804 112,120	85,971	26,149	30.4	78,875	60,797	29,7	33,245	25,174	32.1
Percent owner	68,0	66.9	• • • • •		68,1	8,88	20.0	67,8 15,785	62,7 15,002	s, 2
Renter	52,684	42,611 15,645	10,073	23.6	36,899 13,328	27,609 9,349	33,6	7,242	6,296	15.0
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	20,570 10,266	6,157	4,109	66.7	6,715	3,683	82.3	3,551	2,474	43.5
Percent owner	49.9	39.4			50.4	39.4	10.7	49.0	39,3 3,822	3.4
Renter	10,304	9,488 9,089	816 850	8.6 9.4	6,613 4,892	5,666 5,987	16,7 -18,3	3,691 5,047	3,102	62.7
Vacant year-round units	9,939 1,373	1,648	-275	-16.7	814	1,280	-36.4	559	368	51.9
Homeowner vacancy rate	1,2	1.9	1		1,0	2.1	,	1,7	1.4 1,197	17.1
For rent	3,725	3,943	-218	-5.5	2,320 5,9	2,746 9.0		1,405 8.2	7.4	* 1
Rental vacancy rate	6.6	8,5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***	0.0	• • • • • •				l
ROOMS 1 and 2 rooms	4,334	6,821	\		2,967	3,336	-11.1	1,367	3,485	
3 rooms	13,263	12,221	:::	:::	9,967	8,150	22.3	3,296	4,071	
4 rooms	26,829	20,452		• • • •	15,924	11,359		10,905 12,805	9,093 10,334	
5 rooms	33,481 42,523	28,521 37,603			20,676 30,117	18,187 27,531		12,406	10,072	
7 rooms or more	54,313	38,085			41,015	26,103		13,298	11,982	• • •
Median	5,7	5.6			5,9	5.7	3,5	5.4	5,3	1 4 4
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	1					mm 151	. 17 1	41,956	44,170	
1 unit	132,553	121,348 18,782		• • •	90,597 27,838	77,178 16,188		6,633	2,594	
2 units or more	34,471 7,719	3,569		•••	2,231	1,290		5,488	2,273	,
PLUMBING FACILITIES	· ·	•								
With all plumbing facilities	165,887	125,88			118,606	89,66	•	47,281	36,223 (NA)	
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA		• • •	5,282 12,734	(NA (NA		2,607 4,166	(NA)	***
Negro occupied	16,900 2,419	(NA) (NA)		• • • •	1,620	(NA		799	(NA)	• • •
Lacking some or all plumbing	8,856	17,81	6	• • •	2,060	5,00		6,796 3,076	12,814 (NA)	
Negro occupied	3,670	(NV)	***	594	(NA)	3,010	(1111)	
PERSONS					157 503	0.96	6 87.1	7,698	4,681	64.5
1 person		14,04 34,10			17,521 31,668	9,36 22,73			11,375	26.9
3 and 4 persons		50,73			40,892	35,24	6 16.0	16,733	15,489	. A.3
5 persons or more	35,857	29,69	9 6,158	20.7	25,693	21,06			8,630 3.0	
Median	. 2.9	3.	1 -0.2	-6.5	2.9	3.	2 -9.4	1		
PERSONS PER ROOM	155 597	110 46	0 37,067	31,3	110,264	82,30	2 34.0	45,263	36,15	25.2
1.00 or less		118,46 10,12				6,10		1	4,018	* *6.2
VALUE]	,	1					,		
Specified owner occupied	. 96,180	73,92				56,00			17,86. 9,20	
Less than \$10,000		22,44				13,23 22,13			4,83	2 1.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999		26,96 13,1				11,0		2 4,599	2,08	3 120.†
\$20,000 to \$24,999		4,98	9,80	1 196.8	11,619	4,1			88 56	
\$25,000 to \$34,999		3,50				3,0 2,5			29	6 383.
\$35,000 or more		2,8: \$12,4:				\$13,2		1 - 1 - 1 - 1	\$9,70	0 52.
CONTRACT RENT	1 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	T) *	",""		' '					. •
Specified renter occupied		41,1	62 8,74			27,2			13,91	
Less than \$40	. 3,252	7,6	63 -4,41	1 -57.6		2,8			4,76 2,91	
\$40 to \$59\$60 to \$79						6,7 9,7			2,34	0 59-
\$80 to \$99	8,705				7,114	4,3		2 1,591	1,39	
\$100 to \$119	6,153	2 4			4,815	1.8		0 1,338		u 7,540 -
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199		, '			6,630		46 1 000	410		7 1,000
\$200 or more	1,280	of "	73 5,18	1 1,000+	1,243	ſ	46 1,000	37,	ſ	
No cash rent	3,385	3,2	13		3 1,150	1,8	70 -16. 66 48.		1,87	
Median	\$91		62 \$2	9 46,	8 \$98	11	66 48.	900		

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

Ī	Wilmington, De					entral city		Outside	central city	
The State	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		Cha				Per-			Per
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas		}-		-			cent	1070	1000	cent
Ordistical Aleas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change
137.1	156,723	128,626	28,097	21.8	29,971	33,190	-9.7	126,752	95,436	32,8
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	1,636	2,637	-1,001	-38.0	6	40	-85.0	1,630	2,597	-37.2 34.8
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	155,087	125,989	29,098	23.1	29,965	33,150	-9.6	125,122	92,839	34.6
POPULATION	484,626	403,151	81,475	20.2	78,999	95,292	-17.1	405,627	307,859	31.8
Population in housing units Per occupied unit	3,3	3.4	-0.1	-2.9	2.9	3.1 3.3	-6.5 -3.0	E.E (AM)	3.5 (NA)	-5.7
Owner	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)		:::	3,2 2,5	2,9	-13.8	(NA)	(NA)	- ::: }
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	(1111)	(,		1						[
All occupied units	148,697	117,500	31,197	26.6	27,565	30,678	-10.1	121,132 87,258	86,822 63,644	39.5
Owner Percent owner	101,572 68,3	79,598 67.7	21,974	27.6	14,314 51.9	15,954 52,0	-10.3	72.0	73.3	
Renter	47,125	37,902	9,223	24,3	13,251	14,724	-10.0	33,874 6,576	23,178 5,427	46.1 21.2
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960).	16,411 8,360	12,305 5,053	4,106 3,307	33.4 65.4	9,835 4,409	6,878 2,176	102.6	3,951	2,877	37.3
Percent owner	50.9	41.1			44.8	31.6	15 4	60.1 2,625	53.0 2,550	2.9
Renter Vacant year-round units	8,051 6,390	7,252 8,489	799 -2,099	11.0 -24.7	5,426 2,400	4,702 2,472	15.4 -2.9	3,990	6,017	-33.7
For sale only	974	1,591	-617	-38,8	425	260	63.5	549 0,6	1,331 2,0	-58.8
Homeowner vacancy rate For rent	0.9 2,785	2,0 3,620	-835	-23.1	2.9 1,146	1.6 1,380	_17.0	1,639	2,240	-26.8
Rental vacancy rate	5.6	8.7			8.0	8.6	• • • • }	4,6	8,8	••••}
ROOMS		4 000	1 100	-23.3	1,623	2,349	-30.9	2,082	2,481	-16.1
1 and 2 rooms	3,705 12,177	4,830 10,922	-1,125 1,255	11.5	3,958	3,958	-	8,219	6,964	18.0
4 rooms	21,720	17,887	3,833	21.4	4,377 4,135	4,453 4,439	-1.7 -6.8	17,343 25,083	13,434 21,655	29.1 15.8
5 rooms 6 rooms	29,218 38,484	26,094 34,614	3,124 3,870	12.0 11.2	9,745	10,582	-7.9	28,739	24,032	19,6
7 rooms or more	49,783	34,257	15,526	45.3	6,127 5.6	7,390 5,6	-17.1	43,656 5.8	26,867 5.6	62,5 3,6
Median	5,8	5.6	0.2	3.6	0.0	a, o	ļ			}
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 unit	118,133	106,550	11,583	10.9	20,056	23,889	-16.0	98,077	82,661	18.6
2 units or more	33,419	19,620	13,799	70,3 45,5	9,839	9,278	6.0 775.0	23,580 3,465	10,342 2,422	128.0 43.1
Mobile home or trailer PLUMBING FACILITIES	3,535	2,430	1,105	45.5	10		,,	í	,	,
With all plumbing facilities	150,455	116,316	34,139	29.4	29,514	30,946	-4.6	120,941	85,370	41.7
1.01 or more persons per room	7,297	(NA)		• • • •	1,795 9,693	(NA) (NA)	• • • •	5,502 5,384	(AM) (AM)	:::
Negro occupied		(NA) (NA)			1,187	(NA)		808	(NA) 10,058	-58.4
Lacking some or all plumbing	4,632 1,334	12,287 (NA)	-7,655	-62.3	451 142	2,229 (NA)	-79.8	4,181 1,192	(AM)	
Negro occupied PERSONS	1,554	(MEL)	'''			,				
1 person	22,043	12,317	9,726	79.0	7,422	5,518	- 34,5 -9,7	14,621 32,745	6,799 21,255	115.0 54,1
2 persons		30,252 46,406	10,614 6,114	35,1 13,2	8,121 7,118	8,997 10,131		45,402	36,275	25,2
5 persons or more	33,268	28,525	4,743	16.6	4,904	6,032		28,364 3.1	22,493 3,3	26,1 -6,1
Median	2.9	3,2	-0.3	-9.4	2.3	2.0		0.1		
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	140,725	108,361	32,364	29,9	25,743	28,269	-8.9	114,982	80,092	43,6
1.01 or more	7,972	9,139	-1,167	-12.8	1,822	2,409	-24.4	6,150	6,730	-8.6
VALUE	20.001	50 005	20 556	29.2	12,973	14,640	-11.4	77,948	55,725	39.9
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000,		70,365 20,488	20,556	-33.0	5,108	6,819	-25,1	8,624	13,669	-36,9
\$10,000 to \$14,999	23,296	26,658	-3,362	-12.6	5,410 1,404	5,256 1,519		17,886 18,553	21,402 11,046	-16,4 68,0
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	13,654	12,565 4,625	7,392 9,029	58.8 195.2	348	372	-6. 5	13,306	4,253	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	11,593	3,361	8,232	244.9 225.7	306 397	270 404		11,287 8,292	3,091 2,264	
\$35,000 or more		2,668 \$12,400	6,021 \$4,700	37.9	\$11,300	\$10,400		\$18,400	\$13,100	40,5
CONTRACT RENT				25.	10.0=4	34 004	-11,2	31,955	22,195	44.0
Specified renter occupied Less than \$40		36,919 5,743	8,110	22.0 -67.3	13,074 559	14,724 1,672		1,319	4,071	-67.6
\$40 to \$59	5.185	10,024	-4,839	-48.3	2,429	4,733	-48.7	2,756 4,726	5,291 6,104	
\$60 to \$79. \$80 to \$99.	9.094	11,824 4,825	-2,730 3,761		4,368 2,645	5,720 1,506		5,941	3,319	
\$100 to \$119,	5,609	1,991			870		193.6	4,739	1,430	675.0
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	7,120 3,893	•			777) 506			3,387	1/1	1,000+
\$200 or more	1,251	259	4,885		604	118		647	1,839	
No cash rent	2,413	2,253 \$63			316 \$76	41 4 \$62			\$63	
megrau'	. \$92	აგ63	1 259	40,0	Ψ.υ	4.01				

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

The State Wilmington, DelN.JMd. SMSA (Delaware part) Wilmington central city		I Outside	control city		
		Outside central city			
		 			
Standard Metropolitan Change	Per• '	[Per	
Statistical Areas 1970 1960 Number Percent 1970 1960	change	1970	1960	cent change	
200		10,0	1000	change	
700 704 04 000 05 07 5 00 071 07 100	0.7	00 722	C1 400		
All housing units	-9.7 -85.0	90,733 32	61,498 255	47,5 -87,5	
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS 120,666 94,393 26,273 27.8 29,965 33,150	-9.6	90,701	61,243	48,1	
POPULATION		1 '	,	1	
	-17.1	296,752	206,270	43.9	
Per occupied unit	-6.5	3.4	3.6	-5,6	
Owner	-3.0	(NA)	(NA)		
Renter	-13,8	(NA)	(NA)		
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS				- 1	
	-10,1	88,209	57,728	52,8	
	-10,3	64,561	44,843	44,0	
Percent owner	-10.0	73,2 23,648	77.7 12,885	83.5	
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960) 13,328 9,349 3,979 42.6 9,835 6,878	43.0	3,493	2,471	41.4	
	102,6	2,306	1,507	53,0	
Percent owner	.:::	66,0	61.0		
Renter	15.4	1,187	964	23.1	
Vacant year-round units	-2.9 63.5	2,492 389	3,515 1,020	-29.1 -61.9	
Homeowner vacancy rate 1.0 2.1 2.9 1.6		0.6	2.2	,,,,	
For rent	-17.0	1,174	1,366	-14.1	
Rental vacancy rate 5.9 9.0 8.0 8.6		4.7	9,6		
ROOMS					
1 and 2 rooms	-30.9	1,344	987	36.2	
9 967 8,150 1,817 22.3 3,958 3,958	1 7	6,009	4,192	43.3 67.2	
4 rooms	-1.7 -6.8	11,547 16,541	6,906 13,748	20.3	
6 rooms	-7.9	20,372	16,949	20,2	
7 rooms or more	-17.1	34,888	18,713	86,4	
Median 5.9 5.7 0.2 3.5 5.6 5.6	-	6.0	5.8	3,4	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		1			
1 unit	-16,0	70,541	53,289	32,4	
2 units or more	6.0	17,999	6,910	160,5	
Mobile home or trailer	775.0	2,161	1,288	67.8	
PLUMBING FACILITIES			an 514	c1 4	
With all plumbing facilities 118,606 89,660 28,946 32.3 29,514 30,946 1.01 or more persons per room 5,282 (NA) 1,795 (NA)	-4.6	89,092 3,487	58,714 (NA)	51.7	
Negro occupied		3,041	(NA)		
1.01 or more persons per room 1,620 (NA) 1,187 (NA)		433	(NA)	***	
Lacking some or all plumbing 2,060 5,002 -2,942 -58.8 451 2,229	-79.8	1,600	2,773	-42,0	
Negro occupied	• • •	452	(NA)	***	
PERSONS			•		
1 person	34.5	10,099	3,848	162.4	
2 persons	-9.7 -29.7	23,547	13,733 25,115	71.5 34.5	
3 and 4 persons	-18.7	20,789	15,032	38.3	
Median	-11.5	3.1	3.4	-8.8	
PERSONS PER ROOM					
1.00 or less	-8.9	84,521	54,033	50.4	
1.01 or more	-24.4	3,688	3,695	-0.2	
VALUE					
Specified owner occupied 72,797 56,062 16,735 29.9 12,973 14,640	-11.4		41,422	44.4	
Less than \$10,000	-25.1	3,708	6,415 16,879	-42.2 -24.8	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	2,9 -7,6		9,530	52.4	
\$20,000 to \$24,999 11,619 4,101 7,518 183.3 348 372	-6.5		3,729	202,3	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 10,229 3,003 7,226 240.6 306 270	13.3		2,733	263.1	
\$35,000 or more	-1.7		2,136	260.4	
Median\$18,000 \$13,200 \$4,800 36.4 \$11,300 \$10,400	8.7	\$19,600	\$14,200	38,0	
CONTRACT RENT		00 505	10 600	81,3	
Specified renter occupied 35,800 27,244 8,556 31.4 13,074 14,724 Less than \$40	-11.2 -66.6		12,520 1,224		
Less than \$40	-48.7		2,034	-48.0	
\$50 to \$79 6,504 9,781 -3,277 -33.5 4,368 5,720	-23.6		4,061	-47.4	
\$80 to \$99 7,114 4,332 2,782 64.2 2,645 1,506	75.6	4,469	2,826	58.1	
\$100 to \$119	193.6	3,945	1,291	658.9	
\$150 to \$199		9,000	•		
\$200 or more	840.7	3,252 639	128	1,000	
No cash rent	-23,7	834	956	-12.8	
Median\$98 \$66 \$32 48.5 \$76 \$62	22.6		\$72	58.3	

Appendix

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

General

PERCENTS, MEDIANS, AND SYMBOLS

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are treated as zero. A dash "-" is the symbol used to signify zero. Three dots "..." indicate that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information, that the base for a median or rate is too small for it to be shown, or that the data were not comparable. A minus sign preceding a figure denotes decrease. The symbol "NA" means not available.

Medians are presented in the housing table of this report for several characteristics. Medians for rooms and persons are rounded to the nearest tenth, for value to the nearest hundred dollars, and for contract rent to the nearest dollar. The median is not shown if there are fewer than five housing units in the distribution. Similarly, population per housing unit is not shown if the base for this rate is less than five units.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1970 census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishing of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately clear. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons without a usual place of residence were, however, counted where they were enumerated.

As in every previous census, members of the Armed Forces living on military installations were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located. Similarly, members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Crews of U.S. Navy vessels were counted as residents of the home port to which the particular vessel was assigned; crews of vessels deployed to the overseas fleet were therefore not included in the population of any State or the District of

Columbia. Persons in Armed Forces families were counted where they were living on Census Day (e.g., the military installation, "offbase," or elsewhere, as the case might be).

Crews of U.S. merchant marine vessels were counted as part of the population of the U.S. port in which their vessel was berthed on Census Day; or if sailing in inland or coastal waters, either the port of departure or destination, depending on which the vessel was nearest on Census Day. Crews of all other U.S. merchant marine vessels are not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia.

College students, as in 1950 and 1960, were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where this institution was located; on the other hand, patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at their homes. On the night of April 6, 1970, a special enumeration was performed in missions, flophouses, detention centers, etc., and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the particular place.

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) are not included in the population of any of the States or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like, were counted at their usual residence.

Persons in larger hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1970, were requested to fill out a census form for allocation back to their homes if they indicated no one was there to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1970 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad.

In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else.

BOUNDARIES

The data shown for 1970 relate to the boundaries of the areas as existed on January 1, 1970. As nearly as

possible, 1960 data for the same areas have been adjusted to conform to the 1970 definitions. However, it was not feasible to compile 1960 information for small pieces of territory transferred from one jurisdiction to another as a result of county and city boundary changes. Where such discrepancies exist note is made in table footnotes. "Extended cities" constitute a special boundary problem discussed below.

COUNTIES

The primary divisions of the States are, in general, termed counties, but in Louisiana these divisions are known as parishes. There are no counties in Alaska. In this State, data are shown for statistical areas which are county equivalents designated as census divisions; they were developed for general statistical purposes through the cooperation of the State and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS In this report statistics are shown for standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) except in some tables for New England States where the metropolitan State economic area or nearest equivalent whole county is substituted for the SMSA.

The population living in SMSA's is designated as the metropolitan population. This population is subdivided as "inside central city or cities" and "outside central city or cities." The latter area is frequently referred to in the text of this report as "suburbs" or "suburban ring," The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the non-metropolitan population.

The Bureau of the Census recognizes approximately 250 standard metropolitan statistical areas in the 1970 census. This number includes the 231 SMSA's (including three in Puerto Rico which are not covered in this series) as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, *Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967*, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Also included are two SMSA's as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in January 1968: Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss. and Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J. In addition, a number of SMSA's are being defined on the basis of the results from the 1970 Census.

Except in New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In a few cities where portions of

counties outside the SMSA as defined in 1967 were annexed to the central city, the population living in those counties is not considered part of the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For the complete description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

STATE ECONOMIC AREAS

For the New England metropolitan areas represented in some of the tables of these reports, the SMSA has been replaced by the metropolitan State economic area (SEA) (see U.S. Census of Population, 1960, State Economic Areas, PC(3)1A.) Where a metropolitan SEA has not been defined, the nearest equivalent county has been used. State summaries by metropolitan and nonmetropolitan residence will, therefore, be found to vary according to whether the information contained in the tables was available for SMSA's directly or for counties only. Population tables 2,3, and 4 contain metropolitan SEA totals, while Housing table 5 shows SMSA totals. Under both systems, figures for central cities are the same.

ANNEXATIONS

A problem of definition exists with respect to some of the central cities shown in these reports. This problem arises as a consequence of annexations of territory made by cities during the 1960-70 decade. Most often, detailed population and housing characteristics from the 1960 census could not be reproduced for the annexed areas. 1960 data shown for central cities in the tables of this report thus relate to those cities as defined at the time of that census, and 1970 data refer to cities as they were defined for the 1970 census.

To clarify the impact of annexation on population change for central cities, a text table has been prepared. It shows 1970 population in current boundaries and within 1960 boundaries for central cities which annexed population. Population change within a consistently defined area, that is, excluding the effect of annexation, can then be obtained.

Since 1960, two cities have annexed the entire county in which they were located: Jacksonville, Fla. (whose boundaries in 1970 are coterminous with Duval County) and Nashville, Tenn. (whose boundaries are now coterminous with Davidson County). Indianapolis, Ind. annexed all parts of Marion County except for Beech Grove, Lawrence, Speedway, and Southport, whose combined 1960 population amounted to 31,600 out of a county total of 698,000. For these three cities (Jacksonville, Nashville, and Indianapolis), 1960 data are presented in terms of their 1970 bound-

aries. Data from the 1960 census for Duval and Davidson Counties were substituted for Jacksonville and Nashville cities as they were defined at the time of the 1960 census. Indianapolis was also considered to be coterminous with Marion County as the effect of including the four places listed above was not great enough to require a special adjustment.

EXTENDED CITIES

A number of cities contain territory essentially rural in character. The classification of all the inhabitants and housing of such cities as urban would include in the urban category persons and housing units in areas primarily rural in character. The Census Bureau therefore established certain rules to identify such cities-which are designated as "extended cities"-and to separate each into its urban and rural portions. As a concomitant of this approach, when an extended city is the central city of an SMSA, most of the 1970 census reports show only the urban portion as the central city. In the present report, however, the entire (or "legal") city is shown as the central city because the focus here is on comparisons with 1960, and this type of delineation was not made in 1960. The effect of annexation of these extended cities, which can be especially great, is shown in a text table, where appropriate.

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS

In view of the special importance of the metropolitan complexes around New York and Chicago, the Nation's two largest cities, several contiguous SMSA's and additional counties that do not appear to meet the formal integration criteria but do have strong interrelationships of other kinds have been combined into the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas, respectively. The former consists of Middlesex and Somerset Counties in New Jersey and the following SMSA's: New York, Newark, Jersey City, and Paterson-Clifton-Passaic. The latter consists of the following SMSA's: Chicago and Gary-Hammond-East Chicago.

Population

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1 of the census years 1960 and 1970.

Race.—The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau does not denote clear-cut scientific definitions of biological stock. Rather it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1960 and 1970 censuses obtained information on race principally through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves. For persons of mixed parentage who are in doubt as to their classification, the race of the person's father is used. Persons of Mexican or Puerto Rican birth

or ancestry who do not identify themselves as of a race other than white (e.g., American Indian, Negro, etc.) are classified as white. In the three-category grouping shown in this report, the "other" category consists of all races except white or Negro, i.e., American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Eskimo, etc.

1970 age-race data taken from the published PC(V2) Series of Advance Population Reports were available for two major population groups: "Total" and "Negro". In presenting comparable age-race statistics for SMSA's and their component parts in the present series of reports, however, race is classified as "white" and "Negro and other races." This is the classification employed in the 1960 census, except that "nonwhite" was the term used for "Negro and other races." It has been kept in two tables of this series (tables 3 and 4) either because of the difficulty or inadvisability of substituting "Negro" only for the broader "nonwhite" classification. As an example of one of the difficulties encountered in making this substitution, it was found that 1960 age detail by race could not be reproduced for the Negro population of counties or county substitutes, which are the building blocks of SMSA's. Unpublished 1970 age detail for "other races" was available, however, to construct a "Negro and other races" age distribution which could then be directly compared with the 1960 race classification.

A more detailed comparison of 1960 and 1970 age-race data can be made for certain of the largest cities. The 1960 age distribution of white, Negro, and other races appears in the 1960 Census volumes for all cities of 100,000 total population or more. For each such city which did not experience boundary changes between 1960 and 1970, a comparison of age detail for the three race groups can be made. A special text table has been prepared to show age distributions of "Negro" population and "Other races" where such information may be of particular interest, as for example in cities which had over 10,000 Negroes in 1960 and in cities which had approximately equal numbers of both race groupings in 1960.

Components of Change.—The components of population change shown in table 3—births, deaths, and net migration—are estimates. As such they are subject to certain limitations unlike the census counts contained in the tables of this report. The estimates are based on reported births and deaths by place of residence, 1960 through 1968, compiled and published by the Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics. Since no vital statistics were readily available for 1969 and the first 3 months of 1970, they were extrapolated using a factor of 1.25 times the average of years 1967-68. Births and deaths were then summed to totals for the decade. Births were corrected by color for underregistration, using factors derived from the

National Center's birth registration test of 1950. As a final step, both births and deaths were adjusted to be consistent with independent State estimates for the decade.

Vital statistics by race were not reported for counties where less than 10 percent of the total population were members of Negro and other races or which had populations of less than 10,000 belonging to these races. These counties are not included in the metropolitan-nonmetropolitan summaries for the State nor for the individual SMSA's when shown by race.

The estimate of net migration was derived as a residual by the following formula: Net Migration = Net Change — Births + Deaths. As a residual value, however, the net migration component reflects the net effect of any errors in the data used, such as differential undercount in the 1960 and 1970 censuses, boundary changes, improper allocation of births and deaths by place of residence, and many others.¹

At the county level very few significant boundary modifications are made. Many cities have annexed territory during the past decade, however, and the shifts resulting from annexation are thrown into the migration component. Special attention is given in the text to the effect of boundary changes on the net migration component for central cities.

Housing

Housing units and group quarters.—All living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inven-

¹ For a more detailed discussion of the types of errors which affect estimates of net migration derived in this manner, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23 No. 7, pages 13 and 14.

tory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters is not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—In 1970, data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units—all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use—because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for the remaining types of units, i.e., units reported as vacant at the time of the census and intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor.

In 1960, housing characteristics were provided for all units, including vacant seasonal and vacant migratory units.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household consists of all persons who occupy a housing unit.

Population and persons.—"Population in housing units" is the total population less those persons living in group quarters. "Population per occupied unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units; this is also computed separately for the population in owner and in renter occupied units. The caption "Persons" refers to the number of persons occupying the housing unit; the data show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Race.—The classification by race used in the housing table refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the housing unit. Figures on tenure for 1970 are given separately for all households and for Negro heads of households; for 1960, the tenure figures relate to all households and to household heads of "Negro and other races" (excluding white heads of households). In the 1960 census, the term "nonwhite" was used for Negro and other races. Data on change (1960 to 1970) are shown only when the population data by race indicate that the number of Negro households in 1960

constituted a sufficiently large proportion of household heads of Negro and other races to permit meaningful comparison.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classifed as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is entirely occupied by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere. New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "yearround." The latter are units which, although vacant at the time of enumeration, are usually occupied or are intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as a year-round unit. Units used only occasionally throughout the year are also considered year-round units.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "For sale only," and "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. All other year-round vacant units are included in the total and may be derived by subtracting the sum of the vacant units "for sale only" and "for rent" from the total. Other year-round vacant units include units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units held off the market for other reasons.

Homeowner vacancy rate.—The homeowner vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for sale as a percent of the total homeowner inventory, i.e., all owner-occupied units and year-round vacant units for sale. In 1960, the homeowner vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for sale, i.e., year-round vacant units for sale in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rental vacancy rate.—The rental vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for rent as a percent of the total rental inventory, i.e., all renteroccupied units and all year-round vacant units for rent. In 1960, the rental vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for rent, i.e., year-round vacant units for rent in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Units in structure.—Statistics on the number of housing units in a structure are presented in terms of one-family houses, number of units in multiunit structures, and mobile homes or trailers.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

For 1960, data on plumbing facilities were derived from information on number of bathrooms. Data for units with all plumbing facilities and with 1.01 or more persons per room are not available from the 1960 reports. Similarly, 1960 data on plumbing facilities are not available by race.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner occupied" means that in 1970 the value data are limited to owner occupied, one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

In 1960 in rural territory, units on farms and all units on places of 10 or more acres (whether farm or nonfarm) were excluded from the value tabulations. In 1970, all units on 10 or more acres are excluded, urban as well as rural; consequently the 1970 value tabulations include farm units of less than 10 acres and exclude units in urban areas on 10 or more acres.

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter occupied" means that in 1970 the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

The 1960 rent tabulations excluded farm units and vacant units on 10 or more acres in rural areas. In 1970, all one-family houses on 10 or more acres, whether occupied or vacant and whether urban or rural, are excluded from the rent tabulations.

SOURCES OF DATA

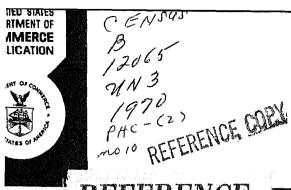
The basic 1970 population and housing data contained in the statistical tables of this series were obtained from

the Advance Reports on Population, PC(V1) and PC(V2), and Housing, HC(V1), issued by the Bureau of the Census for individual States. Certain data on characteristics from those reports are subject to change in the 1970 census PC(1)-B Final Reports on Population and HC(1)-A Final Reports on Housing being issued for States during the spring and summer of 1971.

The PHC(2) Series also contains parallel statistics for 1960, available from published Census sources. 1960 statistics referring to SMSA's have been adjusted to conform to 1970 area definitions. Population and housing characteristics of SMSA's formed during the decade have been reconstructed as of 1960 to complete the comparison with 1970 areas. The source of information regarding criteria for establishment of new SMSA's as well as intercensal adjustments in SMSA boundaries is the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Publications of the National Center for Health Statistics were used to develop components of population change. In some cases, supplementary vital statistics were obtained from State health departments.

Some unpublished data from the 1960 Census of Housing were utilized. For those SMSA's which underwent boundary changes from 1960 to 1970, it was necessary to develop a tabulated reprint of 1960 contract rent data on a county basis.



1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

REFERENCE

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

PHC(2)-10

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA



General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas, 1960 to 1970

(This series consists of 52 reports—number 1 for the United States and numbers 2 thru 52 for the States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order rather than order of publication.)

This publication is one of a series of 1970 census reports concerned mainly with population and housing trends in metropolitan areas from 1960 to 1970. The main body of the report consists of an analytical text, a statistical section containing four tables on population characteristics and one on housing characteristics, and an appendix presenting technical definitions and explanations. A map showing 1960-70 population change by county appears on page 2 and a detailed table of contents is on page 3.

The statistics presented here are drawn largely from the 1970 census Advance Reports PC(V2) and HC(V1) for this State. These two reports, which were published several months ago, provide population and housing statistics, respectively, for each standard metropolitan statistical area, place of 10,000 inhabitants or more, and county in the State. Additional data on the subjects covered here appear in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A Final Reports for this State.

An outline of the publication program for the 1970 Census of Population and Housing can be obtained free of charge from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233, or any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, and U.S. Department of Commerce Field Offices, 15 cents.

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2

Population Change: 1960 to 1970

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PHC(2)-10

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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Analytical Text

POPULATION TRENDS

The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area

Between 1960 and 1970, the population of the Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va. Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) grew from 2,064,000 to 2,861,000—an increase of 797,000 or 38.6 percent¹ (table A). As a result, the Washington SMSA, which ranked 10th in population in 1960, moved past the Boston, Pittsburgh, and St. Louis SMSA's to become the seventh most populous metropolitan area in the Nation. Only the New York and Los Angeles-Long Beach SMSA's had population increases in the 1960 to 1970 decade larger than that which occurred in the Washington SMSA. In contrast to the growth rate of nearly 39 percent in the Washington SMSA, the other nine largest metropolitan areas in the

Nation had rates of population change ranging from a small decrease in the Pittsburgh SMSA to an increase of 17 percent in the San Francisco-Oakland SMSA.

In 1970, the Washington SMSA was comprised of the city of Washington, D.C., the counties of Montgomery and Prince Georges in Maryland, the counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William in Virginia, and the independent cities of Alexandria, Fairfax, and Falls Church in Virginia,²

The population of Washington, D.C. declined from 764,000 to 757,000, or by 1 percent, between 1960 and 1970. At both dates Washington, D.C. was the ninth largest city in the Nation. Of the 10 largest cities in the United States in 1960, only three experienced population growth between 1960 and 1970.

Table A. Population by Race and Inside and Outside Central City: 1970 and 1960

The District Metropolitan Residence	Popula	ation	Char	ıge	Percent Distribution		
metropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	
Waghington D.G. W.							
Washington, D.CMd Va. SMSA, total	2,861,123	2,064,090	797,033	38.6	100.0	100. 0	
Inside central city	756,510	763,956	-7,446	-1.0	26.4	37.0	
Outside central city	2,104,613	1,300,134	804,479	61,9	73.6	63, O	
White	2,124,534	1,557,842	566,692	36.4	100.0	100, 0	
Inside central city	209,272	345,263	-135,991	-39.4	9.9	22.2	
Outside central city	1,915,262	1,212,579	702,683	57.9		77, 8	
Negro and other races.	736,589	506,248	230,341	45.5	100.0	100. 0	
Inside central city Outside central city	547,238 189,351	418,693 87,555	128,545 101,796	30.7 116.3		82. 7 17. 3	
					,		

¹In the remainder of this text, "the Washington SMSA" refers to the entire metropolitan area (the Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va. SMSA).

²In the remainder of this text, "the central city," "the Maryland suburbs," and "the Virginia suburbs" refer to the city of Washington, D.C., the Maryland portion of the SMSA, and the Virginia portion of the SMSA, respectively.

The total number of households in Washington, D.C. in 1970 was 263,000 or 10,000 more than in 1960. The population living in households declined slightly with the result that average household size dropped from 2.9 to 2.7 persons. In the entire Washington SMSA in 1970, there were 899,000 households and an average of 3.1 persons per household.

While the population of Washington, D.C. declined, the population in the balance of the Washington SMSA increased from 1,300,000 to 2,105,000, or by 62 percent, between 1960 and 1970. The Maryland suburbs grew from 698,000 to 1,183,000, or by 70 percent, and the Virginia suburbs grew from 602,000 to 921,000, or by 53 percent. Whereas 37 percent of the population of the Washington SMSA lived in the central city in 1960, the figure was down to 26 percent in 1970.

Between 1960 and 1970, the white population of the Washington SMSA increased from 1,558,000 to 2,125,000 or by 36 percent. The population of Negro and other races (over 95 percent of which is Negro) increased from 506,000 to 737,000, or by 45 percent, but despite this more rapid rate of growth, the proportion of Negro and other races in the total population increased only slightly from 25 to 26 percent. The population increase of 797,000 in the Washington SMSA between 1960 and 1970 was divided nearly equally between natural increase (births minus deaths) and net inmigration. The net inmigration of 417,000 was equivalent to 20 percent of the 1960 population.

During the 1960 to 1970 decade, the population of Negro and other races in Washington, D.C. grew from 419,000 to 547,000, or by 31 percent while the white population declined from 345,000 to 209,000, or by 39 percent. As a result the proportion of Negro and other races in the city's population increased from 55 percent to 72 percent. (In the other nine of the 10 largest cities in the United States in 1970, the proportion of Negro and other races in the total population ranged from 23 percent in New York City and Los Angeles to 47 percent in Baltimore.)

The population of Negro and other races in the Maryland and Virginia suburbs more than doubled from 88,000 in 1960 to 189,000 in 1970, but because the white population also increased rapidly from a much larger base—from 1,213,000 to 1,915,000 or by 58 percent—the proportion of Negro and other races in the suburban population increased only slightly from 7 to 9 percent. In 1970, 74 percent of Negro and other races in the Washington SMSA lived in the central city compared with 83 percent in 1960. In 1970, only 10 percent of

whites in the Washington SMSA lived in the central city compared with 22 percent in 1960.

While population growth in the Washington SMSA during the 1960 to 1970 decade was about equally divided between natural increase and net immigration, both among whites and among Negro and other races, patterns of population change by race and by source of change varied greatly between the central city and the remainder of the metropolitan area. In the central city the natural increase of 93,000 was more than offset by net outmigration which totaled 100,000 and which was equivalent to 13 percent of the 1960 population. Among whites the population decline of 136,000 was due to a natural increase of only 1,000 and a net outmigration of 137,000. Among Negro and other races, the population gain of 129,000 resulted from a natural increase of 91,000 and a net immigration of 37,000. In the Maryland and Virginia suburbs, net immigration of 517,000 accounted for nearly two-thirds of the population increase of 804,000 between 1960 and 1970.

Between 1960 and 1970, the population in each age group increased in the Washington SMSA. The rates of growth ranged from 4 percent in the under 5 group to 87 percent in the 15 to 24 group. The small increase in the under 5 group reflects the offsetting effects of the decline in birth rates which occurred throughout the United States during the 1960's and the sizable increase in the population in the childbearing ages in the Washington SMSA. The large increase in the 15 to 24 group reflects the combined effects of the entry of the large number of persons born during the post-World War II "baby boom" into this age group and the sizable net immigration of persons in this age group in 1970 into the Washington SMSA during the 1960's. As a result of these changes, the proportion of the total population in the under 5 group declined from 12 to 9 percent, and the proportion in the 15 to 24 group increased from 14 to 18 percent. In 1970, only 6 percent of the population was age 65 and over compared to 10 percent in the Nation as a whole.

In the central city, the population under 5 years old declined by 24 percent and the population in the 15 to 24 group increased by 33 percent. The proportion of the city's population in the 15 to 24 group increased from 14 to 19 percent. The population of Negro and other races is much younger than the white population. In 1970, 50 percent of Negro and other races and only 29 percent of whites were under age 25. Six percent of Negro and other races and 19 percent of whites were in the age group 65 and over.

HOUSING TRENDS

Between 1960 and 1970, population decreased by 7,400, or 1 percent, while the total supply of housing units in Washington, D.C. (central city of Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va, SMSA) increased by 15,800, or 6 percent. The SMSA, however, experienced growth in both housing and population. The number of housing units in the metropolitan area rose over the decade to 937,900, an increase of 298,900, or 47 percent. While the District of Columbia contained 30 percent of the housing in the SMSA, the additions to the housing supply in the city accounted for only 5 percent of the total housing increase in the SMSA between 1960 and 1970.

About 54 percent of the housing in the SMSA consisted of one-unit structures in 1970. The corresponding proportions for the District of Columbia and the suburbs were 37 percent and 61 percent, respectively. However, the number of units in multiunit structures increased at a much faster rate than one-unit structures during the decade. In the District of Columbia housing units in multiunit structures increased 12 percent and one-unit structures decreased 3 percent. In the suburbs corresponding figures were increases of 163 percent for multiunit structures and 46 percent for one-unit structures.

The size of housing units increased in the SMSA between 1960 and 1970. The median number of rooms was unchanged at 3.9 for the District of Columbia, but rose from 5.3 to 5.5 in the suburbs. In the District of Columbia, units with one, two, and five rooms showed large percentage increases, whereas, units with six or more rooms declined. In the suburbs the large increases occurred in units with one, two, and seven or more rooms.

Households were smaller in 1970 than in 1960. In the SMSA, the average number of persons in housing units decreased from 3.3 in 1960 to 3.1 in 1970. In the District of Columbia the decline was from 2.9 to 2.7 and in the suburbs from 3.5 to 3.2. During the same period the District of Columbia showed an increase of 24 percent in one-person households and a decline in households having two or more persons. In the suburbs, the number of one-person households more than tripled, two-person households doubled, and three-or-more-person households increased 55 percent.

In the District of Columbia, the number of units lacking some or all plumbing facilities declined from

20,300 to 6,400, or by 68 percent since 1960. In 1970, the proportion of such units in the city was 2 percent. The corresponding proportion in the suburbs was the same—2 percent.

Approximately 3,700, or 2 percent, of the Negro-occupied units in the District of Columbia lacked some or all plumbing facilities in 1970. In the suburbs, 3,400 units, or 8 percent, were in this category.

Number of persons per room is often used as a measure of crowding. In the suburbs, the proportion of housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room decreased from 8 percent in 1960 to 5 percent in 1970. In the District of Columbia the proportion remained unchanged, 12 percent.

Homeownership in the SMSA declined from 49 percent in 1960 to 46 percent in 1970. In the District of Columbia there was a decrease from 30 to 28 percent, while in the suburban areas the decline was from 63 to 53 percent.

About 31 percent of the Negro households in the SMSA owned their homes in 1970. Corresponding percentages for the District of Columbia and the suburbs were 27 percent and 46 percent, respectively.

The homeowner vacancy rate for the metropolitan area dropped from 1.9 percent in 1960 to 1.3 percent in 1970. The corresponding rate for the District of Columbia was 1.2 percent in both 1960 and 1970. In the suburbs, the homeowner vacancy rate declined from 2.2 to 1.4 percent. Rental vacancy rates for the SMSA remained unchanged at 4.4 percent. However, the rental vacancy rate for the District of Columbia increased from 3.8 to 5.3 percent and for the suburbs decreased from 5.2 to 3.8 percent.

Estimated value of housing in the city increased during the 10-year period from a median of \$15,400 in 1960 to \$21,300 in 1970, with large percentage increases in homes valued at \$20,000 or more. In the suburbs, the median value increased from \$17,600 to \$29,300, with large increases in homes valued at \$25,000 or more. Rents increased from \$82 to \$135, or 65 percent in the SMSA. In the District of Columbia rents increased 47 percent (\$75 to \$110), while in the suburbs the increase was 63 percent (\$91 to \$148), with large percentage increases in both areas in units renting at \$100 or more.

Value and rent are expressed in current dollars (the value at the time of the respective censuses). Thus, any comparison must take into account the general rise in the cost of living during the 10-year period as well as changes in the characteristics of the housing inventory.

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central City by Race: 1970 and 1960

Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA'	s	Inside centra	Inside central cities Outside central			
Area	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960	
POPULAT ION							
Washington, D.CMdVa.SMSA ¹ White	2,861,123 2,124,534 704,130 32,459	2,064,090 1,557,842 494,033 12,215	756,510 209,272 537,712 9,526	763,956 345,263 411,737 6,956	2,104,613 1,915,262 166,418 22,933	1,300,134 1,212,579 82,296 5,259	
Washington, D.CMdVa. SMSA (The District part) White Negro Other races PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	756,510 209,272 537,712 9,526	763,956 345,263 411,737 6,956	756,510 209,272 537,712 9,526	763,956 345,263 411,737 6,956	- - -	-	
Washington, D.CMdVa. SMSA ¹ White Negro Other races	100.0 74.3 24.6 1.1	100.0 75.5 23.9 0.6	100.0 27.7 71.1 1.3	100.0 45.2 53.9 0.9	100.0 91.0 7.9 1.1	100,0 93,3 6,3 0,4	
Washington, D.CMdVa. SMSA (The District part) White Negro Other races.	100.0 27.7 71.1 1.3	100.0 45.2 53.9 0.9	100.0 27.7 71.1 1.3	100.0 45.2 53.9 0.9	-	- - -	

^{*}Entire SMSA, including portions in other States.

Table 2. Population of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area and Constituent Counties: 1970 and 1960

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population		Change			
Constituent Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent		
TOTAL POPULATION						
Washington, D.CMdVa. SMSA District of Columbia. Montgomery County, Md. Prince Georges County, Md. Alexandria city, Va. Arlington County, Va. Fairfax city, Va. Fairfax County, Va. Falls Church city, Va. Loudoun County, Va. Prince William County, Va.	756,510 522,809 660,567 110,938 174,284 21,970 455,021 10,772 37,150 111,102	763,956 340,928 357,395 91,023 163,401 13,585 1248,897 10,192 24,549 50,164	-7,446 181,881 303,172 19,915 10,883 8,385 206,124 580 12,601 60,938	-1,0 53.3 84.8 21.9 6.7 61.7 82.8 5.7 51.3 121.5		
MEGRO POPULATION						
Washington, D.CMd. Va. SMSA District of Columbia. Montgomery County, Md. Prince Georges County, Md. Alexandria city, Va. Arlington County, Va. Fairfax city, Va. Fairfax County, Va. Fairfax County, Va. Loudoun County, Va. Prince William County, Va.	537,712 21,551 91,843 15,644 10,121 370 15,856 152 4,637 6,244	411,737 11,527 31,011 10,353 8,590 407 11,964 144 4,335 3,965	125,975 10,024 60,832 5,291 1,531 -37 3,892 8 302 2,279	30.6 87.0 196.2 51.1 17.8 -9.1 32.5 5.6 7.0		

¹Excluding 12,520 persons erroneously counted in 1960.

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960

[Detail by race shown where available; for meaning of symbols, see text]

The District	Popula	ition	Change)	Components of change			
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area						Net migration		
	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA								
Washington,D.CMdVa.¹: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	2,861,123 756,510 2,104,613	2,064,090 763,956 1,300,134	797,033 -7,446 804,479	38.6 -1.0 61.9	561,989 181,607 380,382	181,636 89,079 92,557	416,680 -99,974 516,654	20,2 -13,1 39,7
White ² Inside central city Outside central city	1,391,334 209,272 1,182,062	1,098,305 345,263 753,042	293,029 -135,991 429,020	26.7 -39.4 57.0	264,133 43,625 220,508	97,358 41,294 56,064	126,254 -138,322 264,576	11,5 -40,1 35,1
Negro and other races ² Inside central city Outside central city	696,640 547,238 149,402	479,546 418,693 60,853	217,094 128,545 88,549	45.3 30.7 145.5	161,123 137,982 23,141	54,149 47,785 6,364		23.0 9.2 117.9
Washington, D.CMdVa. (District part): Total population	756,510	763,956	-7,446	-1.0	181,607	89,079	-99,974	-13,1
White	209,272	345,263	-135,991	-39.4	43,625	41,294	-138,322	-40.1
Negro and other races	547,238	418,693	128,545	30.7	137,982	47,785	38,348	9.2

¹Entire SMSA, including portions in other States.

 $^{^{2}\}mathrm{Race}$ detail excludes Fairfax and Prince William Counties, Va.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central City by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

	For meaning of s	symbols, see text	[]					
The District	Popula	ation	Change	r	Popul	ation	Change)
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas	WAS	SHINGTON,D.C.	-MDVA. SMSA	1		WASH INGTON	CENTRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	2,861,123	2,064,090	797,033	38.6	756,510	763,956	-7,446	~1.0
Under 5 years	255,256	244,918	10,338	4.2	59,735	78,095	-18,360 13,069	-23.5 11.3
5 to 14 years	576,006	397,502	178,504	44.9	128,646	115,577 109,151	36,096	33,1
15 to 24 years	524,372	280,999	243,373 172,497	86.6 27.8	145,247 197,499	216,034	-18,535	-8.6
25 to 44 years	793,474 540,051	620,977 390,904	149,147	38.2	154,580	175,956	-21,376	-12.1
65 years and over	171,964	128,790	43,174	33.5	70,803	69,143	1,660	2.4
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	2,124,534	1,557,842	566,692	36,4	209,272	345,263	-135,991	-39.4
Under 5 years	180,571	175,795	4,776	2,7	7,160	21,388	-14,228	-66.5
5 to 14 years	414,687	294,321	120, 366	40.9	13,254	32,075	-18,821	-58.7 -24.4
15 to 24 years	384,701	211,886	172,815	81.6	40,250	53,258 88,221	-13,008 -35,825	-40.6
25 to 44 years	591,148	468,488	122,660	26,2 38,1	52,396 55,827	101,585	-45,758	-45.0
45 to 64 years	418,405	302,966	115,439 30,636	29.3	40,385	48,736	-8,351	-17.1
65 years and over	135,022	104,386	30,030	2010	,	- ,		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	736,589	506,248	230,341	45.5	547,238	418,693	128,545 -4,132	30.7 -7.3
Under 5 years	74,685	69,123	5,562	8.0	52,575	56,707 83,502	31,890	38.2
5 to 14 years,	161,319	103,181	58,138	56.3 102.1	115,392 104,997	55,893	49,104	87.9
15 to 24 years 25 to 44 years	139,671	69,113 152,489	70,558 49,837	32,7	145,103	127,813	17,290	13.5
45 to 64 years	202,326 121,646	87,938	33,708	38.3	98,753	74,371	24,382	32.8
65 years and over	36,942	24,404	12,538	51.4	30,418	20,407	10,011	49.1
		Popul	ation				ange	AAM4
		1970		1960		Number		Percent
				DUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			
TOTAL POPULATION								
All'ages	l	2,104,613		1,300,134		804,479		61.9 17.2
Under 5 years		195,521		166,823		28,698 165,435		58.7
5 to 14 years	1	447,360		281,925 171,848	1	207,277		120.6
15 to 24 years		379,125 595,975		404,943		191,032		47.2
45 to 64 years	ì	385,471		214,948		170,523		79.3 69.6
65 years and over		101, 161		59,647		41,514		0310
WHITE POPULATION					1			
All eggs		1,915,262		1,212,579	1	702.683		57.9
All ages Under 5 years	1	173,411		154,407	1	19,004		12.3 53.1
5 to 14 years		401,433		262,246	1	139,187		117,1
15 to 24 years		344,451		158,628	1	185,823 158,485		41.7
25 to 44 years		538,752		380, 267 201, 381		161,197		80.0
45 to 64 years65 years and over		362,578 94,637		55,650		38,987		70.1
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
A11 agree		100 051		87,555		101,796		116.3
All ages Under 5 years	1	189,351 22,110		12,416	1	9,694		78.1
5 to 14 years	1	45,927		19,679		26,248		133,4 162,3
15 to 24 years	1	34,674		13,220		21,454 32,547		131,9
25 to 44 years	1	57,223		24,676		9,326		68,7
45 to 64 years	1	22,893		13,567 3,997		2,527		63.2
years and over	1	6,524		0,001	<u> </u>			

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{Entire}$ SMSA, including portions in other States.

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960

The District	Washington,	D.CMdVa. Si	MSA (Entire	SMSA)	Washington,	D.C. central	city	Outside	e central city	
Standard Metropolitan			Chang	e			Per-			Per•
Statistical Areas	1970	1960		ercent	1070	1000	cent	1970	1960	cent change
	13/0	1300		CILCIII	1970	1960	change	1370	1300	change
All housing units	937,858	638,945	298,913	46.8	278,444	262,641	6.0	659,414	376,304	75.2
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	289	1,723	-1,434	-83,2	70	354	-80.2	219	1,369	-84.0
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	937,569	637,222	300,347	47.1	278,374	262,287	6.1	659,195	374,935	75.8
POPULATION			mnm		6				4 00F 00D	62,8
Population in housing units Per occupied unit	2,774,917 3.1	1,988,445 3.3	786,472 -0,2	39.6 -6.1	715,392 2.7	723,425 2.9	-1.1 -6.9	2,059,525 3.2	1,265,020 3.5	-8.6
Owner	(NA)	(NA)	,,,		3.3	3,5	-5.7	(NA)	(NA)	
Renter	(NA)	(NA)		• • • [2.5	2.6	-3.8	(NA)	(NA)	•••
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS All occupied units	898,546	608,959	289,587	17.6	000 500	050 000	4.0	636,008	356,893	78.2
Owner	413,042	300,298	112,744	47.6 37.5	262,538 73,980	252,066 75,532	4.2 -2.1	339,062	224,766	50,9
Percent owner	46.0	49.3	• • • • •	-:-:	28.2	30.0		53.3	63.0	124.7
Renter	485,504 205,611	308,661 128,797	176,843 76,814	57,3 59.6	188,558 164,040	176,534 111,190	6.8 47.5	296,946 41,571	132,127 17,607	136.1
Owner	63,830	45,521	18,309	40.2	44,758	36,027	24.2	19,072	9,494	100.9
Percent owner	31.0	35.3	50 505	70.3	27.3	32.4	50 7	45.9	53.9 8,113	177,3
Vacant year-round units	141,781 39,023	83,276 28,263	10,760	70.3 38.1	119,282 15,836	75,163 10,221	58.7 54.9	22,499 23,187	18,042	28,5
For sale only	5,650	5,853	-203	-3,5	894	894	-	4,756	4,959	-4.1
Homeowner vacancy rate		1.9 14,164	8,148	57,5	1.2 10,470	1.2 6,947	50.7	1.4 11,842	2,2 7,217	G4.1
Rental vacancy rate		4.4	",	• • • •	5.3	3,8	•••	3,8	5.2	
ROOMS										
1 and 2 rooms		57,652	26,500	46.0	56,707	47,318	19.8	27,445	10,334 42,823	165.6 65.2
4 rooms	155,710	105,311 113,364	30,512 42,346	29.0 37.4	65,080 48,655	62,488 47,918	4.1 1.5	70,743 107,055	65,446	63,6
5 rooms	160,759	106,885	53,874	50.4	31,867	25,120	26.9	128,892	81,765	57.6
7 rooms or more		128,793 126,726	26,686 118,920	20.7 93.8	39,040 37,025	40,047 39,748	-2.5 -6.9	116,439 208,621	88,746 86,978	31.2 139.9
Median	5.1	4.9	0.2	4.1	3.9	3.9	-0.5	5.5	5,3	3.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	705 ADD								075 094	45,7
1 unit 2 units or more		382,536 252,334	123,397 173,053	32.3 68.6	102,110 175,680	105,302 157,260	-3.0 11.7	403,823	277,234 95,074	162.6
Mobile home or trailer		3,859	2,390	61.9	584	77	658.4	5,665	3,782	49.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1		1					1		
With all plumbing facilities		(NA) (NA)		• • •	271,943	242,369	12,2	647,682	(NA) (NA)	• • •
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)	:::	• • • •	31,253 160,297	(NA) (NA)		38,149	(NA)	• • • •
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)		• • •	27,706	(NA)		5,577	(NA)	•••
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied		(NA) (NA)		• • •	6,431 3,743	20,270 (NA)	-68.3	11,513 3,422	(NA)	
PERSONS	1	, ,	}	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,	· · · · · ·	,	1		
1 person				80.2	84,239	68,070	23.8		28,606	214.5
2 persons				52,1 38,7	69,783	71,919	-3.0 -4.0	171,877	86,926 150,665	97,7 58,1
5 persons or more	178,472			33.1	65,950 42,566	68,669 43,408	-1.9		90,696	49,8
Median				-6.9	2.2	2.3	-4.3	3,0	3.4	-11.8
PERSONS PER ROOM	000 4==	# 40 m==	205.05		.00			000.001	907 900	85,2
1.00 or less				52.5 2.9	230,378 32,160	221,341 30,725	4.1 4.7		327,309 29,584	1,1
VALUE		,			1,	,		,	•	
Specified owner occupied				36,1	64,113	71,306	-10.1		210,881	51.7
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$14,999					1,727	6,248			16,353 52,311	74.7 77.4
\$15,000 to \$19,999					7,509 19,968	27,235 19,356			66,936	-39.0
\$20,000 to \$24,999		44,562	26,662	59.8	11,195	7,269	54.0	60,029	37,293	61.0 285.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999					10,332	5,797 5,401			25,723 12,265	
Median					\$21,300	\$15,400			\$17,600	
CONTRACT RENT										400.0
Specified renter occupied Less than \$40	1,				186,716	176,534			130,426 4,492	
\$40 to \$59	9,375				2,990 6,576	7,041 35,241			8,425	-66.8
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	33,504	86,290	-52,786	-61,2	27,005	61,583	-56.1	6,499	24,707	-73,7
\$100 to \$119		. i			32,690)	39,900		34.792	43,694	
\$120 to \$149	115,485	£ 20,896	125,972	221.0	36,507	20,825	232.3	78,978	, 50,2.0	
\$150 to \$199\$200 or more			1 158,925	962.0	24,805 14,326	8,547	357.8	98,300 38,015		1,000+
No cash rent	11,228	8,36	2,86	34.3		3,397		8,687	4,964	75.0
Median	\$135					\$75			\$91	62.6

Appendix

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

General

PERCENTS, MEDIANS, AND SYMBOLS

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are treated as zero. A dash "-" is the symbol used to signify zero. Three dots "..." indicate that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information, that the base for a median or rate is too small for it to be shown, or that the data were not comparable. A minus sign preceding a figure denotes decrease. The symbol "NA" means not available.

Medians are presented in the housing table of this report for several characteristics. Medians for rooms and persons are rounded to the nearest tenth, for value to the nearest hundred dollars, and for contract rent to the nearest dollar. The median is not shown if there are fewer than five housing units in the distribution. Similarly, population per housing unit is not shown if the base for this rate is less than five units.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1970 census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishing of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately clear. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons without a usual place of residence were, however, counted where they were enumerated.

As in every previous census, members of the Armed Forces living on military installations were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located. Similarly, members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Crews of U.S. Navy vessels were counted as residents of the home port to which the particular vessel was assigned; crews of vessels deployed to the overseas fleet were therefore not included in the population of any State or the District of

Columbia. Persons in Armed Forces families were counted where they were living on Census Day (e.g., the military installation, "offbase," or elsewhere, as the case might be).

Crews of U.S. merchant marine vessels were counted as part of the population of the U.S. port in which their vessel was berthed on Census Day; or if sailing in inland or coastal waters, either the port of departure or destination, depending on which the vessel was nearest on Census Day. Crews of all other U.S. merchant marine vessels are not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia.

College students, as in 1950 and 1960, were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where this institution was located; on the other hand, patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at their homes. On the night of April 6, 1970, a special enumeration was performed in missions, flophouses, detention centers, etc., and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the particular place.

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) are not included in the population of any of the States or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like, were counted at their usual residence.

Persons in larger hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1970, were requested to fill out a census form for allocation back to their homes if they indicated no one was there to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1970 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad.

In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else.

BOUNDARIES

The data shown for 1970 relate to the boundaries of the areas as existed on January 1, 1970. As nearly as

possible, 1960 data for the same areas have been adjusted to conform to the 1970 definitions. However, it was not feasible to compile 1960 information for small pieces of territory transferred from one jurisdiction to another as a result of county and city boundary changes. Where such discrepancies exist note is made in table footnotes. "Extended cities" constitute a special boundary problem discussed below.

COUNTIES

The primary divisions of the States are, in general, termed counties, but in Louisiana these divisions are known as parishes. There are no counties in Alaska. In this State, data are shown for statistical areas which are county equivalents designated as census divisions; they were developed for general statistical purposes through the cooperation of the State and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS In this report statistics are shown for standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) except in some tables for New England States where the metropolitan State economic area or nearest equivalent whole county is substituted for the SMSA.

The population living in SMSA's is designated as the metropolitan population. This population is subdivided as "inside central city or cities" and "outside central city or cities." The latter area is frequently referred to in the text of this report as "suburbs" or "suburban ring." The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the non-metropolitan population.

The Bureau of the Census recognizes approximately 250 standard metropolitan statistical areas in the 1970 census. This number includes the 231 SMSA's (including three in Puerto Rico which are not covered in this series) as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, *Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967*, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Also included are two SMSA's as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in January 1968: Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss. and Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J. In addition, a number of SMSA's are being defined on the basis of the results from the 1970 Census.

Except in New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In a few cities where portions of

counties outside the SMSA as defined in 1967 were annexed to the central city, the population living in those counties is not considered part of the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For the complete description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

STATE ECONOMIC AREAS

For the New England metropolitan areas represented in some of the tables of these reports, the SMSA has been replaced by the metropolitan State economic area (SEA) (see U.S. Census of Population, 1960, State Economic Areas, PC(3)1A.) Where a metropolitan SEA has not been defined, the nearest equivalent county has been used. State summaries by metropolitan and nonmetropolitan residence will, therefore, be found to vary according to whether the information contained in the tables was available for SMSA's directly or for counties only. Population tables 2,3,and 4 contain metropolitan SEA totals, while Housing table 5 shows SMSA totals. Under both systems, figures for central cities are the same.

ANNEXATIONS

A problem of definition exists with respect to some of the central cities shown in these reports. This problem arises as a consequence of annexations of territory made by cities during the 1960-70 decade. Most often, detailed population and housing characteristics from the 1960 census could not be reproduced for the annexed areas. 1960 data shown for central cities in the tables of this report thus relate to those cities as defined at the time of that census, and 1970 data refer to cities as they were defined for the 1970 census.

To clarify the impact of annexation on population change for central cities, a text table has been prepared. It shows 1970 population in current boundaries and within 1960 boundaries for central cities which annexed population. Population change within a consistently defined area, that is, excluding the effect of annexation, can then be obtained.

Since 1960, two cities have annexed the entire county in which they were located: Jacksonville, Fla. (whose boundaries in 1970 are coterminous with Duval County) and Nashville, Tenn. (whose boundaries are now coterminous with Davidson County). Indianapolis, Ind. annexed all parts of Marion County except for Beech Grove, Lawrence, Speedway, and Southport, whose combined 1960 population amounted to 31,600 out of a county total of 698,000. For these three cities (Jacksonville, Nashville, and Indianapolis), 1960 data are presented in terms of their 1970 bound-

aries. Data from the 1960 census for Duval and Davidson Counties were substituted for Jacksonville and Nashville cities as they were defined at the time of the 1960 census. Indianapolis was also considered to be coterminous with Marion County as the effect of including the four places listed above was not great enough to require a special adjustment.

EXTENDED CITIES

A number of cities contain territory essentially rural in character. The classification of all the inhabitants and housing of such cities as urban would include in the urban category persons and housing units in areas primarily rural in character. The Census Bureau therefore established certain rules to identify such cities-which are designated as "extended cities"—and to separate each into its urban and rural portions. As a concomitant of this approach, when an extended city is the central city of an SMSA, most of the 1970 census reports show only the urban portion as the central city. In the present report, however, the entire (or "legal") city is shown as the central city because the focus here is on comparisons with 1960, and this type of delineation was not made in 1960. The effect of annexation of these extended cities. which can be especially great, is shown in a text table, where appropriate.

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS

In view of the special importance of the metropolitan complexes around New York and Chicago, the Nation's two largest cities, several contiguous SMSA's and additional counties that do not appear to meet the formal integration criteria but do have strong interrelationships of other kinds have been combined into the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas, respectively. The former consists of Middlesex and Somerset Counties in New Jersey and the following SMSA's: New York, Newark, Jersey City, and Paterson-Clifton-Passaic. The latter consists of the following SMSA's: Chicago and Gary-Hammond-East Chicago.

Population

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1 of the census years 1960 and 1970.

Race.—The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau does not denote clear-cut scientific definitions of biological stock. Rather it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1960 and 1970 censuses obtained information on race principally through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves. For persons of mixed parentage who are in doubt as to their classification, the race of the person's father is used. Persons of Mexican or Puerto Rican birth

or ancestry who do not identify themselves as of a race other than white (e.g., American Indian, Negro, etc.) are classified as white. In the three-category grouping shown in this report, the "other" category consists of all races except white or Negro, i.e., American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Eskimo, etc.

1970 age-race data taken from the published PC(V2) Series of Advance Population Reports were available for two major population groups: "Total" and "Negro". In presenting comparable age-race statistics for SMSA's and their component parts in the present series of reports, however, race is classified as "white" and "Negro and other races." This is the classification employed in the 1960 census, except that "nonwhite" was the term used for "Negro and other races." It has been kept in two tables of this series (tables 3 and 4) either because of the difficulty or inadvisability of substituting "Negro" only for the broader "nonwhite" classification. As an example of one of the difficulties encountered in making this substitution, it was found that 1960 age detail by race could not be reproduced for the Negro population of counties or county substitutes, which are the building blocks of SMSA's, Unpublished 1970 age detail for "other races" was available, however, to construct a "Negro and other races" age distribution which could then be directly compared with the 1960 race classification.

A more detailed comparison of 1960 and 1970 age-race data can be made for certain of the largest cities. The 1960 age distribution of white, Negro, and other races appears in the 1960 Census volumes for all cities of 100,000 total population or more. For each such city which did not experience boundary changes between 1960 and 1970, a comparison of age detail for the three race groups can be made. A special text table has been prepared to show age distributions of "Negro" population and "Other races" where such information may be of particular interest, as for example in cities which had over 10,000 Negroes in 1960 and in cities which had approximately equal numbers of both race groupings in 1960.

Components of Change.—The components of population change shown in table 3—births, deaths, and net migration—are estimates. As such they are subject to certain limitations unlike the census counts contained in the tables of this report. The estimates are based on reported births and deaths by place of residence, 1960 through 1968, compiled and published by the Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics. Since no vital statistics were readily available for 1969 and the first 3 months of 1970, they were extrapolated using a factor of 1.25 times the average of years 1967-68. Births and deaths were then summed to totals for the decade. Births were corrected by color for underregistration, using factors derived from the

National Center's birth registration test of 1950. As a final step, both births and deaths were adjusted to be consistent with independent State estimates for the decade.

Vital statistics by race were not reported for counties where less than 10 percent of the total population were members of Negro and other races or which had populations of less than 10,000 belonging to these races. These counties are not included in the metropolitan-nonmetropolitan summaries for the State nor for the individual SMSA's when shown by race.

The estimate of net migration was derived as a residual by the following formula: Net Migration = Net Change — Births + Deaths. As a residual value, however, the net migration component reflects the net effect of any errors in the data used, such as differential undercount in the 1960 and 1970 censuses, boundary changes, improper allocation of births and deaths by place of residence, and many others.¹

At the county level very few significant boundary modifications are made. Many cities have annexed territory during the past decade, however, and the shifts resulting from annexation are thrown into the migration component. Special attention is given in the text to the effect of boundary changes on the net migration component for central cities.

Housing

Housing units and group quarters.—All living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inven-

tory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters is not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—In 1970, data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units—all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use—because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for the remaining types of units, i.e., units reported as vacant at the time of the census and intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor.

In 1960, housing characteristics were provided for all units, including vacant seasonal and vacant migratory units.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household consists of all persons who occupy a housing unit.

Population and persons.—"Population in housing units" is the total population less those persons living in group quarters. "Population per occupied unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units; this is also computed separately for the population in owner and in renter occupied units. The caption "Persons" refers to the number of persons occupying the housing unit; the data show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Race.—The classification by race used in the housing table refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the housing unit. Figures on tenure for 1970 are given separately for all households and for Negro heads of households; for 1960, the tenure figures relate to all households and to household heads of "Negro and other races" (excluding white heads of households). In the 1960 census, the term "nonwhite" was used for Negro and other races. Data on change (1960 to 1970) are shown only when the population data by race indicate that the number of Negro households in 1960

¹ For a more detailed discussion of the types of errors which affect estimates of net migration derived in this manner, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-23 No. 7, pages 13 and 14.

constituted a sufficiently large proportion of household heads of Negro and other races to permit meaningful comparison.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classifed as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is entirely occupied by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere. New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "yearround." The latter are units which, although vacant at the time of enumeration, are usually occupied or are intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as a year-round unit. Units used only occasionally throughout the year are also considered year-round units.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "For sale only," and "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. All other year-round vacant units are included in the total and may be derived by subtracting the sum of the vacant units "for sale only" and "for rent" from the total. Other year-round vacant units include units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units held off the market for other reasons.

Homeowner vacancy rate.—The homeowner vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for sale as a percent of the total homeowner inventory, i.e., all owner-occupied units and year-round vacant units for sale. In 1960, the homeowner vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for sale, i.e., year-round vacant units for sale in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rental vacancy rate.—The rental vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for rent as a percent of the total rental inventory, i.e., all renteroccupied units and all year-round vacant units for rent. In 1960, the rental vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for rent, i.e., year-round vacant units for rent in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Units in structure.—Statistics on the number of housing units in a structure are presented in terms of one-family houses, number of units in multiunit structures, and mobile homes or trailers.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

For 1960, data on plumbing facilities were derived from information on number of bathrooms. Data for units with all plumbing facilities and with 1.01 or more persons per room are not available from the 1960 reports. Similarly, 1960 data on plumbing facilities are not available by race.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner occupied" means that in 1970 the value data are limited to owner occupied, one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

In 1960 in rural territory, units on farms and all units on places of 10 or more acres (whether farm or nonfarm) were excluded from the value tabulations. In 1970, all units on 10 or more acres are excluded, urban as well as rural; consequently the 1970 value tabulations include farm units of less than 10 acres and exclude units in urban areas on 10 or more acres.

Contract rent —Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter occupied" means that in 1970 the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

The 1960 rent tabulations excluded farm units and vacant units on 10 or more acres in rural areas. In 1970, all one-family houses on 10 or more acres, whether occupied or vacant and whether urban or rural, are excluded from the rent tabulations.

SOURCES OF DATA

The basic 1970 population and housing data contained in the statistical tables of this series were obtained from

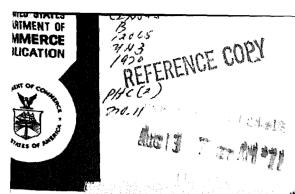
the Advance Reports on Population, PC(V1) and PC(V2), and Housing, HC(V1), issued by the Bureau of the Census for individual States. Certain data on characteristics from those reports are subject to change in the 1970 census PC(1)-B Final Reports on Population and HC(1)-A Final Reports on Housing being issued for States during the spring and summer of 1971.

The PHC(2) Series also contains parallel statistics for 1960, available from published Census sources. 1960 statistics referring to SMSA's have been adjusted to conform to 1970 area definitions. Population and housing characteristics of SMSA's formed during the decade have been reconstructed as of 1960 to complete the comparison with 1970 areas. The source of information regarding criteria for establishment of new SMSA's as well as intercensal adjustments in SMSA boundaries is the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Publications of the National Center for Health Statistics were used to develop components of population change. In some cases, supplementary vital statistics were obtained from State health departments.

Some unpublished data from the 1960 Census of Housing were utilized. For those SMSA's which underwent boundary changes from 1960 to 1970, it was necessary to develop a tabulated reprint of 1960 contract rent data on a county basis.

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1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

ily 1971

REFERENCE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

PHC(2)-11

FLORIDA

FINAL REPORT

General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas, 1960 to 1970

(This series consists of 52 reports—number 1 for the United States and numbers 2 thru 52 for the States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order rather than order of publication.)

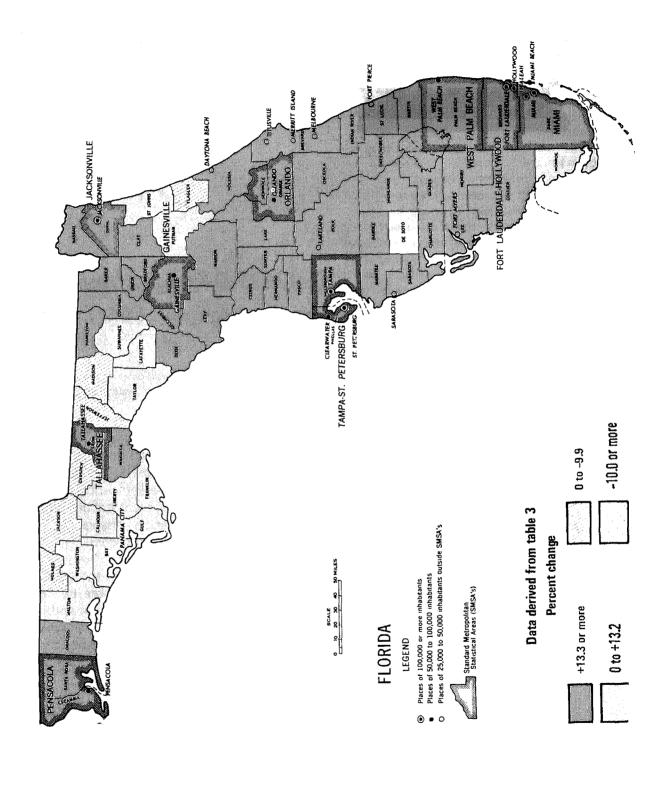
This publication is one of a series of 1970 census reports concerned mainly with population and housing trends in metropolitan areas from 1960 to 1970. The main body of the report consists of an analytical text, a statistical section containing four tables on population characteristics and one on housing characteristics, and an appendix presenting technical definitions and explanations. A map showing 1960-70 population change by county appears on page 2 and a detailed table of contents is on page 3.

The statistics presented here are drawn largely from the 1970 census Advance Reports PC(V2) and HC(V1) for this State. These two reports, which were published several months ago, provide population and housing statistics, respectively, for each standard metropolitan statistical area, place of 10,000 inhabitants or more, and county in the State. Additional data on the subjects covered here appear in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A Final Reports for this State.

An outline of the publication program for the 1970 Census of Population and Housing can be obtained free of charge from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233, or any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, and U.S. Department of Commerce Field Offices, 45 cents.

Population Change for Counties: 1960 to 1970



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PHC(2)-11

FLORIDA

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did not have annexations (table B). Jacksonville, at the other extreme, during the 1960-70 decade consolidated with Duval County, thus becoming the largest city in area in the United States and absorbing virtually all of its suburbs in the process.

Counties

Sixty-one of Florida's 67 counties registered population increases during the 1960-70 decade. The six that declined had decreases below 10 percent. Five of the six are located in north Florida along the Alabama and Georgia State lines.

Many counties recorded very substantial population gains, with several nonmetropolitan West Coast resort counties showing the largest percent increases. Collier, Charlotte, Citrus, and Pasco Counties all more than doubled in size, with Lee, Sarasota, and Hernando Counties experiencing somewhat smaller gains. The largest increase on the East Coast was 106 percent registered by Brevard County (the Cape Kennedy Space Center). Other fast growing counties on the East Coast were Broward, Martin, and Palm Beach and interior counties with rapid growth were Okeechobee, Clay, and Seminole. All of these had at least 50 percent growth during the 10-year period.

There were six counties which had an excess of deaths over births, best known of which is Pinellas County (St. Petersburg), with 16,000 more deaths than births. The other five are Charlotte, Manatee, Osceola, Pasco, and Sarasota Counties. All are retirement areas, and all but Osceola are along the Gulf coast. Osceola is in central Florida. All of the six counties had large population increases as the result of substantial net inmigration. The percent of the migration to the 1960 population was for Charlotte. 129; Sarasota, 58; Manatee, 41; and Osceola, 33.

All but 20 counties had net inmigration. Of the 20 with net outmigration, 18 are located in a strip that runs between Pensacola and Gainesville (see map), which is less of a vacation and resort area than the rest of the State and also has less of industrial and space activities.

In 61 counties 10 percent or more of the population was of Negro and other races. Forty-four of these counties had declines in Negro population. Of the six counties which declined in total population, five had Negro outmigration as the probable primary cause.

Significant Negro growth and net immigration occurred in resort areas such as Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Miami and Tampa-St. Petersburg and in Brevard County where space activities are carried on.

Table B. Change in Population of Central Cities Through Annexation: 1960 to 1970

	1970	population		Change 1960 to	
Central Cities			In		1970 in
		In 19 60	annexed	1960	1960
	Total	area	area	population	area
					
Tampa	277,767	263,852	13,915	274,970	-11,118
St. Petersburg	216,232	214,710	1,522	181,298	
Fort Lauderdale	139,590	110,746	28,844	83,648	
Hollywood	106,873	81,059	25,814	35,237	
Orlando	99,006	86,784	12,222	88,135	
Pensacola	59,507	55,033	4,474	56,752	
Tallahassee	71,897	55,561	16,336	48,174	7,387
Gainesville	64,510	28,940	35,570	29,701	-761

HOUSING TRENDS

General

Between 1960 and 1970 the total supply of housing units in Florida increased more rapidly than population. The population grew by 1,838,000, or 37 percent, while housing units increased by 745,100, or 42 percent (table C).

About 68 percent of all housing units in the State were in its standard metropolitan statistical areas. The metropolitan areas experienced less relative growth in housing than did the nonmetropolitan areas. The number of housing units in SMSA's rose to 1,709,200 over the decade, an increase of 489,300 units, or 40

percent; this compares with an increase outside SMSA's of 255,900 units, or 46 percent.

About 70 percent of the housing in Florida consisted of one-unit structures in 1970. The proportion of such units in metropolitan areas was 67 percent and in nonmetropolitan areas, 76 percent.

The number of units in the State lacking some or all plumbing facilities in 1970 was 129,500 units, or 5 percent; the proportion of units in this category was 4 percent in metropolitan areas and 9 percent in non-metropolitan areas (table D). Approximately 59,800, or 21 percent, of the Negro-occupied units in the State lacked some or all plumbing facilities in 1970. The corresponding proportions for inside and outside metropolitan areas were 14 percent and 37 percent, respectively.

Table C. Housing Units by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State		Donulo			
Metropolitan and	Tota	a.1	Chan	Popula- tion	
Nonmetropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	percent change
Total	2,522,080	1,776,961	745,119	41.9	37.1
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	1,709,229 730,887 978,342 812,851	1,219,979 582,840 637,139 556,982	489,250 148,047 341,203 255,869	40.1 25.4 53.6 45.9	37.2 15.5 50.5 37.0

Table D. Plumbing Facilities and Persons Per Room by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

	Percent of housing units							
The State Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence	Lacking som		With 1.01 or more persons per room 1					
	1970 ²	1960 ³	1970	1960				
Total	5,2	15.0	9.0	12.4				
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	3.7 4.1 3.3 8.5	(NA) 12.8 (NA) (NA)	9.1 9.6 8.7 8.9	11.4 10.4 12.4 14.4				

NA Not available.

¹Percent of all occupied units.

²Percent of all year-round housing units.

³Percent of all housing units.

Households were smaller in 1970 than in 1960. In the metropolitan areas, the average household size declined from 3.1 persons in 1960 to 2.9 in 1970 and in nonmetropolitan areas, from 3.2 to 2.9 persons. The number of one- and two-person households in metropolitan areas increased by 88 percent and 55 percent, respectively; in nonmetropolitan areas one- and two-person households increased 91 percent and 68 percent, respectively. In comparison, the number of households with five or more persons increased 28 percent in metropolitan areas and 24 percent in non-metropolitan areas.

The 1970 median number of rooms was 4.7 in both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. One- and two-room units comprised a very small proportion of the year-round housing, 9 percent in metropolitan areas and 7 percent in nonmetropolitan areas. About 31 percent of the metropolitan housing units and 29 percent of units in nonmetropolitan areas had six or more rooms.

Number of persons per room is often used as a measure of crowding. In Florida, the proportion of housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room decreased during the decade. In 1960, about 11 percent of all occupied housing units in metropolitan areas and 14 percent in nonmetropolitan areas had 1.01 or more persons per room. By 1970, the proportion of such units had decreased to 9 percent in both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas (table D).

The homeownership rate in the State's metropolitan areas decreased slightly from 67 percent in 1960 to 66 percent in 1970, while in nonmetropolitan areas the proportion rose from 69 to 73 percent. Of the 1,564,100 owner-occupied units in the State, 1,043,500 were inside metropolitan areas and 520,600 were outside these areas.

About 47 percent of the Negro households in metropolitan areas owned their homes in 1970, compared with 53 percent in nonmetropolitan areas. Of the 135,800 Negro-homeowner households in the State, 88,700 lived inside SMSA's and 47,100 lived outside SMSA's.

Property values and rents increased during the last decade. The median value in metropolitan areas increased by 28 percent, from \$12,400 in 1960 to \$15,900 in 1970, while in nonmetropolitan areas the median increased 32 percent, from \$10,000 to \$13,200. In metropolitan areas, median contract rent in 1970 was 59 percent higher than in 1960, rising from \$64 to \$102. In nonmetropolitan areas rent increased by 45 percent, from \$49 to \$71.

Value and rent are expressed in current dollars (the value at the time of the respective censuses). Thus, any comparison must take into account the general rise in the cost of living during the 10-year period, as well as changes in the characteristics of the housing inventory.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

In the metropolitan areas of the State, the housing supply increased by 489,300 units, or 40 percent. The Miami SMSA, the largest in the State, contained 27 percent of the housing in the metropolitan areas and accounted for 21 percent of the increase. The Tampa-St. Petersburg SMSA, second largest, had 23 percent of the State's metropolitan housing and accounted for 20 percent of the increase. The Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood SMSA, third largest, with 15 percent of the metropolitan housing accounted, however, for 25 percent of the increase.

The suburban areas of the State experienced greater growth in housing than did the central cities. Housing units in the suburbs increased by 341,200, or 54 percent, while housing in the combined central cities increased by 148,000, or 25 percent. By 1970, there were 978,300 housing units in the suburbs and 730,900 units in the central cities.

In 1970, 61,600 housing units in the metropolitan areas, or 4 percent of all year-round units, lacked some or all plumbing facilities. The proportion of such units in the central cities was 4 percent, and in the suburbs, 3 percent. Approximately 12,800, or 11 percent, of the Negro households in central cities occupied units which lacked some or all plumbing facilities in 1970, compared with 13,600, or 18 percent, of Negro households in suburban areas.

Household size in the metropolitan areas declined during the decade. In the central cities, the average decreased from 3.0 to 2.8 persons, and in the suburbs, from 3.2 to 3.0 persons. One-person households constituted 22 percent of occupied housing units in the central cities and 17 percent in the suburbs.

In 1970, the median number of rooms was 4.6 in the central cities and 4.7 in the suburbs. While 11 percent of the housing in central cities had one or two rooms in 1970, 8 percent of the housing units in the suburbs were in this category. At the same time, 29 percent in the central cities had six or more rooms, compared with 31 percent in the suburbs.

Of all occupied units in the central cities, 10 percent reported 1.01 or more persons per room in 1970, as in 1960. In the suburban areas, the proportion was 9 percent in 1970, compared with 12 percent in 1960.

Homeownership in 1970 was greater in the suburban areas than in the central cities. About 71 percent of occupied units in the suburbs and 60 percent in the central cities were owner-occupied. The Negro-homeownership rate in the suburbs was 53 percent, compared with 43 percent in the central cities.

In the central cities of Florida, the median value of owner-occupied housing rose 18 percent (\$11,800 in 1960 to \$13,900 in 1970) and in the suburbs, the

median increased by 35 percent (\$13,000 to \$17,500). About 14 percent of the owner-occupied housing was valued in 1970 at \$25,000 or more in the central cities, compared with 24 percent in the suburbs.

In 1970, median contract rent in the central cities was \$89 and in the suburbs, \$120. Approximately 16 percent of the renter-occupied units in the central cities and 32 percent of the suburban units had rents of \$150 or more in 1970.

The homeowner vacancy rate decreased from 2.7 percent in 1960 to 1.6 percent in 1970 in the central cities, and from 4.7 to 1.6 percent in the suburbs. The

rental vacancy rate decreased from 11.5 to 8.9 percent in the central cities, and from 15.0 to 9.2 percent in the suburbs.

Annexations

Annexations occurred in the central cities of Tampa, St. Petersburg, Fort Lauderdale, Hollywood, Orlando, Pensacola, Tallahassee, and Gainesville during the decade (see "Population Trends" and text table B). Such annexations affect changes in the characteristics for these central cities and their suburbs.

DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND SOURCES OF DATA FOLLOW THE TABLES.

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race: 1970 and 1960

L	For meaning of symbols	, see text]					
Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA's		Inside central	cities	Outside central cities		
Areas	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960	
opulation							
Total	4,656,993	3,395,125	1,956,481	1,601,222	2,700,512	1,793,903	
hite	3,928,230	2,817,524	1,548,714	1,258,755	2,379,516	1,558,769	
egro	708,357	572,465	398,404	340,200	309,953 11,043	232,265 2,869	
ther races	20,406	5,136	9,363	2,267	11,040	,	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood SMSA	620,100	333,946	246,463	118,885	373,637 319,508	215,061 181,605	
hite	540,701	278,624 54,816	221,193 24,324	97,019 21,738	53,058	33,078	
egrother races	77,382 2,017	506	946	128	1,071	378	
Gainesville SMSA	104,764	74,074	64,510	29,701	40,254	44,373	
hite	82,665	54,466	52,048	22,678	30,617	31,788 12,538	
egro	21,563	19,412 196	12,041 421	6,874 149	9,522 115	47	
ther races	536	190	444	140			
Jacksonville SMSA,	528,865	455,411	¹ 528,865	455,411	-	-	
hite	407,713 118,140	349,033 105,655	407,713 118,140	349,033	-		
egro	3,012	723	3,012	723	-	-	
Miami SMSA	1,267,792	935,047	334,859	291,688	932,933	649,359	
migui aman	1,071,565	796,054	256,377	225,888	815,188	570,166	
gro	189,763	137,299	76,156	65,213	113,607	72,086	
her races	6,464	1,694	2,326	587	4,138	1,107	
Orlando SMSA	428,003	318,487	99,006	88,135	328,997	230,35	
11te	364,138	265,478	69,539	67,433	294,599	198,049 32,00	
egro	62,510 1,355	52,588 421	29,149 318	20,579 123	33,361 1,037	29	
4	ļ	009 974	59,507	56,752	183,568	146,62	
Pensacola SMSA	243,075 198,310	203,376 164,809	39,539	38,070	158,771	126,73	
11 10 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	42,541	37,874	19,709	18,582	22,832	19,29	
ther races	2,224	693	259	100	1,965	59	
Tallahassee SMSA	103,047	74,225	71,897	48,174	31,160	26,05	
hite	76,525	49,816	53,235	32,215	123,290	17,60 8,41	
egro	26,021	24,282	18,234 428	15,867	7,787 73	3	
		****	400 000	A## 0#9	518,595	316,18	
Tampa-St. Petersburg SMSA		772,453 683,313	493,999 405,847	456,268 385,624	494,308	297,68	
hite		88,586	86,631	70,324	22,791	18,26	
ther races		554	1,521	320	1,498	25	
West Palm Beach SMSA	348,753	228,106	57,375	56,208	291,378	171,8	
hite		175,931	43,223	40,795	243,237	135,13	
legro	61,015	51,953	14,020	15,368	46,995	36,5 1	
Other races	1,278	222	132	45	1,146	•	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100	
/hite	. 84.4	83.2	79.2	78.7	88.1	87 12	
egro Other races		16.7 0.1	20.4 0.4	21,2	11.5 0.4	0	
	1					100	
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood SMSA		100.0	100.0 89.7	100.0	100.0 85.5	84	
YN1. TO		16,4	9.9	18.3	14.2	1.5	
other races	-	0.2	0.4	0,1	0.3	C	
Gainesville SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100	
White		73.5	80.7	76.4	76.1	7	
Negro	20.6	26.2	18.7	23.1	23.7	21	
Other races	0.5	0.3	0,6	0.5	0,3		
Jacksonville SMSA		100.0	100.0	100.0	-		
White		76.6	77,1	76.6 23.2	-		
	42,3	23.2	ت,عما	0.2	_		

See footnote at end of table.

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race: 1970 and 1960—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA's		Inside central o	cities	Outside central cities		
Areas	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Miami SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.01	100.0	
Waite	84.5	85,1	76.6	77.4	87.4	88.6	
Negro	15.0	14.7	22.7	22.4	12.2	11.2	
Other races	0.5	0,2	0.7	0.2	0,4	0.2	
Orlando SMSA	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	85.1	83.4	70.2	76.5	89.5	86,0	
Negro	14.6	16.5	29.4	23.4	10,1	13.9	
Other races.,.,	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	,3	0,1	
Pensacola SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	81.6	81.0	66.4	67.0	86,5	86.4	
Ne gro	17.5	18.6	33,1	32.7	12.4	.13.2	
Other races	0,9	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.1	0.4	
Tallahassee SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	74.3	67.1	74.0	66.9	74.8	67.6	
Negro	25.2	32.7	25.4	32.9	25.0	32.3	
Other races	0.5	0,2	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	
Tampa-St. Petersburg SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	88.9	88.5	82.2	84.5	95.3	94.1	
Negro	10.8	11.5	17.5	15.4	4.4	5.8	
Other races	0.3	0.1	0,3	0.1	0,3	0,1	
West Palm Beach SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	
White	82.1	77.1	75.3	72.6	83.5	78.6	
Negro	17.5	22.8	24.4	27.3	16.1	21,3	
Other races	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	

¹A small portion of Jacksonville city is considered rural. (See "Extended cities" under <u>Definitions and Explanations.</u>) In 1970, 10,734 residents of the city were classified as rural, representing 2.0 percent of the total population.

Table 2. Population of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Constituent Counties: 1970 and 1960

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	Population		Change	
Constituent Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION				
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood SMSA (Broward County)	620,100	333,946	286,154	85.7
Gainesville SMSA (Alachua County)	764, 104	74,074	30,690	41.4
Jacksonville SMSA (Duval County)	528,865	455,411	73,454	16.1
Miami SMSA (Dade County)	1,267,792	935,047	332,745	35.6
Orlando SMSA Orange County Seminole County	344,311 83,692	263,540 54,947	80 ,771 28 ,745	30.6 52.3
Pensacola SMSA Escambia County Santa Rosa County	205,334 37,741	173,829 29,547	31,505 8,194	18.1 27.7
Tallahassee SMSA (Leon County)	103,047	74 ,225	28,822	38.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg SMSA Hillsborough County Pinellas County West Palm Beach SMSA (Palm Beach County)	490,265 522,329 348,753	397,788 374,665 228,106	92,477 147,664 120,647	23.2 39.4 52.9
NEGRO POPULATION				
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood SMSA (Broward County)	77 ,382	54,816	22,566	41.2
Gainesville SMSA (Alachua County)	21,563	19,412	2,151	11.1
Jacksonville SMSA (Duval County)	118,140	105,655	12,485	11.8
Miami SMSA (Dade County)	189 ,763	137 ,299	52,464	38.2
Orlando SMSA Orange County Seminole County	48,462 14,048	39,088 13,500	9,374 548	24.0 4.1
Pensacola SMSA Escambia County Santa Rosa County	40,384 2,157	35,856 2,018	4,528 139	12.6 6.9
Tallahassee SMSA (Leon County)	26,021	24,282	1,739	7.2
Tampa-St. Petersburg SMSA Hillsborough County Pinellas County	66,848 42,774	55,498 33,088	11,150 9,686	20,1 29,3
West Palm Beach SMSA (Palm Beach County)	61,015	51,953	9,062	17.4

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960

	Population Population		Change	, , , , , ,	<u> </u>	omponents of	of change		
The State Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	r opulai	.10(1	Guange	'		· I	Net migra	tion	
Counties	1970	1960	Number.	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent	
	1370	1300	Tullibot	1 Cloud		,	114,		
THE STATE									
Total population	6,789,443 5,711,411 1,078,032	4,951,560 4,063,881 887,679	1,837,883 1,647,530 190,353	37,1 40,5 21,4	1,107,116 804,480 302,636		1,326,308 1,339,758 -13,450	26.8 33.0 -1.5	
Metropolitan residence	4,656,993 1,956,481 2,700,512 2,132,450	3,395,125 1,601,222 1,793,903 1,556,435	1,261,868 355,259 906,609 576,015	37.2 22.2 50.5 37.0	743,907 363,483 380,424 363,209	401,587 209,156 192,431 193,954	919,548 200,932 718,616 406,760	27.1 12.5 40.1 26.1	
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS									
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood: Total population Fort Lauderdale city Hollywood city Outside central cities	620,100 139,590 106,873 373,637	333,946 83,648 35,237 215,061	286,154 55,942 71,636 158,576	85.7 66.9 203.3 73.7	75,688 23,977 9,358 42,353	45,812 13,861 7,912 24,039	256,278 145,826 170,190 140,262	76.7 54.8 199.2 65.2	
White Fort Lauderdale city	540,701 118,872	278,624 64,030	262,077 54,842	94.1 85.7	51,714 14,593	40,011 11,988	250,374 52,237	89.9 81.6	
Negro and other races	79,399 20,718	55,322 19,618	24,077 1,100	43.5 5.6	23,974 9,384	5,801 1,873	5,904 -6,411	10.7 -32.7	
Gainesville: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	104,764 64,510 40,254 82,665	74,074 29,701 44,373	34,809 -4,119	41.4 117.2 9.3 51.8	20,698 12,106 8,592 14,251	6,592 3,458 3,134 3,988	16,584 126,161 1-9,577	22.4 88.1 -21.6	
Negro and other races	22,099	19,608	1 .	12,7	6,447	2,604	-1,352	-6,9	
Jacksonville: Total populationInside central cityOutside central city	528,865 528,865	455,411 455,411 -		16.1 16.1	114,671 114,671	42,638 42,638	1,421	0.3 0.3	
White Inside central city Outsida central city	407,713 407,713	349,033 349,033		16,8 16.8	82,838 82,838	29,495 29,495	5,337	1.5	
Regro and other races	121,152	106,378 106,378		13.9 13.9	31,833 31,833	13,143 13,143		-3.7 -3.7	
Mismi: Total populationInside cental cityOutside central city	334,859	935,047 291,688 643,359	43,171	35,6 14,8 45,0	185,274 61,088 124,186	106,837 41,629 65,208	23,712	27.2 8.1 35.8	
White Inside central city Outside central city	256,377	796,054 225,888 570,186	30,489	34.6 13,5 43.0	1	93,477 34,653 58,824	29,402	29.5 13.0 36.0	
Negro and other races	78,482	138,993 65,800 73,193	12,682	41,2 19,3 60,9	25,348	13,360 6,976 6,384	-5,690	14.0 -8.6 34.3	
Orlando: Total populationInside central cityOutside central city	99,006	318,489 88,138 230,352	10,871	34.4 12.3 42.8	22,862	31,000 11,140 19,860	846	19.7 1.0 27.6	
White Inside central city Outside central city	. 69,539	265,478 67,43 198,04	3 2,106	37.2 3.1 48.8	15,130	25,280 8,87 16,40	7 -4,147 68,178	24.1 -6.1 34.4	
Negro and other races Inside central city Outside central city	. 63,865 29,467	53,000 20,700 32,30	8,765	20.5 42.3 6.5	7,732	5,72 2,26 3,45	8 3,301		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

ſ	December 1							
The State Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	. Populati	UII .	Change	B	C(omponents of		
Counties Transfer of the Counties		1				-	Net migra	ation
I	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREASContinued								
Pensacola: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	243,075	203,376	39,699	19.5	56,361	15,897	-765	-0,4
	59,507	56,752	2,755	4.8	17,515	6,252	1-8,508	-15,0
	183,568	146,624	36,944	25.2	38,846	9,645	/7,743	5,3
White Land of the Control of the Con	162,993	137,425	25,568	18.6	34,508	9.990	1,050	0.8
	39,539	38,070	1,469	3.8	9,784	4,060	-4,255	-11.2
	123,454	99,355	24,099	24.3	24,724	5,930	5,305	5.3
Negro and other races*	42,341	36,404	5,937	16.3	12,305	3,599	-2,769	-7.6
	19,968	18,682	1,286	6.9	7,731	2,192	-4,253	-22.8
	22,373	17,722	4,651	26.2	4,574	1,407	1,484	8.4
Tallahassee: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	103,047	74,225	28,822	38.8	17,705	5,739	16,856	22.7
	71,897	48,174	23,723	49.2	11,401	3,808	16,130	33.5
	31,150	26,051	5,099	19.6	6,304	1,931	726	2.8
White Inside central city Outside central city	76,525	49,816	26,709	53.6	11,500	3,256	18,465	37.1
	53,235	32,215	21,020	65.2	7,409	2,174	15,785	49.0
	23,290	17,601	5,689	32.3	4,091	1,082	2,680	15.2
Nagro and other races	26,522	24,409	2,113	8.7	6,205	2,483	-1,609	-6.6
	18,662	15,959	2,703	16.9	3,992	1,634	345	2.2
	7,860	8,450	-590	-7.0	2,213	849	-1,954	-23.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg:	1 010 504	##D 459	0.40 1.41	53.4	1.40.040	110 000	010 500	07.5
Total population	1,012,594	772,453	240,141	31.1	143,949	116,338	212,530	27.5
	277,767	274,970	2,797	1.0	55,966	32,347	-20,822	-7.6
	216,232	181,298	34,934	19.3	23,722	37,873	49,085	27.1
	518,595	316,185	202,410	64.0	64,261	46,118	-184,267	58.3
White Tampa city St. Petersburgh city Outside central cities	900,153	683,313	216,840	31.7	114,759	105,673	207,754	30,4
	222,082	228,514	-6,432	-2.8	41,414	26,303	-21,543	-9,4
	183,765	157,110	26,655	17.0	15,455	35,211	46,411	29,5
	494,306	297,689	196,617	66.0	57,890	44,159	182,886	61,4
Negro and other races Tampa city St. Petersburg city Outside central cities	112,441	89,140	23,301	26.1	29,190	10,665	4,776	5,4
	55,685	46,456	9,229	19.9	14,552	6,044	721	1,6
	32,467	24,188	8,279	34.2	8,267	2,662	2,674	11,1
	24,289	18,496	5,793	31.3	6,371	1,959	1,381	7,5
West Palm Beach: Total population	348,753	228,106	120;647	52.9	51,687	30,726	99,686	43.7
	57,375	56,208	1,167	2.1	10,817	8,233	-1,417	-2.5
Outside central city	291,378	171,898	119,480	69.5	40,870	22,493	101,103	58.8
	286,460	175,931	110,529	62.8	33,721	24,684	101,492	57.7
	43,223	40,795	2,428	6.0	6,733	6,360	2,055	5.0
	243,237	135,136	108,101	80.0	26,988	18,324	99,437	73.6
Negro and other races:	62,293	52,175	10,118	19.4	17,966	6,042	-1,806	-3.5
	14,152	15,413	-1,261	-8.2	4,084	1,873	-3,472	-22.5
	48,141	36,762	11,379	31.0	13,882	4,169	1,666	4.5
COUNTIES								
Alachua Negro and other races Baker Negro and other races. Bay Negro and other races. Bradford Negro and other races. Brevard Negro and other races.	104,764 22,099 9,242 1,867 75,283 10,454 14,625 3,437 230,006 21,568	74,074 19,608 7,363 1,600 67,131 10,051 12,446 2,877 111,435 12,526	30,690 2,491 1,879 267 8,152 403 2,179 560 118,571 9,042	41.4 12.7 25.5 16.7 12.1 4.0 17.5 19.5 106.4 72.2	20,698 6,447 1,851 561 16,662 3,090 2,684 790 41,324 6,152	6,592 2,604 721 173 4,963 911 1,449 350 9,632 1,362	16,584 -1,352 749 -121 -3,547 -1,776 944 120 86,879 4,252	22.4 -6.9 10.2 -7.6 -5.3 -17.7 7.6 4.2 78.0
Broward Negro and other races Calhoun Negro and other races	620,100	333,946	286,154	85.7	75,688	45,812	256,278	76,7
	79,399	55,322	24,077	43.5	23,974	5,801	5,904	10,7
	7,624	7,422	202	2.7	1,562	818	-542	-7,3
	1,166	1,190	-24	-2.0	309	165	-168	-14,1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

·	Population		Change	Ī		mponents of c	hange	
The State Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	ropulation		Ontango				Net migra	tion
Counties	1070	1000	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
	1970	1960	Number	Letreur	Dittila	Deariis	Humber	1 0100111
COUNTIESContinued								•
Charlotte	27,559	12,594	14,965	118.8	2,008	3,312	16,269	129.2
Citrus	19,196	9,268	9,928 253	107,1 15,3	1,877 553	1,741 176	9,792 -124	105.7 -7.5
Negro and other races	1,907 32,059	1,654 19,535	12,524	64.1	5,408	1,780	8,896	45.5
Clay Negro and other races	3,001	2,698	303	11.2	871	285	-283	-10,5 122,2
Collier	38,040	15,753	22,287	141.5	5,386	2,350 479	19,251 454	18.5
Negro and other races	3,554	2,458 20,077	1,096 5,173	44.6 25.8	1,121 5,321	2,398	2,250	11.2
Columbia Negro and other races	25,250 6,338	6,084	254	4,2	1,865	829	-782	-12,9
Dade	1,267,792	935,047	332,745	35.6	185,271	106,837	254,311	27.2 14.0
Negro and other races	196,227	138,993	57,234	41.2	51,145	13,360	19,449 326	2,8
De Soto	13,060	11,683	1,377	11.8 8.6	2,422 790	322	-249	-9,8
Negro and other races	2,761 5,480	2,542 4,479	219 1,001	22.3	1,363	452	90	2,0
Dixie Negro and other races	5,480 953	650	303	46.6	248	100	155	23,8
Duva1	528,865	455,411	73,454	16.1	114,671	42,639 13,144	1,422 -3,915	0.3 -3.7
Negro and other races	121,152	106,378	14,774 31,505	13.9 18.1	31,833 46,813	13,589	-1,719	-1.0
Escambia Ragro and other races	205,334 42,341	173,829 36,404	5,937	16.3	12,305	3,599	-2,769	-7.6
Flagler	4,454	4,566	-112	-2,5	991	576	-527	-11.5
Negro and other races	1,495	1,740	~245	-14,1	61.0	225 881	-630 -240	-36.2 -3.6
Franklin	7,065	6,576	489	7.4 -4.4	1,610 393	206	-248	-17.8
Negro and other races	1,335 39,184	1,396 41,989	-61 -2,805	-6.7	10,282	3,595	-9,492	-22,6
Gadsden Negro and other races	23,251	24,951	-1,700	-6.8	8,015	2,318	-7,397	-29.6
Gilchrist	3,551	2,868	683	23.8	624 120	316 49	375 -113	13,1 -33,8
Negro and other races	292	334	-42 719	-12.6 24.4	619	286	386	13,1
Glades Negro and other races	3,669 1,144	2,950 1,223	-79	-6.5	254	111	-222	-18,2
Gulf	10,096	9,937	159	1.6	2,178	752	-1,267	-12.8 -12.2
Negro and other races	2,474	2,387	87	3.6	596 1 002	217 863	-292 -957	-12,4
Hamilton	7,787	7,705 3,430	82 338	1.1 -9.9	1,902 1,025	397	-966	-28.2
Negro and other races	3,092 14,889	12,370	2,519	20.4	2,885	1,415	1,049	8.5
Hendry	11,859	8,119	3,740	46.1	2,860	921	1,801 21	22.2 1.0
Negro and other races	2,984	2,198	786	35,8	1,086 2,568	321 1,705	4,946	44.1
Hernando	17,004	11,205 2,355	5,799 559	51.8 23.7	767	251	43	1.8
Negro and other races	2,914	-			5,085	3,101	6,185	29,0
Highlands	29,507	21,338	8,169 1,921	38.3 42.5	1,886	599	634	14.0
Regro and other races	6,439 490,265	4,518 397,788	92,477	23.2	89,437	43,932	46,972	11,8
Hillsborough	68,146	55,836	12,310	22,0	17,808	7,040	1,542	2.8 -5.4
Rolmes	10,720	10,844	-124	-1.1	1,796 6,447	1,334 3,484	-586 7,720	30.5
Indian River	35,992	25,309 5,389	10,683 1,339	42,2 24.8	2,220	579	-302	-5.6
Negro and other races	6,728 34,434	36,208	-1,774	-4.9	6,443	3,499	-4,718	-13.0
Negro and other races	1	11,242	-1,067	-9,5	2,469	1,182	-2,354	-20,9
Jefferson	8,778	9,543	-765	-8.0	2,180	1,091 634	-1,854 -1,679	-19.4 -29.8
Negro and other races	4,904	5,642	⊷738 3	-13.1 0.1	1,575 469	-333		-4.6
Lafayette		2,889 344		-3.8	105	47	-71	-20,6
Negro and other races	1	57,383	11,922	20,8	10,951	8,262		16.1
Negro and other races	12,252	11,174		9.6	3,451 13,504	1,272 8,147		-9.9 83.1
Lee	105,216	54,539 8,575	50,677 4,090	92.9 47.7	3,574	1,230	1,746	20.4
Negro and other races		74,225		38.8	17,705	5,739	16,856	22.7
Negro and other races		24,409		8.7	6,205	2,483	-1,609	-6,6
Levy	12,756	10,364		23.1	2,430 1,096	1,338 417		12.5 ~19.0
Negro and other races	. 3,216	3,133 3,138		2.6 7.7	644	343	-60	-1,9
Negro and other races		478		2.9	1.41	55		
Madison	* 1	14,154	-673	-4.8	3,058	1,499		
Negro and other races	5,919	6,724		-12.01 40.4	1,938 11,101	707 11,762		
Manatee		69,168 10,526		27.9		1,174	941	
Negro and other races	. 13,462	10,020	. 2,000			•		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

Counties	The State	Populatio	ж	Change		Co	mponents of	of change	
COUNTIES—Continued 1970	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas								ation
Marico.	Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
Marico.									
Negro and other races	COUNTIES Continued								ļ
Martin 28 038 16,932 11,103 61.6 3,999 2,676 9,780 07.8									
Magro and other races									
Monros									
Negro and other races									-8.6
Negro and other races	Negro and other races	5,224			5.1		570	-537	-10.8
Okaloosa 88,187 61,176 27,012 44.2 19,868 3,385 10,528 17.2 Okosohobee 11,233 6,424 4,809 74.9 2,232 812 3,288 51,3 Negro and other races 14,931 368,840 80,771 30.6 63,104 25,588 43,205 162 Negro and other races 49,833 39,435 10,188 25,81 3,405 3,447 6,280 33.0 Negro and other races 2,242 2,008 234 11.7 638 30.0 74.7 6,280 33.0 Negro and other races 62,233 52,175 10,18 19,17 17,968 6,042 -7,521 40,449 110.0 Negro and other races 62,233 52,175 10,18 19,17 17,962 6,042 7,521 40,449 110.0 Negro and other races 42,255 33,904 10,991 33.0 11,382 3,655 3,234 41,040 110.0 Pi	Nassau	20,626	17,189	3,437			1,599	1,143	
Cheschobse 11,233									
Negro and other races	Okaloosa	88,187	61,175	27,012	44.2	19,868	3,385	10,529	17.2
Crange 344, 311 283, 840 80,771 30.6 63,104 25,58 43,205 16,4 Megro and other races 49,633 39,435 10,198 25.6 13,801 3,888 35 1.0 Oscacla. 25,287 19,029 4,338 32.8 3,405 3,447 6,220 33.0 Megro and other races 2,242 2,008 334 11.7 638 320 -4.4 -4.2 Palm Beach 348,753 228,106 120,647 52.9 51,867 30,726 99,886 43.7 Megro and other races 62,283 52,175 10,118 10.4 17,866 8,042 -1,806 -2.5 -1,806 Pinellas 52,228 374,668 429 10.5 6,242 7,521 40,449 10.0 Pinellas 52,228 374,668 147,668 39.4 54,512 72,406 165,568 44.2 Pinellas 52,322 374,668 11,019 33.0									
Megro and other races									
Seconds									
Negro and other races 2 242 2 008 234 11.7 638 320 -84 -4.2 Palm Beach 348,753 228,108 120,647 52.9 51,687 30,726 99,886 43.5 Negro and other races 62,293 52,175 10,118 19.4 17,986 6,042 -1,806 -3.5 Pasco 75,555 36,785 38,170 106.5 6,242 7,521 40,449 110.0 Pinellas 522,329 374,685 147,684 39.4 54,512 72,406 165,588 44.2 Negro and other races 44,285 33,304 10,991 33.0 11,382 3,635 3,284 9.7 Poltam 227,222 195,138 32,083 16,4 43,558 20,912 9,437 4.8 Putnam 36,290 32,212 4,777 13.2 11,045 3,797 -2,471 -6.8 Putnam 36,290 32,212 4,777 13.2 1,045 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>									
Name Name									-4.2
Pasco 75,985 36,788 39,170 106.5 6,242 7,521 40,448 110.0 Negro and other races 4,516 4,586 429 10.5 838 456 -53 -1.3	Palm Beach	348,753		120,647	52.9	51,687	30,726	99,686	
Negro and other races. 4,516 4,086 428 10.5 938 456 -53 -1.3 Pinellas						17,966			
Pinellas									
Negro and other races.	Negro and other races	4,515	4,086	429	10.5	938	456	-53	-1.3
Polk									
Negro and other races									
Putnam									
Negro and other races. 9,787 10,032 -245 -2.4 2,852 1,245 -1,852 -18.5 5t. Johns. 30,727 30,034 693 2.3 5,643 3,850 -1,100 -3.7 Negro and other races. 6,874 8,230 -1,356 -16.5 2,016 1,029 -2,343 -28.5 5t. Lucie. 50,836 39,294 11,542 29.4 9,877 4,944 6,609 16.8 Negro and other races. 15,943 12,771 3,172 24.8 4,704 1,417 -115 -0.9 Santa Rosa. 37,741 29,847 8,194 27.7 9,548 2,308 954 3.2 Sarasota. 120,413 76,895 43,518 56.6 12,249 13,235 44,504 57.9 Seminole. 83,692 54,947 28,745 52.3 14,770 5,470 19,445 35.4 Negro and other races. 14,232 13,874 658 4.8 4,158 1,734 -1,766 -13.0 Negro and other races. 3,545 3,060 485 15.8 1,086 394 -207 -6.8 Suwannes. 15,559 14,961 598 4.0 3,180 1,742 -840 -5.6 Negro and other races. 3,683 4,073 -390 -9.6 1,131 513 -1,008 -24.7 Taylor. 13,841 13,868 47.07 -4.9 918 439 -636 -19.6 Union. 8,112 6,043 2,069 34.2 1,048 541 1,562 25.8 Negro and other races. 2,323 1,617 706 43.7 367 115 454 28.1 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -687 -9.3 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -687 -9.3 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -687 -9.3 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -687 -9.3 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -687 -9.3 Negro and other races. 16,608 1,556 511 3.3 2,521 1,707 -303 -15.6 Negro and other races. 16,608 15,576 511 3.3 2,521 1,707 -303 -15.6 Negro and other races. 16,608 15,576 511 3.3 2,521 1,707 -303 -15.6 Negro and other races. 11,453 11,249 204 1.8 2,249 1,329 -716 -6.4								29	
St. Johns 30,727 30,034 693 2.3 5,643 3,850 -1,100 -3.7 St. Lucie 6,874 8,230 -1,356 -16.5 2,016 1,029 -2,343 -28.5 St. Lucie 50,836 39,294 11,542 29.4 9,877 4,944 6,609 16.8 Negro and other races 15,943 12,771 3,172 24.8 4,704 1,417 -115 -0.9 Santa Rosa 37,741 29,547 8,194 27.7 9,548 2,308 954 3.2 Sarasota 120,413 76,895 43,518 56.6 12,249 13,235 44,504 57.9 Seminole 83,692 54,474 28,745 52.3 14,770 5,470 19,45 35.4 Negro and other races 14,232 13,574 658 4.8 4,158 1,734 -1,766 -13.0 Suwannee 14,839 11,869 2,970 25.0 2,634 1,564 1,900 16.0 Negro and other races 3,545 3,685 4.0 3,180 1,742 -840 -5.8 Suwannee 15,559 14,961 598 4.0 3,180									
Negre and other races 6,874 8,230 -1,356 -16.5 2,016 1,029 -2,343 -28.5 St. Lucie 50,836 39,294 11,542 29.4 9,877 4,944 6,609 16.8 Negro and other races 15,943 12,771 3,172 24.8 4,704 1,417 -115 -0.9 Santa Rosa 37,741 29,547 8,194 27.7 9,548 2,308 954 3,2 Sarasota 120,413 76,895 43,518 56.6 12,249 13,235 44,504 57.9 Seminole 83,692 54,947 28,745 52.3 14,770 5,470 19,445 35.4 Negro and other races 14,839 11,869 2,970 25.0 2,634 1,564 1,900 16.0 Negro and other races 3,545 3,060 485 15.8 1,086 394 -207 -6.8 Suxannes 13,841 13,168 473 3.6 3,080 1,742 -840 -51.8 Sugro and other races 3,080 3,237<									-3.7
Negro and other races		6,874		-1,356				-2,343	
Santa Rosa				11,542	29.4				
Sarasota 120,413 76,895 43,518 56.6 12,249 13,235 44,504 57.9	Negro and other races	15,943	12,771	3,172	24.8	4,704	1,417	-115	-0.9
Seminole 83,692 54,947 28,745 52.3 14,770 5,470 19,445 35.4 Negro and other races 14,232 13,574 658 4.8 4,158 1,734 -1,766 -13.0 Sumter 14,839 11,869 2,970 25.0 2,634 1,564 1,900 16.0 Negro and other races 3,545 3,060 485 15.8 1,086 394 -207 -6.8 Siwannee 15,559 14,961 598 4.0 3,180 1,742 -840 -5.8 Negro and other races 3,683 4,073 -390 -9.6 1,131 513 -1,008 -24.7 Taylor 13,841 13,168 473 3.6 3,098 1,302 -1,323 -10.0 Negro and other races 3,080 3,237 -157 -4.9 918 439 -636 -19.6 Union 8,112 6,043 2,069 34.2 1,048 541 1,562 25.8 Negro and other races 2,231 1,617 706 <	Santa Rosa	37,741	29,547	8,194	27.7	9,548	2,308	954	
Negro and other races. 14,232 13,574 658 4.8 4,158 1,734 -1,786 -13.0 Sumter. 14,839 11,889 2,970 25.0 2,634 1,564 1,900 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16.0 16									
Sumter									
Negro and other races. 3,545 3,060 485 15.8 1,086 394 -207 -6.8 Suwannee. 15,559 14,961 598 4.0 3,180 1,742 -840 -5.8 Negro and other races. 3,683 4,073 -390 -9.6 1,131 513 -1,008 -24.7 Taylor 13,841 13,168 473 3.6 3,098 1,302 -1,323 -10.0 Negro and other races. 3,080 3,237 -157 -4.9 918 439 -636 -19.6 Union 8,112 6,043 2,069 34.2 1,048 541 1,562 25.8 Negro and other races. 2,233 1,617 706 43.7 367 115 454 28.1 Volusta. 169,487 125,319 44,168 35.2 23,785 22,167 42,555 34.0 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,004 2,718 -697 -3.3 Wakulla. 6,308 5,257 1,051 20.0 1,142 565 474 9.0 Negro and other races. 1,538 1,502 36 2.4 439 170 -233 -15.5 Walton. 16,087 15,576 511 3.3 2,521 1,707 -303 -1.9 Negro and other races. 1,922 2,115 -193 -9.1 560 236 -517 -24.4 Washington. 11,453 11,249 204 1.8 2,249 1,329 -716 -6.4				l					
Siwannee									
Negro and other races. 3,683 4,073 -390 -9.6 1,131 513 -1,008 -24.7 Taylor									
Negro and other races. 3,080 3,237 -157 -4.9 918 439 -636 -19.6 Union									
Negro and other races. 3,080 3,237 -1.57 -4.9 918 439 -638 -19.6 Union. 8,112 6,043 2,069 34.2 1,048 541 1,562 25.8 Negro and other races. 2,323 1,617 706 43.7 367 115 464 28.1 Volusia. 169,487 125,319 44,168 35.2 23,785 22,167 42,550 34.0 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -687 -3.3 Negro and other races. 6,308 5,257 1,051 20.0 1,142 565 474 9.0 Negro and other races. 1,538 1,502 36 2.4 439 170 -233 -15.5 Walton. 16,087 15,576 511 3.3 2,521 1,707 -303 -1.9 Negro and other races. 1,922 2,115 -193 -9.1 560 236 -517 -24.4 Washington. 11,453 11,249 204 1.8 2,249 1,329 -716 -6.4	Taylor	13.641	13.168	473	3.6	3.098	1,302	-1,323	-10.0
Negro and other races. 2,323 1,617 706 43.7 367 115 454 28.1 Volusta. 169,487 125,319 44,168 35.2 23,785 22,167 42,550 34.0 Negro and other races. 24,331 21,142 3,189 15.1 6,604 2,718 -697 -3.3 Wakulla. 6,308 5,257 1,051 20.0 1,142 565 474 9.0 Negro and other races. 1,538 1,502 36 2.4 439 170 -233 -15.5 Walton. 16,087 15,576 511 3.3 2,521 1,707 -303 -1.9 Negro and other races. 1,922 2,115 -193 -9.1 560 236 -517 -24.4 Washington. 11,453 11,249 204 1.8 2,249 1,329 -716 -6.4				1					
Volusia		8,112		2,069	34.2	1,048	541		
Negro and other races									
Wakulla									
Negro and other races									
Walton								1	
Negro and other races	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1					
Washington									
viable and come unestablished where Witiel Tol 0401 100 7001	Negro and other races	2,365	2,178	187	8.6	759	253	-319	-14.6

 $^{^{1}}$ Also includes substantial amount of change due to annexations to central cities. See text. 2 E County only.

²Race detail shown for Escambia

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

[For meaning of symbols, see text]											
The State	Population		Change		Popula	tion	Chang	3			
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent			
Statistical Areas		THE S	PATE		1	ETROPOLITAN	RESIDENCE				
TOTAL POPULATION								İ			
All ages	6,789,443	4,951,560	1,837,883	37.1	4,656,993	3,395,125	1,261,868	37.2			
Under 5 years	501,179	541,101	-39,922	-7.4	339,587	366,398 621,509	-26,811 219,991	-7.3 35.4			
5 to 14 years	1,248,728	925,713	323,015	34.9 69.4	841,500 754,722	429,030	325,692	75.9			
15 to 24 years	1,073,293 1,508,628	633,664 1,278,631	439,629 229,997	18.0	1,054,012	902,860	151,152	16.7			
25 to 44 years	1,468,249	1,019,322	448,927	44.0	1,009,406	705,304	304,102	43.1			
65 years and over	989,366	553,129	436,237	78.9	657,766	370,024	287,742	77.8			
WHITE POPULATION		i			į						
All ages	5,719,343	4,063,881	1,655,462	40,7	3,928,422	2,817,524	1,110,898	39.4			
Under 5 years	382,241	403,452	-21,211	-5,3	258,499	275,893	-17,394 161,474	-6.3 32.7			
5 to 14 years	973,697	725,031	248,666	34.3	655,750	494,276 343,877	277,466	80,7			
15 to 24 years	878,890	502,956	375,934 218,206	74.7 20.8	621,343 884,828	746,711	138,117	18.5			
25 to 44 years	1,268,847 1,296,339	1,050,641 875,043	421,296	48.1	894,046	613,032	281,014	45.8			
45 to 64 years	919,329	506,758	412,571	81.4	613,956	343,735	270,221	78.6			
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES											
	1,070,100	007 670	182,421	20,6	728,571	577,601	150,970	26.1			
All ages	118,938	887,679 137,649	-18,711	-13.6	81,088	90,505	-9,417	-10.4			
5 to 14 years	275,031	200,682	74,349	37.0	185,750	127,233	58,517	46.0			
15 to 24 years	194,403	130,708	63,695	48.7	133,379	85,153	48,226 13,035	56,6 8,3			
25 to 44 years	239,781	227,990	11,791	5,2	169,184	156,149 92,272	23,088	25,0			
45 to 64 years	171,910	144,279	27,631	19.2 51.0	115,360 43,810	26,289	17,521	66,6			
65 years and over	70,037	46,371	23,666		1		<u></u>				
		INSIDE CEN	TRAL CITIES			OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITIES				
TOTAL POPULATION	ļ							#0 F			
All ages	1,956,481	1,601,222	355,259	22,2	2,700,512	1,793,903	906,609	50,5 -2,7			
Under 5 years	140,258	161,518	-21,260	-13.2	199,329	204,880 345,939	-5,551 161,200	46.6			
5 to 14 years	334,361	275,570	58,791	21.3 63.9		220,031	192,159	87.3			
15 to 24 years	342,532	208,999 417,263	133,533 20,589	4,9		485,597	130,563	26.9			
25 to 44 years	437,852 429,571	348,524	81,047	23.3	579,835	356,780	223,055	62.5			
65 years and over	271,907	189,348	82,559	43.6	385,859	180,676	205,183	113.6			
WHITE POPULATION											
411. amag	1,548,670	1,258,755	289,915	23,0	2,379,752	1,558,769	820,983	52.7			
All ages		110,115	1	-12.6		165,778	-3,479	-2.1			
5 to 14 years	236,385	204,362	32,023	15.7		289,914		44.7 91.3			
15 to 24 years,		158,818		68.3		185,059 423,481		27.9			
25 to 44 years		323,230		6.2 24.6		323,110		64.9			
45 to 64 years		289,922 172,308		41.8		171,427		115,6			
40 Julia and Ovoz	,	,									
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	1				200 700	235,134	85,626	36.4			
All ages				19.1 -14.3				-5.3			
Under 5 years				37.6			31,749	56,7			
5 to 14 years				49.9		34,972	23,200	66.3			
25 to 44 years				0.7	74,490	62,116		19.9			
45 to 64 years	68,322		9,720	16.				39.7 75.8			
65 years and over				61.	7 16,256	9,249	1 7,007	10.0			
			. 								

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

he State	Popula	ation.	Chang	e	Populat	tion	Change)
tandard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percer
Statistical Areas	МО	nmetropolitai	RESIDENCE		FORT	LAUDERDALE-	HOLLYWOOD SMS	A.
OTAL POPULATION			'				······································	
All ages	2,132,450	1,556,435	576,015	37.0	620,100	333,946	286,154	85,
nder 5 years	161,592	174,703	-13,111	-7.5	41,352	35,148	6,204	17.
to 14 years	407,228	304,204	103,024	33.9	103,551	60,065	43,486	72.
5 to 24 years	318,571	204,634	113,937	55.7	81,597	35,512	45,085	29
5 to 44 years	454,616	375,771	78,845	21.0	133,197	87,253	45,944	52
5 to 64 years	458,843	314,018	144,825	46.1	149,225	77,771	71,454	91
5 years and over	331,600	183,105	148,495	81.1	111,178	38,197	72,981	91
HITE POPULATION				ł				
All ages	1,790,921	1,246,357	544,564	43.7	540,637	278,624	262,013	94
nder 5 years	123,742	127,559	-3,817	-3.0	31,829	24,895	6,934	27
to 14 years	317,947 257,547	230,755 159,079	87,192 98,468	37.8 61.9	82,073	46,821	35,252	75 147
5 to 24 years	384,019	303,930	80,089	26.4	66,995 113,426	27,113	39,882 41,315	57
5 to 44 years	402,293	262,011	140,282	53.5	138,359	72,111 70,962	67,407	98
years and over	305,378	163,023	142,350	87.3	107,955	36,732	71,223	93
egro and other races								
All ages	341,529	310,078	31,451	10.1	79,463	55,322	24,141	43
der 5 years	37,850	47,144	-9,294	-19.7	9,523	10,253	-730	-7
to 14 years	89,281	73,449	15,832	21.6	21,478	13,244	8,234	62
to 24 years	61,024	45,555	15,469	34.0	14,602	8,399	6,203	73
5 to 44 years	70,597 56,550	71,841	-1,244	-1.7	19,771	15,142	4,629	30
5 to 64 years	26,227	52,007 20,082	4,543 6,145	8.7 30.6	10,866 3,223	6,819 1,465	4,047 1,758	59 20
	FO	RT LAUDERDALE	CENTRAL CITY		. 1	HOLLYWOOD CE	NTRAL CITY	
OTAL POPULATION								
All ages	139,590	83,648	88 049	98.0	100 079	25 025	273 ana	
nder 5 years	8,457	7,618	55,942 839	66.9 11.0	106,873 6,938	35,237	71,636	203 213
to 14 years	20,097	13,904	6,193	44.5	17,081	2,210 5,162	4,728 11,919	230
5 to 24 years	20,696	8,961	11,735	1,310	13,264	3,233	10,031	310
5 to 44 years	29,198	21,261	7,937	37.3	22,808	7,791	14,817	90
5 to 64 years	35,276	21,251	14,025	66.0	26,008	10,568	15,440	146
5 years and over	25,866	10,653	15,213	142.8	20,974	6,273	14,701	234
HITE POPULATION	=				,	ľ	,	
All ages	118,872	64,030	54,842	85.7	102,323	32,989	69,334	210
nder 5 years	5,969	4,069	1,900	46.7	6,328	1,818	4,510	248
to 14 years.,	14,964	9,567	5,397	56.4	15,953	4,615	11,338	245
to 24 years	16,745	5,960	10,785	181.0	12,459	2,892	9,567	330
5 to 44 years	24,056 32,187	15,531	8,525	54.9	21,452	7,142	14,310	200
years and over	24,951	18,756 10,147	13,431 14,804	71.6 145.9	25,398 20,733	10,305 6,217	15,093 14,516	146 233
EGRO AND OTHER RACES	 I	. }						
All ages	20,718	19,618	1,100	5.6	4,550	2,248	2,302	102
nder 5 years	2,488	3,549	-1,061	-29.9	610	392	218	55
to 14 years	5,133	4,337	796	18.4	1,128	547	581	106
	3,951	3,001	950	31.7	805	944	404	100
						341	464	
15 to 24 years	5,142 3,089	5,730 2,495	-588 594	-10.3 23.8	1,156 610	649 263	507 347	136. 78. 131.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Populat	ion	Change		Populati	on	Change			
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent		
Statistical Areas	ου	TSIDE CENTRA	AL CITIES		GAINESVILLE SMSA					
TOTAL POPULATION]				
All ages	373,637	215,061	158,576	73.7	104,764	74,074 8,669	30,690 116	41.4 1.3		
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	25,957 66,373	25,320 40,999	637 25,374	2.5 61.9	8,785 18,861	13,862	4,999	36.1		
15 to 24 years	47,637	23,318	24,319	104.3	30,298	17,396	12,902	74.2		
25 to 44 years	81,391	58,201	23,190	39.8	24,444	18,031	6,413	35.6 38.1		
45 to 64 years	87,941 64,338	45,952 21,271	41,989 43,067	91.4 202.5	15,792 6,584	11,437 4,679	4,355 1,905	40.7		
WHITE POPULATION	·									
			107 007	78.0	90 865	54,466	28,199	51.8		
Winder 5 years	319,442 19,532	181,605	137,837 524	75.9 2.8	82,665 6,434	5,703	731	12.8		
5 to 14 years	51,156	32,639	18,517	56.7	13,043	9,044	3,999	44.2		
15 to 24 years	37,791	18,261	19,530	106.9	26,110	14,540	11,570	79.6		
25 to 44 years	67,918	49,438	18,480	37.4	20,131	13,800	6,331 4,001	45.9 48.8		
45 to 64 years	80,774	41,891	38,883	92.8	12,193	8,192 3,187	1,567	49.2		
65 years and over	62,271	20,368	41,903	205.7	4,754	3,101	2,001	1012		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES										
All ages	54,195	33,456	20,739	62.0	22,099	19,608	2,491	12.7		
Under 5 years	6,425	6,312	113	1.8	2,351	2,966	-615	-20.7 20.8		
5 to 14 years	15,217	8,360	6,857	82.0	5,818	4,818 2,856	1,000 1,332	46.6		
15 to 24 years	9,846	5,057	4,789 4,710	94.7 53.7	4,188 4,313	4,231	82	1.9		
25 to 44 years	13,473	8,763 4,061	3,106	76.5	3,599	3,245	354	10.9		
85 years and over	7,167 2,067	903	1,164	128.9	1,830	1,492	338	22.7		
		INSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY			
TOTAL POPULATION		ļ				{				
All ages	64,510	29,701	34,809	117.2	40,254	44,373	-4,119	-9.3		
Under 5 years	4,930	3,043	1,887	62.0	3,855	5,626	-1,771	-31.5		
5 to 14 years	10,098	4,164	5,934	142.5	8,763	9,698	-935 -111	-9.6 -1.4		
15 to 24 years	22,697	9,684	13,013	134.4	7,601 9,902	7,712 11,006	-1,104	-10.0		
25 to 44 years		7,025	7,517	107.0 111.6	7,022	7,292	-270	-3.7		
45 to 64 years		4,145 1,640	4,625 1,833	111.8	3,111	3,039	72	2.4		
on years and over	3,473	,0.20	_,		,					
WHITE POPULATION										
All ages	52,048	22,678	29,370	129.5	30,617	31,788	-1,171	-3.7		
Under 5 years	3,612	2,037	1,575	77.3	2,822	3,666	-844 -267	-23.0 -4.2		
5 to 14 years		2,621	4,266	162.8	6,156	6,423 5,826	-267 74	1.3		
15 to 24 years	20,210	8,714	11,496 6,664	131.9 127.6	5,900 8,245	8,578	-333	-3.9		
25 to 44 years		5,222 2,909	3,950	135.8	5,334	5,283	51	1.0		
65 years and over		1,175	1,419	120.8	2,160	2,012	148	7,4		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES										
All ages	12,462	7,023	5,439	77,4	9,637	12,585	-2,948	-23.4		
Under 5 years	1,318	1,008	312	31.0	1,033	1,960	-927 -668	-47.3 -20.4		
5 to 14 years	3,211	1,543	1,668	108.1	2,607	3,275 1,886	-668 -185	-20,4		
15 to 24 years	,	970	1,517	156.4 47.3	1,701 1,657	2,428	-771	-31.8		
25 to 44 years		1,803	853 675	47.3 54.6		2,009	-321	-18,0		
65 years and over	1,911	1,236 465	414	89.0	951	1,027	-16	-7,4		

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Populat	ion	Chang	e	Populat	ion	Change			
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent		
Statistical Areas		JACKSONVIL	LE SMSA			INSIDE CENT	RAL CITY			
TOTAL POPULATION										
All ages	528,865	455,411	73,454	16.1	528,865	455,411	73,454	16,1		
Under 5 years	45,477	57,715	-12,238	-21.2	45,477	57,715	-12,238	-21,2		
5 to 14 years	109,331	94,974	14,357	15.1	109,331	94,974	14,357	15,1		
15 to 24 years	102,814	65,663	37,151	56,6	102,814	65,663	37,151	56.6		
25 to 44 years	128,663	127,923	740	0,6	128,663 103,080	127,923	740 22,095	0,6 27,3		
45 to 64 years	103,080 39,500	80,985 28,151	22,095 11,349	27.3 40.3	39,500	80,985 28,151	11,349	40.3		
MILTON PODYS ANYON		-								
WHITE POPULATION										
All ages	407,695	349,033	58,662	16.8	407,695	349,033	58,662	16,8		
Under 5 years	33,114	42,141	-9,027	-21,4	33,114	42,141	-9,027 8,176	-21,4 11,4		
5 to 14 years	79,648 80,738	71,472 51,289	8,176 29,449	11.4 57.4	79,648 80,738	71,472 51,289	29,449	57,4		
25 to 44 years	102,416	100,824	1,592	1.6	102,416	100,824	1,592	1,6		
45 to 64 years	81,408	61,377	20,031	32,6	81,408	61,377	20,031	32.6		
65 years and over	30,371	21,930	8,441	38.5	30,371	21,930	8,441	38.5		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES										
All ages	121,170	106,378	14,792	13.9	121,170	106,378	14,792	13,9		
Under 5 years	12,363	15,574	-3,211	-20,6	12,363	15,574	-3,211	-20.6		
5 to 14 years	29,683	23,502	6,181	26,3	29,683	23,502	6,181	26,3		
15 to 24 years	22,076	14,374	7,702	53.6	22,076	14,374	7,702	53.6		
25 to 44 years	26,247	27,099	~852	-3.1	26,247	27,099	-852	-3.1		
45 to 64 years	21,672 9,129	19,608 6,221	2,064 2,908	10,5 46,7	21,672 9,129	19,608 6,221	2,064 2,908	10.5 46.7		
		MIAMI	SMSA	,		INSIDE CENTRAL CITY				
TOTAL POPULATION					<u></u>					
All ages	1,267,792	935,047	332,745	35,6	334,859	291,688	43,171	14.8		
Under 5 years	86,172	93,373	-7,201	-7.7	20,920	23,808	-2,888	-12,1		
5 to 14 years	220,267	162,633	57,634	35.4	48,997	38,496	10,501	27.3		
15 to 24 years	192,379	108,310	84,069	77.6	47,395	35,580	11,815	33,2		
25 to 44 years	303,416 292,841	265,706 211,071	37,710 81,770	14.2 38.7	83,982	79,396	4,586	8, 8 10, 0		
65 years and over	172,717	93,954	78,763	83.8	85,082 48,483	77,364 37,044	7,718 11,439	30.9		
WHITE POPULATION					1	Í				
All ages	1,071,662	796,054	275,608	34.6	256,377	225,888	30,489	13 .5		
Under 5 years	63,941	70,836	-6,895	-9.7	12,139	13,522	-1,383	-10.2		
5 to 14 years	170,107	132,829	37,278	28.1	31,366	26,372	4,994	18,9		
15 to 24 years		87,781	68,964	78.6	33,524	25,328	8,196	32.4 7.0		
25 to 44 years	253,487	223,958	29,529	13.2 38.3	62,518	58,452	4,066	7.8		
45 to 64 years		190,726 89,924	73,056 73,676	81,9	72,647 44,183	67,384 34,830	5,263 9,353	26,9		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	ļ			;	2					
All ages	196,130	138,993	57,137	41.1	78,482	65,800	12,682	19.5		
Under 5 years	22,231	22,537	-306	-1.4	8,781	10,286	-1,505	-14.0		
5 to 14 years		29,804	20,356	68,3	17,631	12,124	5,507	45.4		
15 to 24 years	35,634	20,529	15,105	73.6	13,871	10,252	3,619	35.		
25 to 44 years	49,929	41,748	8,181	19,6	21,464	20,944	520	2.0		
45 to 64 years	29,059	20,345	8,714	42.8	12,435	9,980	2,455	24,		

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Populat	ion	Change		Populat	ion	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			ORLANDO	SMSA	
TOTAL POPULATION	and a source of the source							
All ages	932,933 65,252	643,359 69,565	289,574 -4,313	45.0 -6.2	428,003 34,890	318,487 38,904	109,516 -4,014	34.4
Under 5 years	171,270	124,137	47,133	38.0	89,920	63,345	26,575	42.0
15 to 24 years	144,984	72,730	72,254	99,3	73,325	42,285	31,040	73.4
25 to 44 years	219,434	186,310	33,124	17 .8	103,291	88,754	14,537	16.4
45 to 64 years	207,759	133,707	74,052	55.4 118.3	85,398	55,851	29,547 11,831	52.9 40.3
65 years and over	124,234	56,910	67,324	110.0	41,179	29,348	11,031	20.5
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	815,285	570,166	245,119	43.0	364,110	265,478	98,632	37.2
Under 5 years	51,802	57,314	-5,512	-9.6	27,513	30,893	-3,380	-10.9
5 to 14 years	138,741	106,457	32,284	30.3	73,661	51,570	22,091	42.8
15 to 24 years	123,221	62,453	60,768 25,463	97.3 15.4	61,517 89,206	34,561 74,571	26,956 14,635	78.0 19.6
25 to 44 years	190,969 191,135	165,506 123,342	67,793	55.0	75,128	47,203	27,925	59.2
65 years and over	119,417	55,094	64,323	116,8	37,085	26,680	10,405	39.0
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES						!		
All ages	117,648	73,193	44,455	60.7	63,893	53,009	10,884	20.5
Under 5 years	13,450	12,251	1,199	9.8	7,377	8,011	-634	-7.9
5 to 14 years	32,529	17,680	14,849	84.0	16,259	11,775	4,484	38.1
15 to 24 years	21,763	10,277	11,486	111.8	11,808	7,724	4,084	52.9
25 to 44 years	28,465	20,804	7,661	36.8 60.4	14,085	14,183	-98	-0.7
45 to 64 years	16,624 4,817	10,365 1,816	6,259 3,001	165.3	10,270 4,094	8,648 2,668	1,622 1,426	18.8 53.4
•		!	and army			OUTSIDE CEN		
·		INSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY			OCIDIDE CEN	11000 0221	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	990,006	88,135	10,871	12,3	328,997	230,352	98,645	42.8
Under 5 years	7,272	8,939	-1,667	-18,6	27,618	29,965	-2,347	-7.8 52.8
5 to 14 years	16,812	15,495	1,317	8,5 76,7	73,108 53,258	47,850 30,930	25,258 22,328	72.2
15 to 24 years	20,067 20,821	11,355 23,995	8,712 -3,174	13,2	82,470	64,759	17,711	27.3
45 to 64 years	21,223	17,847	3,376	18.9	64,175	38,004	26,171	68.9
65 years and over	12,811	10,504	2,307	22,0	28,368	18,844	9,524	50,5
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	69,511	67,433	2,078	3,1	294,599	198,045	96,554	48.8
Under 5 years	3,637	5,867	-2,230	-38.0	23,876	25,026	-1,150	-4.6
5 to 14 years	9,527	11,218	-1,691	-15,1	64,134	40,352	23,782	58.9
15 to 24 years	14,299	8,338	5,961	71,5	47,218	26,223	20,995	80.1
25 to 44 years	13,846	17,971	-4,125	-23.0	75,360	56,600	18,760	33.1 77.8
45 to 64 years	16,906 11,296	14,454 9,585	2,452 1,711	17.0 17.9	58,222 25,789	32,749 17,095	25,473 8,694	50.9
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES		l			1			
All ogog	00.40-	20 800	9 700	42.5	24 200	32,307	2,091	6.5
Under 5 years	29,495	20,702	8,793 563	18.3	34,398 3,742	4,939	-1,197	-24.2
5 to 14 years	3,635 7,285	3,072 4,277	3,008	70.3	8,974	7,498	1,476	19.7
15 to 24 years	5,768	3,017	2,751	91.2	6,040	4,707	1,333	28,3
25 to 44 years	6,975	6,024	951	15.8	7,110	8,159	-1,049	-12.9
45 to 64 years	4,317	3,393	924	27.2	5,953	5,255	698	13.3
65 years and over	1,515	919	596	64.9	2,579	1,749	830	47,5

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Populati	on	Change		Populatio	on	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		PENSACOL	A SMSA			INSIDE CENTR	AL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION				Ì				
All ages	243,075 21,518	203,376 27,978	39,699 -6,460	19.5 -23.1	59,507 4,732	56,752 6,902	2,755 -2,170	4.9 -31.4
5 to 14 years	51,992	44,168	7,824	17,7	12,283	11,541	742	6.4
15 to 24 years	52,237	34,325	17,912	52.2	10,615	7,511	3,104 -2,232	41.3
25 to 44 years	58,888 42,974	56,003 30,280	2,885 12,694	5.2 41.9	13,388 12,749	15,620 10,848	1,901	17.5
65 years and over	15,466	10,622	4,844	45.6	5,740	4,330	1,410	32.6
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	198,506	164,809	33,697	20,4	39,539	38,070	1,469	3.9 -31.0
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	16,733 39,700	21,514 34,894	-4,781 4,806	-22.2 13.8	2,840 7,084	4,115 7,398	-1,275 -314	-4,2
15 to 24 years	44,188	28,423	15,765	55.5	7,247	4,901	2,346	47,9
25 to 44 years	49,264	46,532	2,732	5.9	9,233	10,854	-1,621	-14.9 17.9
45 to 64 years	35,902 12,719	24,738 8,708	11,164	45.1 46.1	8,951 4,184	7,589 3,213	1,362 971	30.2
oo years and over	12,715	0,100	4,021	10.1	1,101	,,,,,,		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	44,569	38,567	6,002	15.6	19,968	18,682	1,286	6.9
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	4,785	6,464	-1,679	-26.0	1,892	2,787	-895 1,056	-32.1 25.5
15 to 24 years	12,292 8,049	9,274 5,902	3,018 2,147	32.5 36.4	5,199 3,368	4,143 2,610	758	29,0
25 to 44 years	9,624	9,471	153	1.6	4,155	4,766	-611	-12.8
45 to 64 years	7,072	5,542	1,530	27.6	3,798	3,259	539 439	16,5 39,3
65 years and over	2,747	1,914	833 .	43.5	1,556	1,117		
		OUTSIDE CE	ENTRAL CITY			BESAHALLAT	E SMSA	
TOTAL POPULATION		,				.		
All ages		146,624	36,944	25,2	103,047	74,225	28,822	38,8 -4,2
Under 5 years	16,786 39,709	21,076 32,627	-4,290 7,082	-20,4 21.7	8,522 18,865	8,898 14,389	-376 4,476	31,1
5 to 14 years		26,814	14,808	55.2	29,143	16,169	12,974	80,2
25 to 44 years	45,500	40,383	5,117	12.7	24,995	19,387	5,608	28.9
45 to 64 years		19,432	10,793	55.5 54.6	15,904 5,618	11,507 3,875	4,397 1,743	38,2 45,0
65 years and over	9,726	6,292	3,434	04.0	0,010	3,313		
WHITE POPULATION				Ì		İ		
All ages	158,967	126,739	32,228	25,4	76,525	49,816	26,709	53,6
Under 5 years	13,893	17,399	-3,506	-20.2	6,218	8,476	742 3,768	13.6 41.9
5 to 14 years	32,616 36,941	27,496 23,522	5,120 13,419	18.6 57.0	12,763 22,059	8,995 11,243	10,816	96,2
25 to 44 years		35,678	4,353	12.2	19,844	13,659	6,185	45,3
45 to 64 years	. 26,951	17,149	9,802	57.2	11,696	7,953	3,743	47.1 58.4
65 years and over	8,535	5,495	3,040	55,3	3,945	2,490	1,455	30,1
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES		*						
All ages		19,885	4,716	23.7	26,522	24,409	2,113 -1,118	8.7 -32.7
Under 5 years		3, 677 5,131	-784 1,962	-21,3 38,2	2,304 6,102	3,422 5,394	708	13.1
5 to 14 years	1	3,292	1,389	42.2	7,084	4,926	2,158	43,8
25 to 44 years	5,469	4,705	764	16.2	5,151	5,728	-57 <i>1</i> ·	-10.1 18.4
45 to 64 years	3,274	2,283 797	991 394	43.4 49.4	4,208 1,673	3,554 1,385	654 288	20,8
65 years and over			J. 544	7.0.7	1,013			

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Populai	ion	Chang	e]	Populat	ion	Chang	9
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		INSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY		\	OUTSIDE CENT	RAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	71,897	48,174	23,723	49,2	31,150	26,051	5,099	19.6
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	5,504 11,788	5,229 8,455	275 3,333	5,3 39,4	3,018	3,669 5,934	-651 1,143	~17.7 19.3
15 to 24 years	22,871	12,386	10,485	84.7	7,077 6,272	3,783	2,489	65.8
25 to 44 years	16,798	12,308	4,490	36,5	8,197	7,079	1,118	15,8
45 to 64 years	11,074	7,403	3,671	49.6	4,830	4,104	726	17.7
65 years and over	3,862	2,393	1,469	61.4	1,756	1,482	274	18,5
WHITE POPULATION					•			
All ages	53,235	32,215	21,020	65,2	23,290	17,601	5,689	32.3
Under 5 years	3,938	3,162	776	24.5	2,280	2,314	-34	-1.5
5 to 14 years	7,908	5,226	2,682	51,3	4,855	3,769	1,086	28,8
15 to 24 years	17,348	8,772	8,576	97.8	4,711	2,471	2,240	90.6
25 to 44 years	13,245	8,359	4,886	58.5	6,599	5,300	1,299	24.5
45 to 64 years	8,032	5,052	2,980	59.0	3,664	2,901	763	26.3
65 years and over	2,764	1,644	1,120	68.1	1,181	846	335	39,6
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES				•				
All ages	18,662	15,959	2,703	16.9	7,860	8,450	-590	-7.0
Under 5 years	1,566	2,067	-501	-24.2	738	1,355	-617	-45.5
5 to 14 years	3,880	3,229	651	20.2	2,222	2,165	57	2.6
15 to 24 years	5,523	3,614	1,909	52.8	1,561	1,312	249	19.0
25 to 44 years	3,553	3,949	-396	10.0	1,598	1,779	-181	10.2
45 to 64 years	3,042	2,351	691	29.4	1,166	1,203	-37	-3.1
65 years and over	1,098	749	349	46.6	575	636	-61	-9.6
	TAMPA-ST. PETERSBURG SMSA TAMPA CENT						AL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION]		
All ages	1,012,594	772,453	240,141	31.1	277,767	274,970	2,797	1.0
Under 5 years	67,550	72,169	-4,619	-6.4	21,315	28,669	-7,354	-25.7
5 to 14 years	167,980	128,321	39,659	30.9	50,317	50,484	-167	-0.3
15 to 24 years	143,782	83,846	59,936	71.5	47,898	33,579	14,317	42,6
25 to 44 years	203,269	181,463	21,806	12.0	61,356	73,351	-11,995	-16.4
45 to 64 years	224,904	174,367	50,537	29.0	62,685	59,393	3,292	5.5
65 years and over	205,109	132,287	72,822	55.0	34,198	29,494	4,704	15,9
WHITE POPULATION		1						
All ages	900,162	683,313	216,849	31.7	222,082	228,514	-6,432	-2.8
Under 5 years	54,893	58,608	-3,715	~6.3	15,130	21,919	~6,789	-31.0
5 to 14 years	139,761	109,532	30,229	27.6	36,604	40,897	-4,293	-10.5
15 to 24 years	124,687	71,030	53,657	75.5	38,405	27,318	11,087	40.6
25 to 44 years	177,713	158,186	19,527	12.3	49,007	61,219	-12,212	-19,9
45 to 64 years	206,388	158,592	47,796	30.1	53,092	50,485	2,607	5.2
65 years and over	196,720	127,365	69,355	54.5	29,844	26,676	3,168	11.9
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES				.		1	•	
All ages	112,432	89,140	23,292	26.1	55,685	46,456	9,229	19.9
Under 5 years	12,657	13,561	-904	-6.7	6,185	6,750	-565	-8.4
5 to 14 years	28,219	18,789	9,430	50.2	13,713	9,587	4,126	43.0
15 to 24 years	19,095	12,816	6,279	49.0	9,491	6,261	3,230	51,6
,								
25 to 44 years	25,556	23,277	2,279	9.8	12,349	12,132	217	1.8
	25,556 18,516 8,389	23,277 15,775 4,922	2,279 2,741 3,467	9.8 17.4 70.4		12,132 8,908 2,818	217 685 1,836	1.8 7.7 54.5

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

	Liter meaning of sy	HIDDIS, SEE LEX						
The State	Populat	ion	Change		Populai	tion	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas	ST.	PETERSBURG	CENTRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CENT	RAL CITIES	
TOTAL POPULATION						i		1
All ages	216,232	181,298	34,934	19,3	518,595	316,185	202,410	64.0
Under 5 years	11,225	12,637	-1,412	-11.2	35,010	30,863	4,147 34,513	13.4 64.1
5 to 14 years	29,299 25,367	23,986 14,970	5,313 10,397	22.2 69.5	88,364 70,519	53,851 35,297	35,222	99.8
15 to 24 years	35,090	34,723	367	1.1	106,823	73,389	33,434	45,6
45 to 64 years	49,032	44,114	4,918	11,1	113,187	70,860	42,327	59.7
65 years and over	66,219	50,868	15,351	30.2	104,692	51,925	52,767	101.6
WHITE POPULATION	:			ŀ				
All ages	183,765	157,110	26,655	17.0	494,315	297,689	196,626	66.1
Under 5 years	7,448	8,850	-1,402	-15,8	32,315	27,839	4,476	16.1
5 to 14 years	21,225	18,903	2,322	12.3	81,932	49,732	32,200	64.7
15 to 24 years	19,898	11,271	8,627	76.5	66,384	32,441	33,943 32,557	104.6 47.3
25 to 44 years	27,348 43,849	28,166 40,134	-818 3,715	-2.9 9.3	101,358 109,447	68,801 67,973	41,474	61.0
45 to 64 years	63,997	49,786	14,211	28.5	102,879	50,903	51,976	102.1
•		•				,		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES						İ		
All ages	32,467	24,188	8,279	34.2	24,280	18,496	5,784	31,3
Under 5 years	3,777	3,787	-10	-0.3	2,695	3,024	-329	-10.9
5 to 14 years	8,074	5,083	2,991	58.8	6,432	4,119	2,313	56.2 44.8
15 to 24 years	5,469	3,699	1,770	47.9	4,135	2,856 4,588	1,279 877	19.1
25 to 44 years	7,742	8,557	1,185	18.1 30.2	5,465 3,740	2,887	853	29.5
45 to 64 years	5,183 2,222	3,980 1,082	1,203 1,140	105.4	1,813	1,022	791	77.4
•			BEACH SMSA			INSIDE CEN	TODAL CITY	
•		WEST PALM	BEACH SMBA			INDIDE CEN	IIMB CATE	
TOTAL POPULATION								!
All ages	348,753	228,106	120,647	52.9	57,375	56,208	1,167	2.1
Under 5 years	25,321	23,544	1,777	7.5	3,488	4,748	-1,260	-26.5
5 to 14 years		39,752	20,981	52.8	8,258	8,909	-651	-7.3 45.6
15 to 24 years		25,524	23,623	92.6	8,850	6,077	773, 2 -2,464	-17.8
25 to 44 years		58,340	15,509	26.6	11,406	13,870 14,606	-2,464 -14	-0.1
45 to 64 years		52,035 28,911	27,253 31,504	52.4 109.0	14,592	7,998	2,783	34.8
	33,123	,	32,333			,	ŕ	
WHITE POPULATION						ĺ		
All ages		175,931	110,529	62,8	43,223	40,795	. 2,428	6.0 -21.8
Under 5 years		15,827	1,997	12.6	2,045	2,615 6,073	-570 -854	-14.1
5 to 14 years		29,119 17,897	15,875 20,407	54.5 114.0	5,219 6,452	4,035	2,417	59,9
15 to 24 years		43,070	16,271	37.8	8,151	9,490	-1,339	-14.1
45 to 64 years		43,299	25,891	59.8	11,920	11,477	443	3.9
65 years and over		26,719	30,088	112.6	9,436	7,105	2,331	32.8
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
A11	gn 000	go 175	10 110	. 10.4	14 150	15,413	-1,261	-8.2
All ages		52,175 7,717	10,118	19.4 -2.9	14,152 1,443	2,133	-690	-32.3
5 to 14 years		10,633	5,106	48.0		2,836	203	7.2
15 to 24 years		7,627	3,216	42.2	2,398	2,042	356	17.4
25 to 44 years	14,508	15,270	-762	-5.0		4,380	-1,125	-25.7
45 to 64 years	10,098	8,736		15.6	2,672	3,129	-457	-14.6 50.6
65 years and over	. 3,608	2,192	1,416	64.6	1,345	893	452	2010
	<u> </u>		1					

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

The State	Population		Unange	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		OUTSTDE CENTRAL C	ITY	
TOTAL POPULATION				
All ages	291,378	171,898	119,480	69.5
Under 5 years	21,833	18,796	3,037	16.2
5 to 14 years	52,475	30,843	21,632	70.1
15 to 24 years	40,297	19,447	20,850	107.2
25 to 44 years	62,443	44,470	17,973	40.4
45 to 64 years	64,696	37,429	27,267	72.8
65 years and over	49,634	20,913	28,721	137.3
WHITE POPULATION				
All ages	243,237	135,136	108,101	80.0
Under 5 years	15,779	13,212	2,567	19.4
5 to 14 years	39,775	23,046	16,729	72.6
15 to 24 years	31,852	19,862	17,990	129.8
25 to 44 years	51,190	33,580	17,610	52.4
45 to 64 years	57,270	31,822	25,448	0.08
65 years and over	47,371	19,614	27,757	141,5
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES				
All ages	48,141	36,762	11,379	31,0
Under 5 years	6,054	5,584	470	8.4
5 to 14 years	12,700	7,797	4,903	62.9
15 to 24 years	8,445	5,585	2,860	51.2
25 to 44 years	11,253	10,890	363	3.3
45 to 64 years	7,426	5,607	1,819	32.4
65 years and over	2,263	1,299	964	74.2

NOTE: Total populations by race in this table may differ slightly from totals shown in other tables of this report, since numbers were obtained at different stages of processing.

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960

The State		The State	······································		T	Metropoli	itan residence		Nonmetropolitan residence		e
Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge				Per-			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent]	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	cent change
All housing units	2,522,080	1,776,961	745,11		ė		1,219,979	40.1	812,851	556,982	45.9 -53.0
Vacant—sessonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	37,239 2,484,841	63,531 1,713,430	-26,29 771,41	241. 1 45.		22,612 1,686,617	32,428 1,187,551		14,627 798,224	31,103 525,879	51.8
POPULATION Population in housing units			1,784,34			4,539,790	3,322,712 3.1	36.6 -6.5	2,078,810 1	,511,543 3,2	97.5 -9.4
Per occupied unit (household) Owner	2.9 3.0	3.1 3.2	-0. -0.	2 -6	.3	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)		(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Renter TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	2.7	3.0				, ,	, ,				50.0
All occupied units	2,282,471 1,564,115	1,550,414	732,05 516,89			1,573,436 1,043,530	1,077,593 722,388	44.5	709,035 520,585	472,821 324,829	60.3
Percent owner	68.5 718,356	67.5 503,197	215,15			66,3 529,906	67.0 355,205		73,4 188,450	68.7 147,992	27.3
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	278,682	224,408	54,27	4 24	.2	189,331	148,082 55,009	27.9	89,351 47,088	76,326 36,172	17.1 30.2
Owner	135,777 48.7	91,181 40.6	44,59		••	88,689 46.8	37.1	• • • •	52,7	47.4	5.3
Renter	142,905 202,370	133,227 163,016	9,67		.3	100,642 113,181	93,073		42,263 89,189	40,154 53,058	68.1
For sale only	27,985	38,471	-10,48			16,944		-40.7	11,041	9,875 3,0	11.8
Homeowner vacancy rate For rent	1.8 85,611	3.5 73,375	12,2		.7	1.6 52,838	3.8 53,092		2.1 32,773	20,283	61.6
Rental vacancy rate	10.6	12.7			$\cdot \mid$	9.1	13,0		14.8	12.1	•••
ROOMS	010 100	100.000	19,9	8 10	ا،	159,818	133,797	19.4	52,379	58,432	
1 and 2 rooms	212,197 348,118	192,229 249,851	98,20			251,373	169,883	48.0	96,745	79,968	
4 rooms	569,075 610,016	406,586 469,205	162,4 140,8			365,507 395,314	263,068 329,506		203,568 214,702	143,521 139,699	• : : :
6 rooms	436,705	298,873	137,8	32 46	.1	297,331	212,183	40.1	139,374	86,690 48,672	
7 rooms or more	308,730	160,202 4.6			.7	217,274 4.7	111,530		91,456 4.7	4.5	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE]			•				·			
1 unit		1,396,376		66 24		1,129,846 482,815	927,230 255,990		607,396 114,720	469,140 59,487	
2 units or more		315,482 65,087		53 89 77 130.		73,956		101,3	76,108	28,355	•••
With all plumbing facilities	2,355,366	1,510,304	845,0	62 56	٥.	1,625,036	(NA		730,330	(NA) (NA)	•••
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA) (NA)	1		::	131,210 162,870	(NA (NA		49,246 56,053	(NA)	
1.01 or more persons per room	56,602	(na)	լ ,			43,507	(NA	}	13,095	(NA) (NA)	
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied		266,641 (NA)		66 -51	.4	61,581 26,461	(NA (NA		67,894 33,298	(NA)	
PERSONS	1	\\						•			01.0
1 person						300,475 549,173				65,479 155,933	91.0 67.8
3 and 4 persons				964 29	.6	465,635	360,70	4 29.1	199,973	152,940	30,8 24,3
5 persons or more				303 26),3 -11		258,153 2.4				98,469 2.7	-11,1
PERSONS PER ROOM	<u> </u>					·					- o m
1.00 or less					.8 .4	1,430,537 142,899		5 49.9 8 15.9		404,613 68,208	59.7 -7.9
VALUE	1,266,692	gas nos	370,6	366 41	ا اه.	869,587	639.22	9 36,0	397,105	256,797	54.6
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000			7 -28,0	026 -8	.6	168,365	199,58	1 -15.6	131,326	128,136	2.5 51.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	337,131			996 10 926 81		230,964 190,542		5 -1.4 1 68,1		70,250 31,100	131.0
\$15,000 to \$19,999				868 183		108,512	39,5€	9 174.2	36,633	11,708 8,827	212.9 246.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	127,339			231 234 971 216		96,723 74,481		1 230.5 2 220.5		6,776	202.7
\$35,000 or more				100 26	3,3			0 28.2		\$10,000	32.0
CONTRACT RENT						got 012	5 - DEO. P	10 47	178,526	144,015	24.0
Specified renter occupied Less than \$40				241 40 825 -45		521,319 29,003		39 47.4 32 -48.4	26,817	45,413	-40.5
\$40 to \$59	. 87,537	123,86	9 -36,	332 -29	₹.3	55,622	88,9	6 -37.	31,915		
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99				743 -1 273 76		85,888 71,276		30 -10.3 39 69.3	3 19,468	9,382	
\$100 to \$119	. 74,573	43.31	.1	607 28:		59,193	36.2	09 274.5	15,380	7.103	
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199		8 1				75,240	11.4	9 925.	9,625	1 1 623	732,6
\$200 or more	. 46,309	13,00	1	082 901 179 14		74,74	·) .	54 15.	,,,,,,	ممدند	
No cash rent				\$34 56				84 59.			

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

The State		Metropolitan re:	sidence		Insid	e central cities	;	Outsid	e central cities	;
Standard Metropolitan			Char	ige			Per-			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	cent change
All housing units	1,709,229	1,219,979	489,250	40.1	730,887	582,840	25.4	978,342	637,139	53.6
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	22,612 1,686,617	32,428 1,187,551	-9,816 499,066	-30.3 42.0	6,834 724,053	12,419 570,421	-45.0 26.9	15,778 962,564	20,009 617,130	-21.1 56.0
POPULATION	1,000,017	1,101,001	400,000	44.0	724,000	010,421	40,0	1 502,503	017,100	30.0
Population in housing units	4,539,790	3,322,712		36.6	1,888,401	1,555,587	21.4	2,651,389	1,767,125	50.0
Per occupied unit (household)	2.9 (NA)	3.1 (NA)	-0.2	-6.5 ···	2.8 (NA)	3.0 (NA)	-6.7	3.0 (NA)	3,2 (NA)	-6.3
Renter	(NA)	(NA)		• • •	(NA)	(NA)	• • •	(NA)	(NA)	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS										
All occupied units	1,573,436	722,388	495,843 321,142	46.0 44.5	675,557 403,251	524,890 319,865	28.7 26.1	897,879 640,279	552,703 402,523	62.5 59.1
Percent owner	66.3	67.0			59.7	60.9		71.3	72.8	
Renter	529,906 189,331	355,205 148,082	174,701 41,249	49.2 27.9	272,306 113,142	205,025 91,725	32.8 23.3	257,600 76,189	150,180 56,357	71.5 35.2
Owner	88,689	55,009	33,680	61,2	48,324	30,543	58.2	40,365	24,466	65.0
Percent owner	46.8 100,642	37.1 93,073	7,569	8.1	42.7 64,818	33.3 61,182	5.9	53.0 35,824	43.4 31,891	12.3
Vacant year-round units	113,181	109,958	3,223	2,9	48,496	45,531	6.5	64,685	64,427	0.4
For sale only	16,944 1.6	28,596 3.8	-11,652	-40.7	6,488	8,891 2.7	-27.0	10,456	19,705 4,7	-46.9
For rent	52,838	53,092	-254	-0,5	26,748	26,594	0.6	26,090	26,498	-1.5
ROOMS	9,1	13.0		•••	8.9	11.5	•••	9.2	15.0	•••
1 and 2 rooms	159,818	133,797	26,021	19.4	79,148	65,197	21.4	80,670	68,600	
4 rooms	251,373 365,507	169,883 263,065	81,490 102,442	48.0 38.9	111,494 154,808	89,478 123,193	24.6 25.7	139,879 210,699	80,405 139,872	
5 rooms	395,314	329,506	65,808	20.0	165,588	143,576	15.3	229,726	185,930	
7 rooms or more	297,331 217,274	212,183 111,530	85,148 105,744	40.1 94.8	125,356 87,659	101,925 59,460	23.0 47.4	171,975 129,615	110,258 52,070	
Median	4.7	4.6	0,1		4.6	4.6	-	H.7	4.7	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			[
1 unit 2 units or more	1,129,846 482,815	927,236 255,995	202,610 226,820	21.9 88.6	472,899 234,297	416,848 156,773	13.4 49.4	656,947 248,518	510,388 99,222	• • •
Mobile home or trailer	73,956	36,732	37,224		16,857	9,208	83.1	57,099	27,524	• • •
PLUMBING FACILITIES		/ \]			#00 4F0		000 880	(274.)	i
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room		(NA) (NA)	:::		694,164 60,253	508,158 (NA)	36.6	930,872	(NA) (NA)	•••
Negro occupied	162,870	(NA)	ļ ···	• • •	100,295	(NA) (NA)	•••	62,575 20,306	(NA) (NA)	• • •
Lacking some or all plumbing	43,507 61,581	(NA) (NA)	:::	• • •	23,201 29,889	74,671	-60.0	31,692	(NA)	• • • •
Negro occupied	26,461	(NA)	,	• • •	12,847	(NA)	•••	13,614	(NA)	•••
PERSONS 1 person	300,475	160,089	140,386	87.7	149,919	93,810	59.8	150,556	66,279	127.2
2 persons	549,173	355,016	194,157	54.7	226,387	173,080	30.8	322,786	181,936	77.4
3 and 4 persons		360,704 201,784	104,931 56,369		196,701 102,550	168,906 89,094	16.5 15.1	268,934 155,603	191,798 112,690	40.2 38.1
Median	2.4	2.6	-0.2		2.3	2.5	-8.0	2.4	2.8	-14.3
PERSONS PER ROOM	1,430,537	954.275	476,262	40.0	610 499	470,369	29.8	820,054	483,906	69.5
1.01 or more	142,899	123,318	19,581		610,483	54,521	19.4	1	68,797	13.1
VALUE]		j					
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000	168 365	639,229 199,581	230,358 -31,216		351,762 91,092	285,571 101,566	23,2 -10,3	517,825 77,273	353,658 98,015	46.4 -21.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	230 084	234,185	-3,221	-1.4	109,206	106,068	3,0	121,758	128,117	-5.0
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	108 512	113,371 39,569	77,171 68,943		69,639 32,885	44,310 14,813	57.2 122.0	120,903 75,627	69,061 24,756	75.1 205.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more	96,723	29,281	67,442	230.3	27,203	10,619	156.2	69,520	18,662	272.5
Median	74,481 \$15,900	23,242 \$12,400	\$3,500		\$13,900	8,195 \$11,800	165.2 17.8		15,047 \$13,000	250.5 34.6
CONTRACT RENT	1 ' '	+	, ,,,,,,,,,] ''' /	' *] ' '		
Epecified renter occupied		353,589	167,730		269,249	(NA)	• • •	252,070	(NA) (NA)	•••
\$40 to \$59	8 8 600	56,232 88,976	-27,229 -33,354		17,914 37,257	(NA) (NA)	•••	11,089 18,365	(NA)	• • •
\$80 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	08,000	95,760	-9,872	-10.3	55,312 41,701	(NA) (NA)	•••	30,576 29,575	(NA) (NA)	•••
\$100 to \$119	[601,02	42,089	29,187 99,389		30,166	(NA)	•••	29,027	(NA)	•••
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199,	75 240		106,192		34,866 28,904	(NA) (NA)	• • •	41,539 46,336	(NA) (NA)	•••
\$200 or more.	42,421	ŗ ·			12,621	(NA)		29,800	(NA)	•••
No cash rent	26,271 \$102	22,854 \$64			10,508 \$89	(NA) (NA)	•••	15,763 \$120	(NA) (NA)	• • • •

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

<u> </u>	For minimum base for denti	Lauderdaie-Holiywo				entral cities	
The State Standard Metropolitan			Change				Per
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change
All housing units	253,316	128,559	124,757	97.0	107,533	50,393	113.4 42.1
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	7,784 245,532	5,411 123,148	2,373 122,384	43.9 99.4	4,114 103,419	2,895 47,498	117.7
POPULATION					040 000	44¢ 057	109.7
Population in housing units Per occupied unit (household)	614,688 2,8	328,549	286,139 -0,2	87.1 -6.7	243,837 2.6	116,257 2.8	-7.1
Owner	2.9	3.0	-0.1	-3.3	(NA)	(NA)	• • • •
Renter	2.5	3.0	-0.5	-16.7	(NA)	(NA)	• • • •
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS						44 054	123.4
All occupied units	222,570 161,895	108,602 80,648	113,968 81,247	104.9	93,498 59,683	41,851 27,763	115.0
OwnerPercent owner	72.7	74.3	01,241		63.8	66.3	
Renter	60,675	27,954	32,721	117.1	33,815	14,088	140.0
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	19,370	13,139	6,231	47.4 99.5	6,656 2,061	5,371 1,558	23.9 32.3
Owner Percent owner	9,078 46.9	4,550 34.6	4,528	99.0	31.0	29.0	
Renter	10,292	8,589	1,703	19.8	4,595	3,813	20.5
Vacant year-round units	22,962	14,546	8,416	57.9	9,921 839	5,647 1,168	75.7 -28.2
For sale only	2,738 1.7	4,890 5.7	-2,152	-44.0	1.4	4.0	
For rent	8,492	5,843	2,649	45.3	4,797	3,189	50.4
Rental vacancy rate	12.3	17.3			12.4	18.5	• • • • •
ROOMS		ł		i			
1 and 2 rooms	18,118	11,057	•••	••••	10,034	4,780 8,971	
3 rooms 4 rooms	43,414 62,523	17,472 31,828	• • •	:::	22,528 25,490	12,642	
5 rooms	56,634	40,018	***		21,074	12,895	
6 rooms	37,391	20,258	•••	•••	14,103	7,246	• • • •
7 rooms or more	27,452 4,5	7,926 4.6	•••	:::	10,190 4.3	3,859 4.4	:::
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	1 *.5	2.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-,-		
1 unit	149,423	99,891			55,870	34,396	• • •
2 units or more	87,425	25,086		• • •	45,708	15,804	•••
Mobile home or trailer	8,684	3,582	•••	• • • •	1,841	193	•••
PLUMBING FACILITIES	041 020	101 106			101,725	48,356	
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room	241,030 15,221	121,196 (NA)	• • •	:	6,047	(NA)	• • •
Negro occupied	17,949	(NA)		• • • •	6,342	(NA)	• • •
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)	• • •	•••	2,032 1,694	(NA) 2,037	• • •
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied		7,363 (NA)	•••	• • •	314	(NA)	• • •
PERSONS	1 '	`			•		
1 person	39,962	13,541	26,421	195.1	20,445	7,069	189.2
2 persons		41,288	50,573	122.5	37,924	16,942 12,031	123.8 98.6
3 and 4 persons		34,725 19,048	24,434 12,540	70.4 65.8	23,890 11,239	5,809	93.5
Median		2.5	-0.2	-8.0	2. 2	2.3	-4.3
PERSONS PER ROOM	İ						-
1.00 or less		96,776	109,920	113.6	87,296	38,231	128.3 71.3
1,01 or more	15,874	11,826	4,048	34.2	6,202	3,620	11.0
VALUE	404.00		50.005	an a	45 100	24,111	87.2
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000		71,930 12,441	52,305 -5,566	72,7 -44,7	45,126 2,671	3,050	-12.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	. 23,695	29,932	-6,237	-20.8	8,787	9,147	-3,9
\$15,000 to \$19,999		15,740	16,408	104.2	11,262	5,325 2,048	111.5 243.6
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999		5,703 4,292	16,422 17,607	288,0 410,2	7,037 6,882	2,146	220.7
\$35,000 or more	. 17,493	3,822	13,671	357.7	8,487	2,395	254.4
Median		\$13,900	\$6,000	43.2	\$19,900	\$14,900	33.6
CONTRACT RENT		07 000		,,,,	20 012	(NA)	
Specified renter occupied Less than \$40		27,888 1,728	32,285 ~705	115.8 -40.8	33,615 522	(NA)	• • •
\$40 to \$59		5,909	-3,285	-55.6	1,121	(NA)	
\$60 to \$79	6,203	9,227	-3,024	-32.8	3,169	(NA)	
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119	.,	3,845	4,341	112.9	5,065 3,679	(NA) (NA)	
\$120 to \$149		3,796	14,237	375.1	6,708	(NA)	• • •
\$150 to \$199	13,067	1,184	20,089	1,000+	7,050	(NA)	• • •
\$200 or more		2,199	632	28.7	4,966 1,335	(NA) (NA)	• • •
Median		\$71	\$60	84.5	\$132	(NA)	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

	Fort Lauderda				central city		Outside c	entral cities	
The State Standard Metropolitan			Per-			Per-			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	change
All housing units	63,425	34,984	81.3	44,108	15,409 899	186.2 50.8	145,783 3,670	78,166 2,516	86,5 45,9
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	2,758 60,667	1,996 32,988	38.2 83.9	1,356 42,752	14,510	194.6	142,113	75,650	87.9
POPULATION	00,007	,		,	•	ļ			
Population in housing units	137,729	81,864	68.2	106,108	34,393 2.7	208.5	370,851 2.9	212,292 3.2	74.7
Per occupied unit (household).	2.5 2.7	2.8 2.9	-10.7 -6.9	2.7 2.9	2.7	7.4	(NA)	(na)	• • • •
Renter	2.3	2.8	-17.9	2.3	2.5	-8.0	(NA)	(NA)	••••
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS		00 007	00.1	38,902	12,830	203.2	129,072	66,751	93.4
All occupied units	54,596 32,208	29,021 18,337	88.1 75.6	27,475	9,426	191.5	102,212	52,885	93.3
Percent owner	59.0	63.2	100.5	70,6	73.5 3,404	235.7	79,2 26,860	79.2 13,866	93.7
Renter	22,388 5,642	10,684 4,809	109.5	11,427 1,014	562	80.4	12,714	7,768	63.7
Owner	1,707	1,393	22.5	354	165	114.5	7,017 55.2	2,992 38.5	134.5
Percent owner	30.3	29.0 3,416	15.2	34.9 660	29.4 397	66.2	5,697	4,776	19.3
Vacant year-round units	3,935 6,071	3,967	53.0	3,850	1,680	129.2	13,041	8,899	46.5 -49.0
For sale only	463	782 4.1	-40.8	376 1.4	386 3.9	-2.6	1,899 1.8	3,722 6.6	
For rent	1.4 3,389	2,267	49.5	1,408	922	52.7	3,695	2,654	39.2
Rental vacancy rate	í3.1	17,5		11.0	21.3	•••	12.1	16.1	
ROOMS 1 and 2 rooms	6,692	3,275	,	3,342	1,505		8,084	6,277	•••
3 rooms	13,753	6,960	•••	8,775	2,011	• • • •	20,886 37,033	8,501 19,186	:::
4 rooms	15,692 11,658	8,785 8,460		9,798 9,416	3,857 4,435	::: \	35,560	27,123	
6 rooms	7,549	4,798		6,554	2,448	•••	23,288	13,012 4,067	•••
7 rooms or more	5,323	2,706 4,3	••••	4,867 4.4	1,153 4.6	:::	17,262 4.6	4.7	
Wedian UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4.1	4,3		***		j			1
1 unit	29,970	23,025		25,900	11,371	• • •	93,553	65,495 9,282	:::
2 units or more	29,756 941	11,876 83	:::	15,952 900	3,928 110	• • •	41,717 6,843	3,389	
PLUMBING FACILITIES	3	4					dag 805	79 940	
With all plumbing facilities	59,620	33,283		42,105 2,351	15,073 (NA)	:::	139,305 9,174	72,840 (NA)]
1.01 or more persons per room Negro occupied	3,696 5,369	(NA) (NA)	:::	973	(NA)	•••]	11,607	(NA) (NA)	••••
1.01 or more persons per room	1,716	(NA)		316 647	(NA) 336		4,172 2,808	5,326	
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied	1,047	1,701 (NA)	• • •	41	(NA)		1,107	(NA)	• • • •
PERSONS		• •						0.450	
1 person	13,448	5,056	166.0	6,997	2,013 5,517	247.6 190.4	19,517 53,937	6,472 24,346	
2 persons		11,425 8,149	91.7 62.1	16,023 10,677	3,882	175.0	35,269	22,694	55.4
5 persons or more	6,034	4,391	37.4	5,205	1,418 2.3	267.1	20,349	13,239 2.7	
Median	2,1	2.3	-8.7	2.3	2.0				
PERSONS PER ROOM 1,00 or less	50,792	26,125	94.4	36,504	12,106	201.5	119,400	58,545	
1.01 or more		2,896	31.4	2,398	724	231.2	9,672	8,206	17.9
VALUE			45.0	91 700	8,249	164.0	79,109	47,819	65.4
Specified owner occupied		15,862 2,207	47.2 -29.2	21,780 1,108	843	31.4	4,204	9,391	-55.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,741	6,018	-21.2	4,046	3,129 2,349	29.3 155.8	14,908 20,886	20,785 10,415	
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	5,253 3,065	2,976 1,186	76.5 158.4	6,009 3,972	862	360.8	15,088	3,65	312.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	3,212	1,491	115.4	3,670	655 411	460.3 623.8	15,017 9,006	2,146 1,427	
\$35,000 or more		1,984 \$14,700	177.8 37.4	2,975 \$19,800	\$15,300	29.4	\$19,900	\$13,40	
CONTRACT RENT	420,200	T-2). 20		1			00 550	(NA)
Specified renter occupied		10,684 395	108.0 7.1	11,393 99	(NA) (NA)		26,558	(NA)
Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59	. 867	1,904	-54.5	254	(NA)	•••	1,503	(NA (NA	
\$60 to \$79	. 2,233	3,941	-43.3	936 1,318	(NA) (NA)		3,034	(NA	i.
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119	. 2.532	1,526	145.5	1,147	(NA)	• • •	2,740	(NA	}
\$120 to \$149	. 4,356∫	1,696	3,061	2,352	(NA) (NA)	• • •	4,906 6,017	AM) AM)	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 or more	. 4,265 2,957	692	943.6	2,785 2,009	(NA)	•••	3,240	(NA	.)
No cash rent	. 842	530		493	(NA)	•••	1,496 \$130	(NA (NA	
Median	. \$126	\$75	68.0	\$142	(NA)		1 4130	710	·

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

19/0 1960 Nullider Greek 13/0 Access 13/2 8.395 142.0 13,226 13,538	Per- cent change -2.3 -92.9 -0.9
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas 1970 1960 Number Percent 1970 1960 1970 196	-2,3 -92,9 -0.9
All housing units	-2.3 -92.9 -0.9
All housing units	-92.9 -0.9 -9.3 -11.1
All housing units	-92.9 -0.9 -9.3 -11.1
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. 18 301 1 202 5 0 20 20 8 305 144.5 13.211 13,327	-9,3 -11,1
ALL YEAK-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	-11.1
DODUT 100 DO	-11.1
Per occupied unit (household) 3.1 3.2 (NA) (NA)	
Owner 3.3 3.4 0.6 -18.2 2.6 3.0 -13.3 (NA) (NA)	••••
MOLECULAR AND MACHANIN CHANGE	1,6
all populate units	11,0
Owner 18,912 12,312 0,000 05.0 3,00 46.4 78.4 71.8	
Percent owner. 12, 202 7,576 4,625 61.1 9,540 4,151 129.8 2,662 3,425	-22,3 -18.0
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960). 5,741 4,915 826 16.8 3,259 1,665 12.0 1,827 1,867	-2,1
Owner	-43.5
Percent where: 2,432 2,365 67 2.8 1,777 1,205 47.5 655 1,385	-26,5
Vacant year-round units 2,406 1,744 002 181 87 108.0 223 270	-17.4
For sale only	-41,1
For rent	
Rental vacancy rate	j
ROOMS 1 and 2 rooms	-19.6 -9.4
1 and 2 rooms	-11.9
4 rooms	3.5
5 rooms	-10.0 30.4
7 rooms or more 5,627 2,885 2,742 95.0 3,414 1,188 187.4 2,213 3,414 1,188 187.4 5.0 4.9	2,0
Median	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 2.,273 17,987 5,286 29.4 12,715 5,949 113.7 10,558 12,038	-12.3 1.5
1 units or more	163.9
Mobile home or trailer 2,046 672 1,374 204.5 283 4 1,000 1,100	
PLUMBING FACILITIES 19,503 6,708 190.7 11,011 (NA) 19,503 6,708 190.7 11,011 (NA)	***
with all plumbing racilities 2,019 (NA) 1,158 (NA) 861 (NA)	
Negro occupied	
1.01 or more persons per room (NA) 806 1,687 -52.2 2,200 (NA)	***
Lacking some or all plumbing 3,000 (NA) Negro occupied	• • •
PERSONS 1997 1979	74.9
1 person	12,2
2 persons 10,908 7,553 3,355 44.4 6,693 2,985 124.2 4,216 3,306	-7.7 -19.4
5 persons or more 5,502 4,723 22 11.0 2 2 10.3 2.8 3.3	
Median 2.7 3.1 -0.4 -12.9 2.8 2.8 -10.3	
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	
1.00 or less) -Jm 44
VALUE	7 -2.:
Specified owner occupied 15,090 9,320 3,100 31 1,637 1,022 60,2 2,959 3,630	
Less than \$10,000	
\$15,000 to \$19,899 2,670 1,365 1,305 95.6 1,947 667 191.9 466 39	6 17.
\$20,000 to \$24,999	
\$35,000 or more	
Median \$14,100 \$10,600 \$3,500 33.0 \$15,900 \$13,100 21.4	
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied 11,782 7,501 4,281 57.1 9,449 (NA) 2,333 (NA	
1,323 2,985 -1,662 -55.7 896 (NA) 427 (MA)	
\$40 to \$59	() •
\$80 to \$79	
\$100 to \$119 1,308 261 2,697 1,000+ 1,081 (NA) 198 (NI	i) .
\$120 to \$149	
\$200 or more	
No cash rent	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

		Jacksonville SMSA			Inside cei	ntral city	
The State Standard Metropolitan			Change				Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change
Ţ		4.43 6#5	nn 000	09.4	174,312	141,252	23,4
All housing units	174,312 123	141,252	33,060 -1,054	23,4 -89.5	123	1,177	-89.5
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	174,189	140,075	34,114	24.4	174,189	140,075	24.4
POPULATION		' !	,	!			1
Population in housing units	507,189	442,179	65,010	14.7	507,189	442,179	14.7
Per occupied unit (household)	3.1	3.4	-0.3	-8.8	3.1	3.4	-8.8 -5.7
Owner	3.3	3.5	-0.2	-5.7	3.3 2.8	3.5 3.2	-12.5
Renter	2.8	3.2	-0.4	-12.5	2,0	0.2	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS		100 700	20 165	24.8	161,668	129,503	24.8
All occupied units	161,668 109,286	129,503 85,719	32,165 23,567	27.5	109,286	85,719	27.5
Percent owner	67.6	66,2			67.6	66.2	.:
Renter	52,382	43,784	8,598	19.6	52,382	43,784 27,235	19.6
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	32,689	27,235	5,454 5,520	20.0	32,689 17,939	12,419	44.4
Owner	17,939 54.9	12,419 45.6	0,020	,,,	54.9	45.6	
Renter	14,750	14,816	-66	-0.4	14,750	14,816	-0.4
Vacant year-round units	12,521	10,572	1,949	18.4	12,521	10,572	18.4 -1.5
For sale only	2,403	2,439	-36	-1.5	2,403 2.2	2,439 2.8	
Homeowner vacancy rate	2,2 6,909	4,990	1,919	38.5	6,909	4,990	38,5
Rental vacancy rate	11.7	10.2		• • •	11.7	10.2	••••
ROOMS							10.7
1 and 2 rooms	7,763	9,664	-1,901	-19.7	7,763	9,664 14,664	-19.7 8.1
3 rooms	15,850	14,664	1,186 5,190	8.1 18.9	15,850 32,683	27,493	18.9
4 rooms 5 rooms	32,683 45,164	27,493 37,086	8,078	21.8	45,164	37,086	21.8
6 rooms	42,886	35,367	7,519	21.3	42,886	35,367	21.3
7 rooms or more	29,843	16,978	12,865	75.8	29,843 5,2	16,978 5.0	75.8 4.0
Median	5.2	5.0	0,2	4,0	0,2		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			40.000	14.1	131,728	115,492	14.1
1 unit	131,728 36,379	115,492 23,273	16,236 13,106	14,1 56.3	36,379	23,273	56.3
2 units or more	6,082	2,487	3,595	144.6	6,082	2,487	144.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES	,	·					. !
With all plumbing facilities	165,503	115,649	49,854	43.1	165,503	115,649	43.1
1.01 or more persons per room	12,069	(AA)	• • •		12,069 27,916	(NA) (NA)	
Negro occupied	27,916	(NA) (NA)	•••	:::	5,567	(NA)	:::
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking some or all plumbing	5,567 8,686	25,603	-16,917	-66,1	8,686	25,603	-66.1
Negro occupied	4,773	(NA)	,		4,773	(NA)	
PERSONS				1			20.4
1 person	26,435	15,604	10,831	69.4	26,435	15,604 34,001	69.4 36.8
2 persons	46,526	34,001	12,525	36.8 15.1	46,526 56,329	48,955	15,1
3 and 4 persons	56,329 32,378	48,955 30,943	7,374 1,435	4.6	32,378	30,943	4.6
Median	2.8	3.1	-0. 3	-9.7	2.8	3,1	-9.7
PERSONS PER ROOM							
1.00 or less	148,140	112,608	35,532	31.6	148,140	112,608 16,895	31.6 -19.9
1.01 or more	13,528	16,895	-3,367	-19,9	13,528	40,000	-20.0
VALUE					193 90	79,244	24.4
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000	98,584	79,244	19,340 1,106	24,4 3.2	98,584 35,282	34,176	3.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	35,282 33,705	34,176 28,041	5,664	20.2	33,705	28,041	20.2
\$15,000 to \$19,999	14,420	9,794	4,626	47.2	14,420	9,794 3,052	47.2 98.9
\$20,000 to \$24,999	6,071	3,052	3,019	98,9 122.6	6,071 5,420	2,435	122.6
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more	5,420 3,686	2,435 1,746	2,985 1,940	111.1	3,686	1,746	111,1
Median	\$12,100	\$10,900	\$1,200	11.0	\$12,100	\$10,900	11.0
CONTRACT RENT		, i				_	,
Specified renter occupied		43,715	7,900	18.1	51,615	43,715	18.1 -61.2
Less than \$40	4,590	11,823	-7,233	-61.2 -27.4	4,590 10,995	11,823 15,148	-27.4
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	,	15,148 10,137	-4,153 2,194	21.6	12,331	10,137	21.6
\$80 to \$99	6,775	3,055	3,720	121.8	6,775	3,055	121.8
\$100 to \$119	4,247	1,329	7.484	563.1	1,247 4,566	1,329	563.1
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199		·		1 000	3,821	100	1 000 .
\$200 or more	3,821 1,516	199	5,138	1,000+	1,516	199	1,000+
No cash rent	2,774	2,024	750	37.1	2,774	2,024 \$52	37.1 42.3
Median	\$74	\$52	\$22	42.3	\$74	φυ2	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

The Cana	Miami SMSA Inside central city							Outside central city			
The State Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-			Per•	
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number		1970	1960	cent	1970	1960	cent change	
	450 O15	348,946	104 969	30,1	125,278	120,017	4,4	328,637	228,929	43.6	
All housing units	453,915 4,065	8,115		-49.9	368		-75.4	3,697	6,621	-44.2	
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	449,850		109,019	32.0	124,910	118,523	5.4	324,940	222,308	46.2	
POPULATION					000 440			048 000	an 4 men	44.0	
Per occupied unit (household)	1,244,351 2.9	917,655	326,696 -0,1	35.6 -3.3	328,418 2.7	282,897 2.6	16.1	915,933 3.0	758,634 3.2	44.3 -6.3	
Owner	3.2	3,2	-	-	2.9	2.8	3.6	(NA)	(na.)	***	
Renter	2,5	2,6	-0,1	-3.8	2.6	2,5	4.0	(NA)	(NA.)	***	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	400 005	200 206	119,710	38.8	100 202	107,825	11.7	307,642	200,500	53.4	
All occupied units	428,035 231,560	183,103		26.5	120,393 43,158	45,699	-5.6	188,402	137,404	37,1	
Percent owner	54.1	59.4			35.8	42.4		61.2	68,5	189.0	
Renter	49,475 49,493	125,222 36,087		56.9 37.1	77,235 22,726	62,126 19,061	24.3 19.2	119,240 26,767	63,096 17,026	57.2	
Owner	19,338	10,065	9,273	92,1	5,640	2,488	126.7	13,698	7,577	80,8	
Percent owner	39.1 30,155	27,9 26,022	4,133	15.9	24.8 17,086	13.1 16,573	3.i	51,2 13,069	44.5 9,449	38.3	
Renter Vacant year-round units	21,815	32,506	-10,691	-32.9	4,517	10,698	-57.8	17,298	21,808	-20,7	
For sale only	2,548	5,675		-55,1	366	750	-51.2	2,182 1,1	4,925 3.5	-55,7	
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.1 10,832	3.0 977, 19		-45.8	0,8 2,821	1.6 8,331	-66.1	8,011	11,646	-31,2	
Rental vacancy rate	5.2	13.8	,	•••	3,5	11.8		6,3	15.6		
ROOMS											
1 and 2 rooms	77,234	52,935		45,9 49,4	33,619	22,768	47.6 -0.4	43,615 60,470	30,167 30,794	44.6 96.4	
3 rooms	89,440 81,657	59,881 60,511			28,970 24,331	29,087 22,005	10.6	57,326	38,506	48.9	
5 rooms	81,732	456 86	-4,724	-5,5	19,141	22,198	-13.8	62,591	64,258	-2.6	
6 rooms 7 rooms or more	68,423 51,364	721, 57 31,417			11,589 7,260	14,476 9,472	-19.9 -23.4		43,245 21,945	31.4	
Median	4.2	4.5			3.5	3.9	-10.3		4.7	-4.3	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		,									
1 unit	253,779	225,441			57,314	60,619	-5.5		164,822 58,272	19,2 106,9	
2 units or more	186,559 9,512	116,677 6,786			65,999 1,597	58,405 982	13,0 62,6		5,804	36.4	
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1 '	•	1		1						
With all plumbing facilities			110,479	33.8		107,798	10.0		218,738	45.0	
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA (NA			23,647 21,163	(NA.) (NA.)	• • •	31,990 25,317	(NA.) (NA.)	• •	
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA			6,439	(NA)		8,862	(na)		
Lacking some or all plumbing	12,835 3,013	22,36			6,294	12,208 (NA)	-48.4	480	10,160 (NA)	-35.	
Negro occupied	3,013	(NA	′\ ···	•••	1,563	(NA)	•••	1,400	(122)	•	
1 person	86,295	51,84	1 34,454	66.5	31,041	26,090	19.0	55,254	751ر 25	114.	
2 persons	139,804	100,97	38,826	38.4	37,323	38,090	-2.0	102,481	62,888	63. 31.	
3 and 4 persons		103,153 52,36			34,561 17,468	30,916 12,729	11.8 37.2		72,237 39,624	37.	
Median		2,				2.2	4.5		2.8		
PERSONS PER ROOM			1								
1.00 or less		275,72				96,589	-1.2 122.		179,133 21,367	53. 56.	
1.01 or more	00,412	32,60	20,000	, 15,3	24,555	11,236	100	00,010	,		
VALUE Specified owner occupied	196,687	165,15	7 31,530	19.1	35,242	759, 37	-6.7	7 161,445	127 ,398	26.	
Less than \$10,000	13,107	27 ,18	9 -14,08	2 -51.8	3,837	8,118	-52.7	9,270	19,071		
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999		66,40 38,51	3 -25,026 2 15,71			17,040 7,839	-40.3		36,363 30,673		
\$20,000 to \$24,999		13,54	6 20,51			2,259	127		11,287	156.	
\$25,000 to \$34,999		10,52				1,332			9,189 7,815		
Median		8,98 \$14,20			1 1 1	1,171 \$13,100	81. 27.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$14,600		
CONTRACT RENT	1					•					
Specified renter occupied		125,02				62,126	22.		62,900 2,260		
Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59		5,78 22,15	2 -43 7 -13,46			3,522 14,305	-7. -62.		7,852	-57	
\$60 to \$79	22,403	40,81	.3 -18,41	0 -45.3	13,979	25,090	-44.	3 8,424	15,723	-46	
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119		22,27	1 '		10,010)	10,897	36.	14 942	11,376		
\$120 to \$149	. 35,509∫	20 ,92	42,14	0 201.4	12,499)	5,587	349.	23,010 {	15,334	147	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 or more		7,17	7 53,84	4 750.	9,050	989	1,000	+ 28,466 20,483 }	6,188	691	
No cash rent		5 ,90	1		3,022 s 1,600	1,736	-7.		4,16		
Median		\$7				\$68			\$86	62	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

	(MSA		Inside central city			Outside	Outside central city		
The State Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	cent change
	19/0	1900	Mullipal	1 GICGIR	1370	1300	-			
All housing units	145,741	106,632	39,109	36.7	36,836	31,827	15.7	108,905	74,805	45.6
Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	383	1,771	-1,388	-78.4	31	331 31,496	-90.6 16.9	352 108,553	1,440 73,365	-75.6 48.0
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	145,358	104,861	40,497	38.6	36,805	31,400	10.0	200,000	,	
POPULATION Population in housing units	416,956	313,024	103,932	33.2	93,263	85,710	8.8	323,693	227,314	42.4
Per occupied unit (household)	3.1	3.3	-0.2 -0.1	-6.1 -3.0	2.8 2.9	2.9 3.0	-3.4 -3.3	3.2 (NA)	3.4 (NA)	-5.9
Owner Renter	3,2 2,8	3,3	-0.5	-15.2	2.5	2.9	-13.8	(na)	(NA)	• • • •
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS				ł				100 507	ee 509	51.2
All occupied units	134,400	95,752	38,648 27,083	40.4	33,833 19,265	29,249 16,766	15.7 14.9	100,567 74,412	66,503 49,828	49.3
Owner Percent owner	93,677 69.7	66,594 69.5	21,000		56,9	57,3		74.0	74.9	56.9
Renter	40,723	29,158	11,565	39.7 27.0	14,568 7,843	12,483 5,565	16.7 40.9	26,155 9,056	16,675 7,746	16.9
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	16,899 8,392	13,311 5,018	3,588 3,374	67.2	3,425	1,233	177.8	4,967	3,785	31,2
Percent owner	49.7	37.7	• • •	2.6	43.7 4,418	22.2 4,332	2.0	54.8 4,089	48.9 3,961	3.2
Renter Vacant year-round units	8,507 10,958	8,293 9,109	214 1,849	20.3	2,972	2,247	32.3	7,986	6,862	16.4
For sale only	2,330	3,299	-969	-29.4	440 2.2	453 2.6	-2.9	1,890 2,5	2,846 5.4	-33.6
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.4 5,810	4.7 3,357	2,453	73.1	1,916	1,326	44.5	3,894	2,031	91.7
Rental vacancy rate	12.5	10.3	ĺ ····	•••	11.6	9.6	•••	13.0	10.9	••••
ROOMS				-13.3	3,023	3,249	-7.0	3,697	4,502	-17.9
1 and 2 rooms	6,720 13,408	7,751 12,232	1,176	9.6	4,618	4,415	4.6	8,790	7,817	12.4
4 rooms	28,614	22,284	6,330	28.4	8,092 8,360	6,508 7,599	24.3 10.0	20,522 28,392	15,776 22,836	30.1
5 rooms 6 rooms	36,752 32,281	30,435 21,672	6,317 10,609		7,351	6,022	22,1	24,930	15,650	59.3
7 rooms or more	27,583	12,239	15,344	125.4	5,361 4.8	4,034 4.7	32,9	22,222 5.2	8,205 4,9	170.8 6.1
Median	5.2	4.9	0,3	6.1	4,0	3.1				ı
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	113,424	89,117	24,307		24,326	22,378		89,098	66,739 4,521	33.5
2 units or more	25,926	13,556 3,940	12,370		12,095 384	9,035 414		13,831 5,624	3,526	59.5
Mobile home or trailer	6,008	3,840	2,000	02.0				,		1
PLUMBING FACILITIES With all plumbing facilities	140,114	92,740	47,374	51.1	36,118	27,997		103,996 6,319	64,743 (NA)	60.6
1.01 or more persons per room	8,853 14,012	(NA) (NA)			2,534 7,585	(NA) (NA)		6,427	(na)	
Negro occupied	l a' 4 a m	(na)		•••	1,748	(NA)		1,377 4,557	(NA) 10,043	-54.6
lacking some or all plumbing	5,244	13,873 (NA)	-8,629		687 258	3,830 (NA)		2,629	(NA)	
Negro occupied	1,007	()	'''							
1 person	21,666	11,524			8,136	5,229 9,686		13,530	6,295 19,285	114.9 56.0
2 persons	41,462	28,971 34,479			11,369 9,312	9,498	-2.0	35,295	24,981	41.3
5 persons or more	26,665	20,778	5,88	7 28,3	5,016 2,3	4,836			15,942 3.1	35.8 -6.5
Wedian	2.7	2.9	-0.2	2 -6,9		24.	,	1		
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	124,552	83,856	40,69	6 48.5	31,249	26,24		1 /	57,607	62,0 -18,3
1.01 or more		11,896		8 -17.2	2,584	3,00	-13.9	7,264	8,896	-10,5
VALUE		E0	24,41	8 41.0	17,778	15,31	1 16.1	66,144	44,193	49.7
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000		59,504 18,19		4 -11.2	2,422	3,08	2 -21.4	13,737	15,111 15,032	-9.1 19.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	24,174	21,110			6,239 4,724	6,073 3,49			7,800	82.0
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	. 18,920 9,908	11,293 3,954	5,95	4 150.6	2,051	1,31	0 56.6		2,644 2,072	
\$25.000 to \$34.999	9,151	2,914			1,510 832	84 50		4,778	1,534	211.5
\$35,000 or more	5,610 \$15,400	2,045 \$12,700			1	\$13,90	0 9.4	\$15,500	\$12,300	26.0
CONTRACT RENT					44.400	40.40	3 15.9	25,457	16,480	54.5
Specified renter occupied		28,96 6,17			14,467 1,055	12,48 2,39	1 ~55.9	1,886	3,788	-50.2
Less than \$40\$40 to \$59	. 5,091	7,45	0 -2,35	9 -31.7	1,744	3,59	1 -51.4		3,859 3,768	
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	8,386	7,04 3,27		38 19.0 34 89.6		3,28 1,46		3,400	1,813	
\$100 to \$119,	4,069	•	1		1,567	1,16		2,502 3,573	- 1,412	330.2
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	5,146	2,58	1		1,054			3,080	- 340	1,000+
\$200 or more	. 1,479	- 57	1 *		392	. 23		1 -,000	1,500	
No cash rent	. 2,470	1,85 \$6		12 32.9 27 45.0		\$6			\$59	
MCG18D	. \$87	\$6	υ \$ 2	40.0	Ι φου					

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

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The State		Pensacola S			Inside	central city		Outsid	e central city		
Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-			Per- cent	
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change	
		20		25 -							
All housing units	77,272 120	60,929 1,064	16,343 -944	26.8 -88.7	21,063 6	18,346 142	14.8 -95.8	56,209 114	42,583 922	32.0 -87.6	
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	77,152	59,865	17,287	28.9	21,057	18,204	15.7	56,095	41,661	34.6	
POPULATION]						1	
Population in housing units Per occupied unit(household)	232,572 3.3	195,592 3.6	36,980	18.9	59,042	55,965	5.5	173,530	139,627	24,3	
Owner	3.4	3.6	-0.3 -0.2	-8.3 -5.6	3.1 3.1	3.3 3.3	-6.1 -6.1	3.3 (NA)	3.7 (NA)	-10.8	
Renter	3.1	3.5	-0.4	-11.4	2.9	3.3	-12.1	(NA)	(NA)	- 111	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS											
All occupied units	71,228 50,420	54,942 38,693	16,286	29.6 30.3	19,308 12,607	16,921 10,848	14.1 16.2	51,920 37,813	38,021 27,845	36,6 35,8	
Percent owner	70.8	70.4			65.3	64.1	10.2	72.8	73.2	30,8	
Renter	20,808	16,249	4,559	28.1	6,701	6,073	10.3	14,107	10,176	38,6	
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	11,038 6,521	9,347 4,970	1,691	18.1 31.2	5,649 2,859	4,958 2,432	13.9 17.6	5,389 3,662	4,389 2,538	22.8 44.3	
Percent owner	59.1	53.2			50.6	49.1		70.0	57.8		
Renter	4,517	4,377	140	3,2	2,790	2,526	10.5	1,727	1,851	-6.7	
For sale only	5,924 917	4,923 1,003	1,001 -86	20.3 -8.6	1,749 246	1,283 277	36.3	4,175 671	3,640 726	14.7 -7.6	
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.8	2.5	•••	•••	1.9	2.5	****	1.7	2,5	•••	
For rent	2,859 12.1	2,273 12.3	586	25.8	1,002 13.0	560 8 4	78.9	1,857	1,713	8.4	
ROOMS	****		•••	***	79.0	8.4	•••	11,6	14.4	```	
1 and 2 rooms	2,714	3,805	-1,091	-28.7	1,172	1,624	-27.8	1,542	2,181	-29,3	
3 rooms	7,494	8,120	-626	-7.7	2,717	2,796	-2.8	4,777	5,324	-10.3	
4 rooms	15,893	13,671	2,222	16.3	3,430	2,912	17.8	12,463	10,759	15.8	
6 rooms	21,334 17,538	17,163 12,078	4,171 5,460	24.3 45.2	4,736 4,668	4,161 3,864	13.8 20.8	16,598 12,870	13,002 8,214	56,7	
7 rooms or more	12,179	6,092	6,087	99.9	4,334	2,989	45.0	7,848	3,103	152.8	
Median	5.1	4.8	0.3	6.3	5.2	5.0	6.1	5.1	4.7	8.5	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 unit	63,799	E0 00*	10 400	40.5	14 000			40.584			
2 units or more	9,408	53,331 5,583	10,468	19.6 68.5	16,925 4,021	14,714 3,525	15.0 14.1	46,874 5,387	38,617 2,058	21.4 161.8	
Mobile home or trailer	3,945	2,015	1,930	95.8	111	107	3.7	3,834	1,908	100.9	
PLUMBING FACILITIES											
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room	71,400 5,524	48,932 (NA)	22,468	45.9	19,359 1,424	14,704 (NA)	31.7	52,041 4,100	34,228 (NA)	52.0	
Negro occupied	8,043	(NA)	:::	:::	4,463	(NA)	•••	3,580	(NA)		
1.01 or more persons per room	1,901	(NA)			956	(na)	***	945	(na)		
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied	5,752 2,995	11,997 (NA)	-6,245	-52.1	1,698 1,186	3,642 (NA)	-53.4	4,054 1,809	8,355 (NA)	-51,f	
PERSONS	",	(****/	1	•••	1,100	(1111)	•••	2,000	(2014)		
1 person	9,391	5,256	4,135	78.7	9,650	2,330	56.7	5,741	2,926	98.2	
2 persons	20,603	13,589	7,014	51.6	5,764	4,621	24.7	14,839	8,968	65.5	
3 and 4 persons	25,712 15,522	21,648	4,064	18.8	6,208	6,164	0.7	19,504	15,484	26.0	
Median	2,9	14,449 3,3	1,073	7.4 -12.1	3,686 2.6	3,806	-3.2 -10.3	11,836	10,643 3.4	11.2	
PERSONS PER ROOM	1	- • -	{		_,,	-,-	~~**				
1,00 or less		45,753	18,713	40.9	17,545	14,486	21.1	46,921	31,267	50.1	
1,01 or more,	6,762	9,189	-2,427	-26.4	1,763	2,435	-27.6	4,999	6,754	-26.0	
VALUE Specified owner occupied	40 144	no				.		m	00 - 15	., <u>.</u>	
Less than \$10,000	43,144 16,084	33,143 18,056	10,001 -1,972	30.2 -10.9	11,838 3,449	10,003 4,367	18,3 -21.0	31,306 12,635	23,140 13,689	35.3	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	11,961	9,503	2,458	25.9	2,762	2,778	-0,6	9,199	6,725	36.8	
\$15,000 to \$19,999		3,477 1,111	3,764	108.3	2,379	1,631	45.9	4,862	1,846	163.4 372.0	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	3,528 2,849	617	2,417	217.6 361.8	1,451 1,161	671 379	116,2 206.3	2,077 1,688	440 238	609.2	
\$35,000 or more	1,481	379	1,102	290.8	636	177	259,3	845	202	318.3	
Median	\$12,300	\$9,300	\$3,000	32.3	\$14,500	\$11,000	31.8	\$11,600	\$8,800	31.8	
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied	20,146	18 000	4 004	0= 0	0 700	d 080		40 004	10.000	35.4	
Less than \$40	2,756	16,082 4,941	4,064	25.3 -44.2	6,592 1,221	6,073 2,399	8.5 -49.1	13,554 1,535	10,009 2,542	-39.6	
\$40 to \$59	4,108	4,724	-616	-13.0	2,008	1,952	2.9	2,100	2,772	-24.2	
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	3,724 2,233	3,144 1,072	580 1,161	18.4 108.3	1,143 406	1,019 211	12.2 92.4	2,581 1,827	2,125 861	112.2	
\$100 to \$119	1,580	728	1		265			1,315		353.2	
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1,769	148	2,621	360.0	487	155	385.2	1,282	573		
\$200 or more	1,563	79	1,667	1,000+	688	29	1,000+	875 }	50	1,000+	
No cash rent	2,230	1,394	836	60.0	345	308	12.0	1,885	1,086	73.6	
Median	\$71	\$51	\$20	39.2	\$59	\$45	31.1	\$77	\$54	42.6	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

The State	*	Tallahassee	SMSA		Inside ce	entral city		Outside	central city	
Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960 ch		1970	1960	change
All housing units	32,576	21,103	11,473	54.4	23,229 3		36.9 95.3	9,347 10	7,186 277	30.1 -96.4
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	13 32,563	341 20,762	-328 11,801	-96.2 56.8	23,226		37.7	9,337	6,909	35.1
POPULATION Population in housing units	93,899	67,904 3.5	25,995 ~0.5	38.3 -14.3	63,431 2.9	42,510 4 3.3 -1		30,468 3,4	25,394 3.9	20.0 -12.8
Per occupied unit (household) Owner Renter	3.0 3.3 2.6	3,6 3,3	-0.3 -0.7	-8.3 -21.2	3.2 2.5		-5.9	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	31,022	19,420	11,602	59.7	22,073	12,968 7	70.2	8,949	6,452	38.7
Owner	18,612	11,926	6,686	56.1	11,493 52,1		9.9	7,119 79,6	4,739 73,5	50,2
Renter	12,410 6,706	7,494 5,872	4,916 834	65.6 14.2	10,580 4,849	4,080	33.0 18.8	1,830 1,857 1,344	1,713 1,792 1,131	6.8 3.6 18.8
Owner Percent owner Renter.	3,386 50.5 3,320	2,825 48,1 3,047	561 273	19,9 9,0	2,042 42.1 2,807	41.5	20.5 17.6	72.4 513	63.1	-22.4
Vacant year-round units For sale only	1,541 253	1,342	199 -77	14.8 -23.3	1,153 125		30.3	388 128	457 130	-15.1 -1.5
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.3 805	2.7 593	212	35.8	1.1 732		54,4	1.8 73	2.7 119	-38.7
Rental vacancy rate	6.1	7,3			6.5	7.6		3,8	6.5 468	-31,4
1 and 2 rooms	2,240 4,370 6,722	1,445 3,087 4,066	795 1,283 2,656	55,0 41,6 65,3	1,919 3,561 4,561	2,166	96.4 84.4 79.9	321 809 2,161	921 1,530	-12.2 41.2
5 rooms	7,478 6,366	5,441 4,611	2,037 1,755	37.4 38.1	5,057 4,473	2,888	35.3 54.9	2,421 1,893	1,704	42,1 9,9
7 rooms or more	5,387 4.9	2,453 4.9	2,934	119.6	3,655 4.8	1,613 13	- 8.88	1,732	840 4.9	106.2 4.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	21,937	17,406	4,531	26.0	14,953	10,807 3		6,984	6,599 129	5.8 210.1
2 units or more	7,927 2,699	3,133 564	4,794 2,135	153.0 378.5	7,527 746	106 6		1,953	458	326.4
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room	29,547 1,786	16,006 (NA)	13,541	84.6	21,396 1,179	11,068 (NA)	93.3	8,151 607	4,938 (NA)	65,1
Negro occupied	4,305 779	(AK) (AK)		•••	3,333 560	(NA) (NA)	• • • •	972 219	(AK) (AK)	47.0
Lacking some or all plumbing	3,016 2,401	5,097 (NA)	-2,081	-40,8	1,830 1,516	2,849 - (NA)	35,8	1,186 885	2,248 (NA)	-47.2
PERSONS 1 person 2 persons	5,167	2,297	2,870 4,539		4,151 7,227	1,731 1 3,616	39,8 99,9	1,016 2,413	566 1,485	79.5 62.5
3 and 4 persons	9,640 10,741 5,474	5,101 7,175 4,847	3,566	49.7	7,352 3,343	4,892 2,729	50.3 22.5	3,389 2,131	2,283 2,118	48.4 0.6
Median PERSONS PER ROOM	2.6	3,1	-0,5	-16.1	2.5	3.0 ~	16.7	3.1	3.5	-11,4
1.00 or less	28,499 2,523	16,533 2,887	11,966 -364		20,475 1,598	11,359		8,024 925	5,174 1,278	55.1 -27.6
VALUE Specified owner occupied	15,049	10,250	4,799		10,428	6,826		4,621	3,424 1,767	35.0 -6.8
Less than \$10,000	3,526 3,430 2,692	4,057 2,914 1,672	-531 516 1,020	17,7	1,879 2,567 2,040	2,290 - 2,263 1,178	13.4	863 652	651 494	32.6 32.0
\$20,000 to \$24,999	1.950	782 544	1,168	149.4	1,551 1,522	522 1 379 3	97.1	399 580	260 165	53,5 251,5
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more Median	1,349 \$16,100	281 \$11,800	1,068 \$4,300	380.1 36.4	\$16,900	194 3 \$12,500	47.9 36.8	\$13,800	87 9,700	451.7 42.3
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied	12,038	7,366	4,672		10,495	(NA)	•••	1,543	(NA)	
Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	1,672	2,700 1,737 1,685	~1,417 -65 638	-3.7	1,057 1,469 2,073	(NA) (NA) (NA)	•••	226 203 250	(NA) (NA) (NA)	• • • •
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119	1,644	405	1,239	305.9	1,415	(NA) (NA)		229 172	(NA) (NA)	•••
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1,591 1,254	194 27		1,000+ 3 1,000+	1,497	(NA) (NA)	•••		(NA) (NA)	• • •
\$20G or more No cash rent	296	618 \$48	-9 \$37	-1.5	258 342 \$87	(NA) (NA) (NA)	• • •	267	(na) (na) (na)	• • •

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

Fo	or minimum base for d	derived figures (perco Tampa-St. Peter		f symbols, see text				
The State			Change	8			Per-	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change	
	207 00*	301,229	96,098	31.9	197,973	176,282	12.3	
11 housing units	397,327 3,793 393,534	9,522 291,707	-5,729 101,827	-60,2 34.9	1,786 196,187	5,619 170,663	-68.2 15.0	
POPULATION Population in housing units	992,579	763,033	229,546	30.1	482,255	450,208	7.1 -7.1	
Per occupied unit(household) Owner	2.7 2.8 2.4	2.9 2.9 2.8	-0.2 -0.1 -0.4	-6.9 -3.4 -14.3	2.6 (NA) (NA)	2.8 (NA) (NA)	-7,1	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS					100 801	159 040	15,6	
Owner	370,052 275,780 74.5	264,983 195,462 73.8	105,069 80,318	39.7 41.1	183,791 126,664 68.9	158,942 111,152 69.9	14.0	
Percent owner	74,5 94,272	69,521	24,751	35.6	57,127	47,790	19.5 30.7	
egro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	30,973	23,730	7,243	30.5 69.0	25,110 11,599	19,211 6,754	71.7	
Owner Percent owner	14,964 48.3	8,857 37.3	6,107	•••	46.2	35.2	• • •	
Renter	16,009	14,873	1,136	7.6	13,511	12,457 11.721	8.5 5.8	
acant year-round units	23,482	26,724	-3,242	-12,1 -52,6	12,396 1,781	11,721 3,238	-45.0	
For sale only	3,827	8,070 4,0	-4,243	-52.6	1.4	2.3		
Homeowner vecancy rate	1,4 11,067	11,652	-585	-5,0	6,431	6,013	7.0	
Rental vacancy rate	10.5	14,4	••••	•••	10.1	11.2	•••	
ROOMS	00 55-	90 840	"9 400	-8.1	16,980	18,687	-9,1	
and 2 rooms	28,259 52,131	30,749 40,099	-2,490 12,032	30.0	26,033	22,599	15,2	
rooms	52,131 95,20 6	76,809	18,397	24.0	45,957	42,198	8,9 7.8	
rooms	107,859	85,795	22,064	25.7	52,602 33,315	48,793 27,157	7.8 22.7	
rooms	66,634	43,944	22,690 19,612	51.6 82.3	33,315 21,300	16,848	26.4	
rooms or more	43,445 4.7	23,833 4.5	19,612	4.4	4.7	4.6	2.2	
Median	\	-						
INITS IN STRUCTURE	287,612	241,533	46,079	19,1	143,870	136,264 35,193	5.6 32.6	
units or more	76,655	45,671	30,984	67.8 108.7	46,658 5,659	35,193 4,825	32.6 17,3	
dobile home or trailer	29,267	14,025	15,242	108.7	5,659	2,040		
PLUMBING FACILITIES		040 040	110 40"	41.9	188,736	155,979	21.0	
Vith all plumbing facilities	380,653 20,361	268,246 (NA)	112,407	41.9	10,515	(NA)	***	
1.01 or more persons per room Negro occupied	20,361 27,370	(NA)		•••	22,713	(na)		
1.01 or more persons per room	5,612	(NA)			4,446	(NA) 20,303	-63.3	
Lacking some or all plumbing	12,881	32,983 (NA)	-20,102	-60.9	7,451 2,397	20,303 (NA)		
Negro occupied	3,603	(NA)		•••	_,,	••		
PERSONS	81,058	44,285	36,773	83.0	46,520	30,304	53.5	
1 person	81,058 142,529	99,028	43,501	43.9	66,302	56,992	16,3 1,5	
3 and 4 persons	96,085	80,242	15,843	19.7	47,021	47,742 23,904	0.2	
5 persons or more	50,380	41,428	8,952 -0,2	21.6 -8.3	23,948	23,904 2.4	-8.3	
Median	2,2	2,4	-0,2	ن _ا ن-				
PERSONS PER ROOM	949 100	240,918	107,182	44.5	172,426	145,865	18.2	
1.00 or less	348,100 21,952	240,918 24,065	-2,113	-8.8	11,365	13,077	-13.1	
VALUE		, - 				-		
Specified owner occupied		168,850	59,411	35.2	113,491	99,306 43.328	14,3 -11,8	
Less than \$10,000	63,788	70,383	-6,595	-9.4 22.5	38,200 39,185	43,328 35,703	9,8	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	72,952	59,565 23,236	13,387	22,5 90.0	19,484	12,308	58.3	
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	20,653	7,579	13,074	172.5	7,311	3,911	86,9 126.2	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	16,991	5,019	11,972	238.5 217.3	5,513 3,798	2,437 1,619	134.6	
\$35,000 or moré	9,735	3,068 \$11,200	6,667 \$2,300	217.3 20.5	\$12,400	\$10,900	\$13.8	
Median	1	, 	, 5,500.					
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied	92,498	68,909	23,589	34.2	56,498	47,790	18,2 -52,2	
Less than \$40	7,659	14,087	-6,428	-45.6	4,978	10,415 17,909	-52.2 -34.1	
\$40 to \$59	16,202	23,477	-7,275	-31.0 30.7	11,795 14,349	17,909 11,022	30,2	
\$60 to \$79	20,664	15,815 5,497	4,849 6,151	30.7 111.9	7,256	3,256	122.9	
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119	8,383	•	14,265	330.7	4,390	2,553	273.	
\$120 to \$149	. 10,196	4,314			5,138 3,898	,		
\$150 to \$199	8,404	1,258	10,580	841.0	1,591	635	764.	
\$200 or more		4,461	1,447	32.4	3,103	2,000	55.° 37.	
No cash rent		4,461 \$42	\$37	88.1	\$74	\$54	37.	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

The State	Tampa central city			St. Pete	rsburg central c	ty	Outside central cities			
Standard Metropolitan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Per-			Per-			Per-	
Statistical Areas			cent			cent			cent	
11000	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change	1976	1960	change	
All bounded units	100,857	94,936	6.2	97,116	81,346	19.4	199,354	124,947	59.6	
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	77	655	-88.2	1,709	4,964	-65.6	2,007	3,903	-48.6	
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	100,780	94,281	6.9	95,407	76,382	24.9	197,347	121,044	63.0	
POPULATION						J				
Population in housing units	271,081	271,252	-0.1	211,174	178,956	18.0	510,324	312,825	63.1	
Per occupied unit(household)	· 2.9	3.1	-6.5 -6.3	2,4	2.5	-4.0	2.7	3.0	-10.0	
Owner	2.6	3.2 2.9	-10.3	2,5 2,1	2,6 2,4	-3.8 -12.5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)		
Renter			20.00		-,-	1	()	(****)		
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	94,889	88,208	7.6	88,902	70,734	25.7	186,261	106,041	75.6	
Owner	63,921	60,039	6.5	62,743	51,113	22.8	149,116	84,310	76.9	
Percent owner	67.4	68.1	•••	70.6	72.3	- : • :	80.1	79.5		
Renter	30,968 15,732	28,169 12,749	9.9	26,159 9,378	19,621 6,462	33.3 45.1	37,145 5,863	21,731 4,519	70.9	
Nagro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	7,109	4,756	49.5	4,490	1,998	124.7	3,365	2,103	60.0	
Percent owner	45.2	37.3		47.9	30.9		57.4	46.5		
Renter	8,623	7,993	7.9	4,888	4,464	9.5	2,498	2,416	3.4	
Vacant year-round units	5,891 756	6,073 1,186	-3.0	6,505	5,648 2,052	15.2 -50.0	11,086	15,003	-26.1 -57.7	
For sale only	1.2	1,186	-36.3	1,025 1.6	3.9	-50.0	2,046 1.4	4,832 5.4	-01.1	
For rent	3,170	3,341	-5.1	3,261	2,672	220	4,636	5,639	-17.8	
Rental vacancy rate	9,3	10.6	•••	11.1	12.0	• • • •	11.1	20.6	••••	
ROOMS			}			}			-	
1 and 2 rooms	6,699	8,666	-22.7	10,281	10,021		11,279	12,062	-6.5	
3 rooms.	12,587	11,077	13.6	13,446	11,522	•••	26,098	17,500	49.1	
4 rooms	22,839 27,134	22,351 25,336	7.1	23,118 25,468	19,847 23,457		49,249 55,257	34,611 37,002	49.3	
6 rooms	19,337	16,754	15.4	13,978	10,403		33,319	16,787	98.5	
7 rooms or more	12,184	10,752	13.3	9,116	6,096	•••	22,145	6,985	217.0	
Median	4.8	4.7	2.1	4.5	4.5	•••	4.7	4.5	4.4	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	75 6-5	74 006		80 GEE	GO DED		149 740	105 000	36.5	
1 unit 2 units or more	75,215 22,812	74,206 17,837	1.4 27.9	68,655 23,846	62,058 17,356	:::	143,742 29,997	105,269 10,478	186.3	
Mobile home or trailer	2,753	2,893	-4.8	2,906	1,932		23,608	9,200	156.6	
PLUMBING FACILITIES		•	ì	•	•	1				
With all plumbing facilities	95,912	79,752	20.3	92,824	76,227		191,917	112,267	70.9	
1.01 or more persons per room	6,579	(NA)		3,936	(NA)	• • •	9,846	(NA)	• • • •	
Negro occupied	13,586 2,519	(NA) (NA)	• • •	9,127 1,927	(NA) (NA)	• • • •	4,657 1,166	(NA) (NA)	• • •	
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking some or all plumbing	4.868	15,184	-67.9	2,583	5,119	***	5,430	12,680	-57.2	
Negro occupied	2,146	(NA)	••• [251	(na)	• • •	1,206	(NA)		
PERSONS			j			1			Ì	
1 person	20,168	14,043	43.6	26,352	16,261	62.1	34,538	13,981	147,0	
2 persons	30,581	26,903	13.7	35,721	30,089	18.7	76,227	42,036	81.3	
3 and 4 persons	29,014 15,126	31,104 16,158	-6.7 -6.4	18,007 8,822	16,638 7,746	13.9	49,064 26,432	32,500 17,524	50.8	
Median	2.4	2.7	-11.1	2.0	2.1	-4.8	2.3	2.4	-4.2	
PERSONS PER ROOM	1		į						ì	
1.00 or less	87,601	79,310	10.5	84,825	66,555	27.5	175,674	95,053	84.8	
1.01 or more	7,288	8,898	-18.1	4,077	4,179	-2.4	10,587	10,988	-3.6	
VALUE						ļ			}	
Specified owner occupied	58,473	53,506	9.3	55,018	45,800	20.1	114,770	69,544	65.0	
Less than \$10,000\$10,000 to \$14,999	24,786	29,240 15,882	-15.2 21.4	13,414 19,912	14,088 19,821	-4.8 0.5	25,588 33,767	27,055 23,862	-5.4 41.5	
Φ15,000 to \$19,999	19,273 8,114	4,811	68.7	11,370	7,497	51.7	24,658	10,928	125.6	
φω, νυυ to 524, 999	2,655	1,601-	65.8	4,656	2,310	101.6	13,342	3,668	263.7	
φ20,000 to 534.999	1,932	1,191	62.2	3,581	1,246	187.4	11,478	2,582	344.5	
\$35,000 or more	1,713 \$11,200	781 \$9,400	119.3	2,085 \$13,500	838 \$12,200	148.8	5,937 \$14,700	1,449 \$11,500	309.7 27.8	
CONTRACT RENT	ΨΞΞ	φυ, που		4.0,000	٠,٠٠٠	}	4-23.00	7,0-0		
Specified renter occupied	30,509	28,169	8.3	25,989	19,621	32.5	36,000	21,119	70.5	
Less than \$40	3,688	8,095	-54.4	1,290	2,320	-44.4	2,681	3,672	-27.0	
φιο το φου	6,779	11,723	-42.2 50.9	5,016 7,011	6,186 6,158	-18.9 13.9	4,407 6,315	5,568 4,793	-20.9 31.8	
\$60 to \$79. \$80 to \$99.	7,338 3,630	4,864 1,278	184.0	7,011 3,626	1,978	83.3	4,392	2,241	96.0	
9100 to \$119	1,927	776	472.0	2,463	1,777	186.4	3,993}	1,761	414.0	
Ψ ¹ 40 to \$149	2,512	110	210.0	2,626	-,	100.7	5,058	1,101	3.49.00	
\$150 to \$199. \$200 or more.	2,016 664	175	1,000+	1,882 927	460	510.7	4,506) 1,843	623	919.1	
no cash rent	1,955	1,258	55.4	1,148	742	54.7	2,805	2,461	14.0	
Median	\$70	\$48	45.8	\$77	\$63:	22.2	\$95	\$63	50.8	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

		Palm Beac		COM, MODIC	in, etc.) and mean	entral city	7013, 300		entral city	
The State	Hool	I AHII DOAC			(Ilaide C	cittal City		Outside	Jointal City	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Char Number	Percent	1970	1960	Per- cent change	1970	1960	Per- cent change
All housing units	141,232 6,313	396, 89 4,726	51,836 1,587	58,0 33,6	24,351 400	22,411 607	8.7	116,881 5,913	66,985 4,119	74.5 43.6
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	134,919	84,670	50,249	59.3	23,951	21,804	8.8	110,968	62,866	76.5
POPULATION				}]			
Population in housing units Per occupied unit (household)	342,380 2.8	226,180 3.0	116,200 ~0.2	51.4	55,747 2,5	55,318 2.8	0.8	286,633 2.8	170,862 3.0	67.8 -6.7
Owner	2.8	3.0	~0.2	-6.7	2.6	2.9	-10.3	(NA)	(NA)	• • •
Renter	2.7	3.0	-0,3	-10.0	2.4	2.7	-11.1	(NA)	(NA)	•••
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS All occupied units	1.23 ,347	76,178	47,169	61.9	22,217	19,882	11.7	101,130	56,296	79.6
Owner	83,388	47,931	35,457	74.0	11,859	11,133	6.5	71,529	36,798	94.4
Percent owner	67.6 39,959	62.9 28,247	11,712	41.5	53,4 10,358	56.0 8,749	18.4	70.7 29,601	65.4 19,498	51.8
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	16,422	14,446	1,976	13.7	4,361	4,356	0.1	12,061	10,090	19.5
Owner	5,762 35.1	3,755 26.0	2,007	53.4	1,277 29.3	1,282 29,4	-0.4	4,485 37.2	2,473 24.5	81.4
Percent owner	10,660	10,691	-31	-0.3	3,084	3,074	0.3	7,576	7,617	-0.5
Vacant year-round units	11,572	8,492	3,080	36.3	1,734	1,922	-9.8	9,838	6,570 2,254	49.7 -37.1
For sale only	1,524 1.8	2,533 5.0	-1,009	-39.8	107 0.9	279 2.4	-61.6	1,417 1,9	5.8	-31,4
For rent.,	4,808	3,757	1,051	28,0	1,079	1,392	-22.5	3,729	2,365 10.8	57 , T
Rental vacancy rate	10.7	11.7			9,4	13.7	•••	11.2	10.0	
1 and 2 rooms	14,609	14,836			3,117	2,689		11,492	12,147	
3 rooms	21,191	11,979			4,382	3,799		16,809	8,180	
4 rooms	34,563 30,811	20,670 22,037			5,605 5,331	4,556 5,343	• • •	28,958 25,480	16,114 16,694	• • • •
6 rooms	19,351	12,167			3,214	3,545		16,137	8,622	• • •
7 rooms or more	14,394	7,707 4,4			2,302 4.3	2,479 4.5		12,092 4.4	5,228 4.3	***
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 unlt	84,871	67,038			15,198	16,229		69,673	50,809	• • •
2 units or more	44,335 5,713	19,697 2,661	:::	:::	8,599 154	6,092 90		35,736 5,559	13,605 2,571	
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1	,	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					•	
With all plumbing facilities	129,260	76,293			23,208	19,899	!	106,052	56,394 (NA)	***
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA) (NA)		:::	1,680 3,998	(NA) (NA)		8,060 9,002	(NA)	
1,01 or more persons per room	4,228	(na)			916	(NA.)		3,312	(NA) 10,591	
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied PERSONS		13,103 (NA)		•••	743 363	2,512 (NA)	•••	4,916 3,059	(NA)	***
1 person		458, 13		89.0	6,357	4,249	49.6	19,073	9,209	107.1
2 persons		731, 26 774, 22		76.4 41.6	7,939 5,335	986, 6 723, 5		39,226 26,920	19,745 17,051	98.7 57.9
5 persons or more	18,497	13,215			2,586	2,924		911,011	10,291	54.6
Median	2.3	2.4	-0.1	-4,2	2,1	2,3	-8.7	2,3	2.5	-8.0
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	112,010	65,017	46,993	72,3	20,420	18,073	13.0	91,590	46,944	95.3
1,01 or more		11,161			1,797	1,809		9,540	9,352	2.0
VALUE	ļ		1					i <u></u>		71.1
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000		41,231 10,428			10,623 1,715	9,678 2,133		53,992 7,233	31,5p3 8,295	-12.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	16,074	14,318	1,756	12.3	3,435	3,918	-12.3	12,639	10,400	21.3
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999		8,284 3,182			2,619 1,270	2,077 776		11,465 7,472	6,207 2,406	84.7 210.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	7,770	2,376	5,394	227.0	967	468		6,803	1,908	256.
\$35,000 or more		2,643 \$13,600			617 300, \$15	306 \$13,500			2,337 \$13,600	258 .4 35 .
CONTRACT RENT	1 72.,,000	7	72,000	. 2017	440)000	7-2,000		1		
Specified renter occupied		28,139			10,292	8,749			19,390	49. -65.
Less than \$40		6,007 6,657			345 1,355	923 2,696			5,084 3,961	-21.
\$60 to \$79	7,892	6,78	1,107	16.3	2,794	2,938	-4.9	5,098	3,847	32.
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119		2,209			2,124 1,133	846		l 3.136.)	1,363	
\$120 to \$149	4,364	2,16	6,466	298.4	946	80	5 158,3	ر 3,418	1,362	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 or more		84	1 6 <u>,</u> 506	773.6	739 457	16	633.7	3,240	678	
No cash rent	2,669	3,47			399	378		2,270	3,095	-26. 73.
Median	\$93	\$5	9] \$34	57.6	\$84	\$6	4 31,3	\$97	\$56	, i.e.

Appendix

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

General

PERCENTS, MEDIANS, AND SYMBOLS

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are treated as zero. A dash "-" is the symbol used to signify zero. Three dots "..." indicate that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information, that the base for a median or rate is too small for it to be shown, or that the data were not comparable. A minus sign preceding a figure denotes decrease. The symbol "NA" means not available.

Medians are presented in the housing table of this report for several characteristics. Medians for rooms and persons are rounded to the nearest tenth, for value to the nearest hundred dollars, and for contract rent to the nearest dollar. The median is not shown if there are fewer than five housing units in the distribution. Similarly, population per housing unit is not shown if the base for this rate is less than five units.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1970 census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishing of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately clear. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons without a usual place of residence were, however, counted where they were enumerated.

As in every previous census, members of the Armed Forces living on military installations were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located. Similarly, members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Crews of U.S. Navy vessels were counted as residents of the home port to which the particular vessel was assigned; crews of vessels deployed to the overseas fleet were therefore not included in the population of any State or the District of

Columbia. Persons in Armed Forces families were counted where they were living on Census Day (e.g., the military installation, "offbase," or elsewhere, as the case might be).

Crews of U.S. merchant marine vessels were counted as part of the population of the U.S. port in which their vessel was berthed on Census Day; or if sailing in inland or coastal waters, either the port of departure or destination, depending on which the vessel was nearest on Census Day. Crews of all other U.S. merchant marine vessels are not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia.

College students, as in 1950 and 1960, were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where this institution was located; on the other hand, patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at their homes. On the night of April 6, 1970, a special enumeration was performed in missions, flophouses, detention centers, etc.. and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the particular place.

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) are not included in the population of any of the States or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like, were counted at their usual residence.

Persons in larger hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1970, were requested to fill out a census form for allocation back to their homes if they indicated no one was there to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1970 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad.

In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else.

BOUNDARIES

The data shown for 1970 relate to the boundaries of the areas as existed on January 1, 1970. As nearly as

possible, 1960 data for the same areas have been adjusted to conform to the 1970 definitions. However, it was not feasible to compile 1960 information for small pieces of territory transferred from one jurisdiction to another as a result of county and city boundary changes. Where such discrepancies exist note is made in table footnotes. "Extended cities" constitute a special boundary problem discussed below.

COUNTIES

The primary divisions of the States are, in general, termed counties, but in Louisiana these divisions are known as parishes. There are no counties in Alaska. In this State, data are shown for statistical areas which are county equivalents designated as census divisions; they were developed for general statistical purposes through the cooperation of the State and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS In this report statistics are shown for standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) except in some tables for New England States where the metropolitan State economic area or nearest equivalent whole county is substituted for the SMSA.

The population living in SMSA's is designated as the metropolitan population. This population is subdivided as "inside central city or cities" and "outside central city or cities." The latter area is frequently referred to in the text of this report as "suburbs" or "suburban ring." The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the non-metropolitan population.

The Bureau of the Census recognizes approximately 250 standard metropolitan statistical areas in the 1970 census. This number includes the 231 SMSA's (including three in Puerto Rico which are not covered in this series) as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washing ton, D.C. 20402. Also included are two SMSA's as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in January 1968: Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss. and Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J. In addition, a number of SMSA's are being defined on the basis of the results from the 1970 Census.

Except in New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In a few cities where portions of

counties outside the SMSA as defined in 1967 were annexed to the central city, the population living in those counties is not considered part of the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For the complete description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

STATE ECONOMIC AREAS

For the New England metropolitan areas represented in some of the tables of these reports, the SMSA has been replaced by the metropolitan State economic area (SEA) (see U.S. Census of Population, 1960, State Economic Areas, PC(3)1A.) Where a metropolitan SEA has not been defined, the nearest equivalent county has been used. State summaries by metropolitan and nonmetropolitan residence will, therefore, be found to vary according to whether the information contained in the tables was available for SMSA's directly or for counties only. Population tables 2,3,and 4 contain metropolitan SEA totals, while Housing table 5 shows SMSA totals. Under both systems, figures for central cities are the same.

ANNEXATIONS

A problem of definition exists with respect to some of the central cities shown in these reports. This problem arises as a consequence of annexations of territory made by cities during the 1960-70 decade. Most often, detailed population and housing characteristics from the 1960 census could not be reproduced for the annexed areas. 1960 data shown for central cities in the tables of this report thus relate to those cities as defined at the time of that census, and 1970 data refer to cities as they were defined for the 1970 census.

To clarify the impact of annexation on population change for central cities, a text table has been prepared. It shows 1970 population in current boundaries and within 1960 boundaries for central cities which annexed population. Population change within a consistently defined area, that is, excluding the effect of annexation, can then be obtained.

Since 1960, two cities have annexed the entire county in which they were located: Jacksonville, Fla. (whose boundaries in 1970 are coterminous with Duval County) and Nashville, Tenn. (whose boundaries are now coterminous with Davidson County). Indianapolis, Ind. annexed all parts of Marion County except for Beech Grove, Lawrence, Speedway, and Southport, whose combined 1960 population amounted to 31,600 out of a county total of 698,000. For these three cities (Jacksonville, Nashville, and Indianapolis), 1960 data are presented in terms of their 1970 bound-

aries. Data from the 1960 census for Duval and Davidson Counties were substituted for Jacksonville and Nashville cities as they were defined at the time of the 1960 census. Indianapolis was also considered to be coterminous with Marion County as the effect of including the four places listed above was not great enough to require a special adjustment.

EXTENDED CITIES

A number of cities contain territory essentially rural in character. The classification of all the inhabitants and housing of such cities as urban would include in the urban category persons and housing units in areas primarily rural incharacter. The Census Bureau therefore established certain rules to identify such cities-which are designated as "extended cities"—and to separate each into its urban and rural portions. As a concomitant of this approach, when an extended city is the central city of an SMSA, most of the 1970 census reports show only the urban portion as the central city. In the present report, however, the entire (or "legal") city is shown as the central city because the focus here is on comparisons with 1960, and this type of delineation was not made in 1960. The effect of annexation of these extended cities, which can be especially great, is shown in a text table, where appropriate.

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS

In view of the special importance of the metropolitan complexes around New York and Chicago, the Nation's two largest cities, several contiguous SMSA's and additional counties that do not appear to meet the formal integration criteria but do have strong interrelationships of other kinds have been combined into the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas, respectively. The former consists of Middlesex and Somerset Counties in New Jersey and the following SMSA's: New York, Newark, Jersey City, and Paterson-Clifton-Passaic. The latter consists of the following SMSA's: Chicago and Gary-Hammond-East Chicago.

Population

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1 of the census years 1960 and 1970.

Race.—The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau does not denote clear-cut scientific definitions of biological stock. Rather it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1960 and 1970 censuses obtained information on race principally through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves. For persons of mixed parentage who are in doubt as to their classification, the race of the person's father is used. Persons of Mexican or Puerto Rican birth

or ancestry who do not identify themselves as of a race other than white (e.g., American Indian, Negro, etc.) are classified as white. In the three-category grouping shown in this report, the "other" category consists of all races except white or Negro, i.e., American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Eskimo, etc.

1970 age-race data taken from the published PC(V2) Series of Advance Population Reports were available for two major population groups: "Total" and "Negro". In presenting comparable age-race statistics for SMSA's and their component parts in the present series of reports, however, race is classified as "white" and "Negro and other races." This is the classification employed in the 1960 census, except that "nonwhite" was the term used for "Negro and other races." It has been kept in two tables of this series (tables 3 and 4) either because of the difficulty or inadvisability of substituting "Negro" only for the broader "nonwhite" classification. As an example of one of the difficulties encountered in making this substitution, it was found that 1960 age detail by race could not be reproduced for the Negro population of counties or county substitutes, which are the building blocks of SMSA's. Unpublished 1970 age detail for "other races" was available, however, to construct a "Negro and other races" age distribution which could then be directly compared with the 1960 race classification.

A more detailed comparison of 1960 and 1970 age-race data can be made for certain of the largest cities. The 1960 age distribution of white, Negro, and other races appears in the 1960 Census volumes for all cities of 100,000 total population or more. For each such city which did not experience boundary changes between 1960 and 1970, a comparison of age detail for the three race groups can be made. A special text table has been prepared to show age distributions of "Negro" population and "Other races" where such information may be of particular interest, as for example in cities which had over 10,000 Negroes in 1960 and in cities which had approximately equal numbers of both race groupings in 1960.

Components of Change.—The components of population change shown in table 3—births, deaths, and net migration—are estimates. As such they are subject to certain limitations unlike the census counts contained in the tables of this report. The estimates are based on reported births and deaths by place of residence, 1960 through 1968, compiled and published by the Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics. Since no vital statistics were readily available for 1969 and the first 3 months of 1970, they were extrapolated using a factor of 1,25 times the average of years 1967-68. Births and deaths were then summed to totals for the decade. Births were corrected by color for underregistration, using factors derived from the

National Center's birth registration test of 1950. As a final step, both births and deaths were adjusted to be consistent with independent State estimates for the decade.

Vital statistics by race were not reported for counties where less than 10 percent of the total population were members of Negro and other races or which had populations of less than 10,000 belonging to these races. These counties are not included in the metropolitan-nonmetropolitan summaries for the State nor for the individual SMSA's when shown by race.

The estimate of net migration was derived as a residual by the following formula: Net Migration = Net Change — Births + Deaths: As a residual value, however, the net migration component reflects the net effect of any errors in the data used, such as differential undercount in the 1960 and 1970 censuses, boundary changes, improper allocation of births and deaths by place of residence, and many others.¹

At the county level very few significant boundary modifications are made. Many cities have annexed territory during the past decade, however, and the shifts resulting from annexation are thrown into the migration component. Special attention is given in the text to the effect of boundary changes on the net migration component for central cities.

Housing

Housing units and group quarters.—All living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inven-

¹ For a more detailed discussion of the types of errors which affect estimates of net migration derived in this manner, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23 No. 7, pages 13 and 14.

tory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters is not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—In 1970, data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units—all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use—because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for the remaining types of units, i.e., units reported as vacant at the time of the census and intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor.

In 1960, housing characteristics were provided for all units, including vacant seasonal and vacant migratory units

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household consists of all persons who occupy a housing unit.

Population and persons.—"Population in housing units" is the total population less those persons living in group quarters. "Population per occupied unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units; this is also computed separately for the population in owner and in renter occupied units. The caption "Persons" refers to the number of persons occupying the housing unit; the data show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Race.—The classification by race used in the housing table refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the housing unit. Figures on tenure for 1970 are given separately for all households and for Negro heads of households; for 1960, the tenure figures relate to all households and to household heads of "Negro and other races" (excluding white heads of households). In the 1960 census, the term "nonwhite" was used for Negro and other races. Data on change (1960 to 1970) are shown only when the population data by race indicate that the number of Negro households in 1960

constituted a sufficiently large proportion of household heads of Negro and other races to permit meaningful comparison.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classifed as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is entirely occupied by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere. New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "yearround." The latter are units which, although vacant at the time of enumeration, are usually occupied or are intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as a year-round unit. Units used only occasionally throughout the year are also considered year-round units.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "For sale only," and "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. All other year-round vacant units are included in the total and may be derived by subtracting the sum of the vacant units "for sale only" and "for rent" from the total. Other year-round vacant units include units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units held off the market for other reasons.

Homeowner vacancy rate.—The homeowner vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for sale as a percent of the total-homeowner inventory, i.e., all owner-occupied units and year-round vacant units for sale. In 1960, the homeowner vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for sale, i.e., year-round vacant units for sale in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rental vacancy rate.—The rental vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for rent as a percent of the total rental inventory, i.e., all renteroccupied units and all year-round vacant units for rent. In 1960, the rental vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for rent, i.e., year-round vacant units for rent in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Units in structure.—Statistics on the number of housing units in a structure are presented in terms of one-family houses, number of units in multiunit structures, and mobile homes or trailers.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

For 1960, data on plumbing facilities were derived from information on number of bathrooms. Data for units with all plumbing facilities and with 1.01 or more persons per room are not available from the 1960 reports. Similarly, 1960 data on plumbing facilities are not available by race.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner occupied" means that in 1970 the value data are limited to owner occupied, one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a

commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

In 1960 in rural territory, units on farms and all units on places of 10 or more acres (whether farm or nonfarm) were excluded from the value tabulations. In 1970, all units on 10 or more acres are excluded, urban as well as rural; consequently the 1970 value tabulations include farm units of less than 10 acres and exclude units in urban areas on 10 or more acres.

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter occupied" means that in 1970 the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

The 1960 rent tabulations excluded farm units and vacant units on 10 or more acres in rural areas. In 1970, all one-family houses on 10 or more acres, whether occupied or vacant and whether urban or rural, are excluded from the rent tabulations.

SOURCES OF DATA

The basic 1970 population and housing data contained in the statistical tables of this series were obtained from

the Advance Reports on Population, PC(V1) and PC(V2), and Housing, HC(V1), issued by the Bureau of the Census for individual States. Certain data on characteristics from those reports are subject to change in the 1970 census PC(1)-B Final Reports on Population and HC(1)-A Final Reports on Housing being issued for States during the spring and summer of 1971.

The PHC(2) Series also contains parallel statistics for 1960, available from published Census sources. 1960 statistics referring to SMSA's have been adjusted to conform to 1970 area definitions. Population and housing characteristics of SMSA's formed during the decade have been reconstructed as of 1960 to complete the comparison with 1970 areas. The source of information regarding criteria for establishment of new SMSA's as well as intercensal adjustments in SMSA boundaries is the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Publications of the National Center for Health Statistics were used to develop components of population change. In some cases, supplementary vital statistics were obtained from State health departments.

Some unpublished data from the 1960 Census of Housing were utilized. For those SMSA's which underwent boundary changes from 1960 to 1970, it was necessary to develop a tabulated reprint of 1960 contract rent data on a county basis.



July 1971

REFERENCE GORY CENSUS B 1.2065 21 N 3 PHE(2) 700.12 1.40 13

REFERENCE

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

RTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

PHC(2)-12

GEORGIA

FINAL REPORT

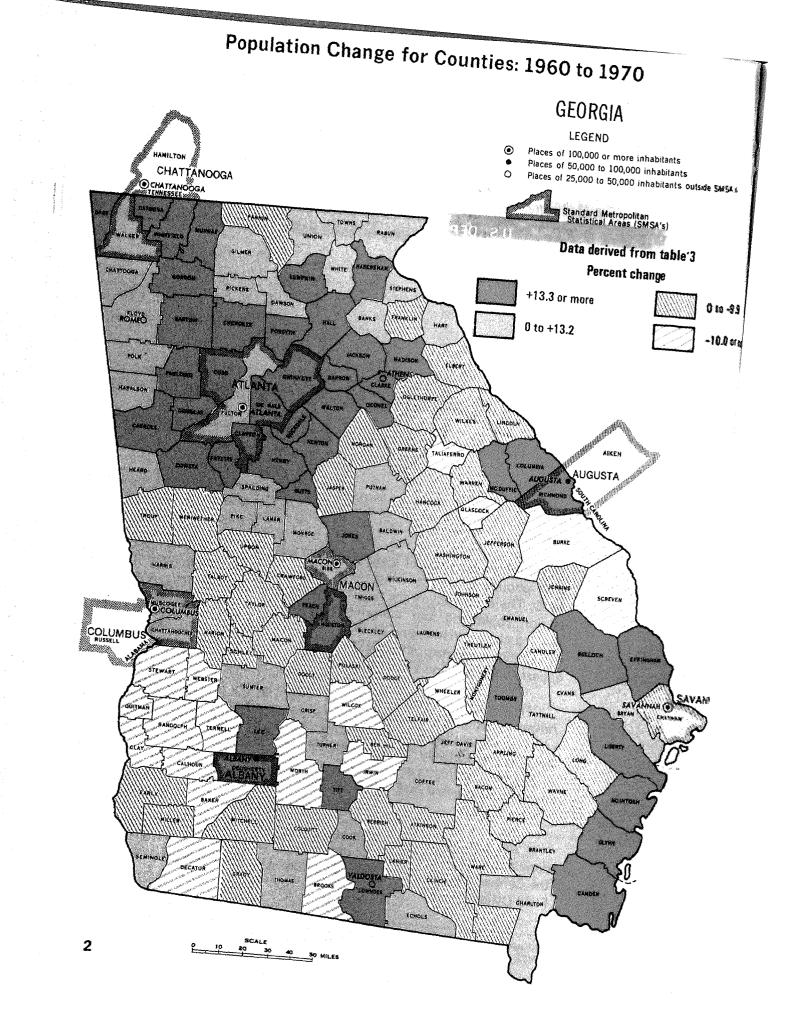
General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas, 1960 to 1970

(This series consists of 52 reports—number 1 for the United States and numbers 2 thru 52 for the States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order rather than order of publication.)

This publication is one of a series of 1970 census reports concerned mainly with population and housing trends in metropolitan areas from 1960 to 1970. The main body of the report consists of an analytical text, a statistical section containing four tables on population characteristics and one on housing characteristics, and an appendix presenting technical definitions and explanations. A map showing 1960-70 population change by county appears on page 2 and a detailed table of contents is on page 3.

The statistics presented here are drawn largely from the 1970 census Advance Reports PC(V2) and HC(V1) for this State. These two reports, which were published several months ago, provide population and housing statistics, respectively, for each standard metropolitan statistical area, place of 10,000 inhabitants or more, and county in the State. Additional data on the subjects covered here appear in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A Final Reports for this State.

An outline of the publication program for the 1970 Census of Population and Housing can be obtained free of charge from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233, or any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office.



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PHC (2)-12

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Analytical Text

POPULATION TRENDS

General

Between 1960 and 1970, the population of Georgia increased by 646,000 or 16 percent, the highest decennial rate of increase since 1900. Nearly 73 percent of the increase, or about 466,000 persons, were added to the

metropolitan population (table A). By far the largest part of this increase occurred in suburban areas which gained 391,000 persons over the decade. The population of the central cities on the other hand increased by only 75,000 or 8 percent. Annexation of suburban territory contributed to this modest growth; without it the central cities would have lost a population of 65,000 (table B).

Table A. Population by Race and Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State Metropolitan and Non-	Popula	tion	Char	ıge	Percent Distribution		
metropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	
Total	4,589,575	3,943,116	646,459	16.4	100.0	100.0	
Metropolitan residence	2,280,230	1,814,069	466,161	25.7	49.7	46.0	
Inside central cities	1,024,400	949,759	74,641	7.9	22.3	24.1	
Outside central cities.	1,255,830	864,310	391,520	45.3	27.4	21.9	
Nonmetropolitan residence	2,309,345	2,129,047	180,298	8.5	50.3	54 , 0	
White	3,387,516	2,817,223	570,293	20.2	73.8	71 .4	
Metropolitan residence	1,709,509	1,349,306	360,203	26.7	37,2	34.2	
Inside central cities	570,472	594,993	-24,521	-4.1	12.4	15,1	
Outside central cities.	1,139,037	754,313	384,724	51.0	24.8	19.1	
Nonmetropolitan residence	1,678,007	1,467,917	210,090	14.3	36.6	37.2	
Negro and other races	1,202,059	1,125,893	76,166	6.8	26.2	28.6	
Metropolitan residence	570,721	464,763	105,958	22.8	12.4	11.8	
Inside central cities	453,928	354,766	99,162		9.9	9.0	
Outside central cities.	116,793	109,997	6,796		2,5	2.8	
Nonmetropolitan residence	631,338	661,130	-29,792		13.8	16.8	

Table B. Change in Population of Central Cities Through Annexation: 1960 to 1970

	1970	population	1		Change
Central Cities		T 1000	In	1000	1960 to 1970 in 1960
	Total	area	annexed area	1960 population	
Atlanta	496,973	493,542	3,431	487,455	6,087
Columbus	154,168 118,349	106,203 118,207	47,965 142	116,779	-10,576 -31,038
MaconAlbany	122,423 72,623	52,035 54,692	70,388 17,931	, .	-17,729

Georgia's rate of growth was higher than the growth rates for the Nation (13 percent) and for the South Region (14 percent). Georgia ranks fifth among the States in the South with regard to growth.

The total number of households in Georgia in 1970 was 1,672,000, or 602,000 more than in 1960. The population living in households increased less rapidly than the rate at which households increased with the result that the average household size decreased, from 3,3 to 3,1 persons.

The majority of Georgia's population (54 percent) in 1960 lived in nonmetropolitan areas. However, between 1960 and 1970, the metropolitan rate of growth, 26 percent, was almost triple the nonmetropolitan rate (9 percent), resulting in a higher proportion of the population living in metropolitan areas by the end of the decade. The proportion rose from 46 percent in 1960 to 50 percent in 1970. In the country as a whole, about two out of three Americans live in metropolitan areas.

The white population of central cities declined between 1960 and 1970 by 25,000, or 4 percent, while the white population in the suburban areas gained about 384,000, or 51 percent. The decline in the white population in central cities was more than offset by the increase in persons of Negro and other races of 99,000 or 28 percent.

Georgia's intercensal population increase was due overwhelmingly to natural increase (the excess of births over deaths). About 92 percent of the growth (595,000) was due to natural increase, and the remainder to net immigration of 51,000 persons.

The pattern of migration change in Georgia for white and other races is in sharp contrast. Since 1940, there has been an unabated pattern of outmigration for the population of Negro and other races. By contrast, the white population shifted from a migration loss of 49,000 during the 1940's to a gain of 198,000 persons during the last decade. A similar pattern was evident in other States in the South.

As with most States in the Nation, Georgia's age structure changed significantly during the decade. The population under age 5 declined almost 11 percent while other age groups showed modest increases. The population under 5 now makes up only 9 percent of the population. Ten years ago, the group was nearly 12 percent of the State's total.

The greatest increase occurred in the 15 to 24 age group and was due for the most part to the entry of the large number of persons born during the post-World War II "baby boom" into this age group.

The population of Negro and other races is somewhat younger than the white population. Only 44 percent of the former is over age 25 while 54 percent of the white population is over 25.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

In 1970, there were seven standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in Georgia. Three of these, Augusta, Ga.-S.C., Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga., and Columbus, Ga.-Ala. are partially located in other States. The SMSA's range in size from 1,390,000 persons for Atlanta to 90,000 for Albany.

Of the 2,280,000 people living in metropolitan areas in Georgia, 61 percent live in the Atlanta SMSA, which is an important commercial and financial center in the southeast, Between 1960 and 1970, the population of the Atlanta SMSA increased by 37 percent, making it not only the most rapidly growing SMSA in Georgia but one of the fastest-growing large SMSA's in the United States. The area's growth was nearly evenly distributed between natural increase and net inmigration. Net inmigration was equivalent to about 20 percent of the 1960 population. The central city of Atlanta, which is the State capital, grew from 487,000 to 497,000, part of which can be attributed to the annexation of suburban territory between 1960 and 1970, Atlanta grew from the 24th largest SMSA in the country in 1960 to the 20th largest in 1970.

The Augusta, Ga.-S.C. SMSA had a population increase of 37,000. Natural increase was the primary factor contributing to population growth; more than 90 percent of the growth was accounted for by the excess of births over deaths. The central city of Augusta suffered a population loss of 11,000 persons or 15 percent between 1960 and 1970 and an outmigration equivalent to 31 percent of its 1960 population.

The South Carolina portion of the Augusta SMSA grew from 81,000 to 91,000, at half the rate of the Georgia portion which increased by 20 percent.

The Columbus, Ga.-Ala. SMSA had a population increase of 21,000 in the entire SMSA with a net migration loss of 23,000. Chattahoochee, the smallest suburban county, almost doubled its population between 1960 and 1970 as a result of the expansion of Fort Benning. The central city, Columbus, grew from 117,000 to 154,000 while the balance of the SMSA lost 17,000. However, the 1970 population of the area annexed to the city of Columbus between 1960 and 1970 was 48,000. Without annexation the city would have shown a loss of 11,000 population.

The Macon SMSA grew from 180,000 in 1960 to 206,000 in 1970, or by 14 percent. Natural increase was responsible for all the growth in this SMSA.

The Savannah SMSA was the only metropolitan area in the State to experience a population loss between 1960 and 1970; natural increase failed to offset net outmigration. The central city of Savannah lost a

population of 31,000 between 1960 and 1970 despite annexation of suburban territory.

The Albany SMSA, the smallest in the State, grew from 76,000 in 1960 to 90,000 in 1970, or by 18 percent. The growth in the SMSA was due to natural increase which was partially offset by a small net outmigration.

Counties

Georgia's 159 counties range in population size from 2,000 in Echols County (located along the State's southern border) to 608,000 in Fulton County (Atlanta SMSA), one of the State's 13 metropolitan counties. De Kalb County, the second most populous in the State, is also part of the Atlanta SMSA. Third in population is Chatham County (the Savannah SMSA). The largest nonmetropolitan counties in Georgia with 1970 population exceeding 50,000 are: Floyd, Whitfield, and Glynn.

Of the 159 counties in Georgia, 46 exceeded the U.S. average growth rate of 13.3 percent, 47 counties grew more slowly, and 66 counties lost population during the 1960-70 period. During the decade, 93 counties gained population. All counties had more births than deaths. Of the 66 counties which show population losses for the decade, nearly all (62 counties) lost 10 percent or more of their 1960 totals.

Excepting Chatham County (Savannah SMSA) each of the metropolitan counties experienced population growth and four of these, De Kalb, Houston, Chattahoochee and Clayton, had inmigration rates of 30 percent or more. Clayton County (a suburban county of the Atlanta SMSA) experienced heavy inmigration (82 percent). The county had the largest relative increase experienced by any Georgia county (111 percent). Chattahoochee County, whose population was 26,000 in 1970, had the second highest rate of increase for the

decade, 98 percent. The county population growth was due principally to the addition of military personnel to Fort Benning. Nearly two-thirds of Chattahoochee County's 1970 population was living in group quarters, i.e. military barracks.

Of the 133 counties for which data are available by race, all but four showed heavy to moderate loss of black population through net outmigration. The counties showing black population gains through inmigration were De Kalb, Fulton, Douglas, and Richmond.

HOUSING TRENDS

General

Between 1960 and 1970, the total supply of housing units in Georgia increased more rapidly than population. The population grew by 646,000, or 16 percent, while housing units increased by 298,800, or 26 percent (table C).

The metropolitan areas of the State experienced greater relative growth in housing, as in population, than did the nonmetropolitan part. The number of housing units in the metropolitan areas rose from 541,000 to 728,500 over the decade, an increase of 187,500 units, or 35 percent; this compares with an increase of 111,300 units, or 18 percent, in the nonmetropolitan areas. While 50 percent of all housing units were in the metropolitan areas, these areas accounted for 63 percent of the total State increase between 1960 and 1970.

About 75 percent of the housing in Georgia consisted of one-unit structures in 1970. The number of units in multiunit structures, however, increased at a much faster rate than one-unit structures during the decade, 65 percent and 13 percent, respectively.

Table C. Housing Units by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence		Donulo			
	Tota	al	Chan	Popula- tion	
	1970	1960	Number	Percent	percent change
Total	1,468,858	1,170,039	298,819	25.5	16.4
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	728,468 348,046 380,422 740,390	540,968 297,331 243,637 629,071	187,500 50,715 136,785 111,319	34.7 17.1 56.1 17.7	25.7 7.9 45.3 8.5

The size of housing units increased between 1960 and 1970. The median number of rooms rose from 4.8 to 5.0 in metropolitan areas and from 4.7 to 4.9 in nonmetropolitan areas. Units with one to three rooms declined in both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

Households were smaller in 1970 than in 1960. In the metropolitan areas, average household size declined from 3.5 persons in 1960 to 3.2 in 1970 and in nonmetropolitan areas, from 3.7 persons to 3.3. The number of one- and two-person households in metropolitan areas increased by 94 percent and 47 percent, respectively; in nonmetropolitan areas, one- and two-person households increased 72 percent and 38 percent, respectively. The number of households with five or more persons increased 13 percent in metropolitan areas and declined 7 percent in nonmetropolitan areas.

The number of units in the State lacking some or all plumbing facilities declined from 393,700 to 194,100, a 51-percent decrease since 1960. In 1970, the proportion of such units was 4 percent in metropolitan areas and 22 percent in nonmetropolitan areas.

Approximately 16,700, or 11 percent, of the Negro-occupied units inside SMSA's lacked some or all plumbing in 1970, compared with 85,600, or 57 percent, of the Negro housing outside SMSA's.

Number of persons per room is often used as a measure of crowding. In Georgia, both the number and proportion of housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room decreased during the decade. In 1960, 16 percent of all occupied housing units in metropolitan areas and 21 percent in nonmetropolitan areas had 1.01 or more persons per room. By 1970, the proportion of

such units decreased to 9 percent in metropolitan areas and 13 percent in nonmetropolitan areas (table D).

Homeownership in the State increased from 56 percent in 1960 to 61 percent in 1970. In metropolitan areas there was an increase from 56 to 57 percent, while in nonmetropolitan areas the proportion rose from 56 to 65 percent.

About 39 percent of the Negro households in metropolitan areas owned their homes in 1970, compared with 43 percent in the nonmetropolitan areas. Of the 125,300 Negro-homeowner households in the State, 59,700 lived inside SMSA's and 65,600 lived outside SMSA's.

Property values and rents increased in the last decade. The median value in metropolitan areas increased by 55 percent from \$11,500 in 1960 to \$17,800 in 1970, while in the nonmetropolitan areas value increased 54 percent, from \$6,800 to \$10,500. In metropolitan areas, median contract rent in 1970 was 71 percent higher than in 1960, rising from \$48 to \$82. In nonmetropolitan areas rent increased from \$26 to \$43, or 65 percent.

Value and rent are expressed in current dollars (the value at the time of the respective censuses). Thus, any comparison must take into account the general rise in the cost of living during the 10-year period, as well as changes in the characteristics of the housing inventory.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

In the metropolitan areas of the State, the housing supply increased by 187,500 units, or 35 percent. The Atlanta SMSA, which contained 62 percent of the

Table D. Plumbing Facilities and Persons Per Room by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

	Percent of housing units							
The State Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence	Lacking some		With 1.01 or more persons per room 1					
	1970 ²	1960³	1970	1960				
Total	13.3	33.7	10.9	18,4				
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	4.3 4.3 4.2 22.1	17.3 18.3 16.2 47.7	8.8 11.2 6.7 13.0	15.7 16.9 14.2 20.8				

¹Percent of all occupied units.

²Percent of all year-round housing units.

³Percent of all housing units.

housing units in metropolitan areas, accounted for 76 percent of the increase.

In 1970, about 67 percent of the housing units in the State's metropolitan areas consisted of one-unit structures. The number of units in multiunit structures, however, increased at a much faster rate than one-unit structures during the decade, 70 percent and 21 percent, respectively.

Housing units increased in size in the metropolitan areas during the decade. The median number of rooms increased from 4.8 to 5.0. In 1970, the median number of rooms in the central cities was 4.7 and in the suburbs 5.3.

Average household size for the metropolitan areas of the State declined during the decade. In 1970, the combined central cities had an average of 3.0 persons per household and the suburbs, 3.3 persons.

Homeownership in 1970 was greater in the suburbs than in the central cities. About 68 percent of occupied units in the suburbs and 46 percent in the central cities were owner-occupied. The Negro homeownership rate in the central cities was 36 percent, compared with 54 percent in the suburbs.

In 1970, 31,000 housing units in metropolitan areas, or 4 percent of all year-round units, lacked some or all

plumbing facilities. The proportion of such units in the central cities and the suburbs was the same, 4 percent.

Approximately 9,900, or 8 percent, of the Negro households in central cities occupied units which lacked some or all plumbing facilities in 1970, compared with 6,800, or 27 percent, of Negro households in the suburban areas.

Of all occupied units in metropolitan areas, 60,600 units, or 9 percent, reported more than one person per room in 1970, compared with 16 percent in 1960. In 1970, the proportion of such units was 11 percent in the central cities and 7 percent in the suburban areas (table D).

The homeowner vacancy rate for metropolitan areas, decreased during the decade from 2.3 to 1.6 percent. The rental vacancy rate increased from 6.1 to 7.3 percent.

Annexations

Annexations occurred in each of the central cities except Augusta during the decade (see "Population Trends" and text table B). Such annexations affect changes in the characteristics for these central cities and their suburbs.

DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND SOURCES OF DATA FOLLOW THE TABLES.

For additional information on SMSA's which cross State lines, see PHC(2)-2 for Alabama, PHC(2)-42 for South Carolina, and PHC(2)-44 for Tennessee.

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race: 1970 and 1960

		is, see text]					
Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA	S	Inside central	cities	Outside centra	ll cities	
Areas	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960	
POPULATION							
Total	2,280,230	1,814,069	1,024,400	949,759	1,255,830	864,310.	
White	1,709,509	1,349,306	570,472	594,993	1,139,037	754,313	
Negro	562,685	462,357	450,546	353,587	112,139	108,770	
Other races	8,036	2,406	3,382	1,179	4,654	1,227	
Albany SMSA	89,639	75,680	72,623	55,890	17,016	19,790	
White	58,628	49,682	44,882	35,636	13,746	14,046	
Negro	30,642 369	25,922 76	27,444 297	20,210	3,198 72	5,712 32	
Other races	1 365	"	201	**		52	
Atlanta SMSA	1,390,164	1,017,188	496,973	487,455	893,191	529,733	
White	1,076,149	785,019	240,551	300,635	835,598	484,384	
Negro	310,619	231,474	255,003	186,464	55,616	45,010	
Other races	3,396	695	1,419	356	1,977	339	
Augusta, GaS.C. SMSA1	253,460	216,639	598,864	70,626	193,596	146,013	
White	181,448	152,183	29,804	38,653	151,644	113,530	
Negro	70,339	63,823	29,812	31,770	40,527	32,053	
Other races	1,673	633	248	203	1,425	430	
Augusta, GaS.C. SMSA (Georgia part)	162,437	135,601	59,864	70,626	102,573	64,975	
White	112,367	92,483	29,804	38,653	82,563	53,830	
Negro	48,545	42,513	29,812	31,770	18,733	10,743	
Other races	1,525	605	248	203	1,277	402	
Chattanooga, TennGa. SMSA1	304,927	283,169	119,082	130,009	185,845	153,160	
White	254,470	233,359	75,883	86,783	178,587	146,576	
Negro	49,927	49,661	42,936	43,141	6,991	6,520	
Other races	530	149	263	85	267	64	
Chattanooga, TennGa. SMSA				į.	#0 FD#	45 004	
(Georgia part)	50,691	45,264		-	50,691	45,264 42,829	
White	48,134	42,829	-	<u> </u>	48,134 2,511	2,420	
Negro Other races	2,511 46	2,420 15	-	-	46	15	
Columbus, GaAla. SMSA1	238,584	217,985	154,168	116,779	84,416	101,206	
White	169,027	154,127	112,975	85,232	56,052	68,895	
Negro	67,980	63,112	40,461	31,208	27,519	31,904	
Other races	1,577	746	732	339	845	407	
Columbus, GaAla. SMSA	102 100	171 694	154,168	116,779	39,022	54,855	
(Georgia part)	193,190 144,321	171,634 130,762	112,975	85,232	31,346	45,530	
Negro	47,332	40,206	40,461	31,208	6,871	8,998	
Other races	1,537	666	732	339	805	327	
Macon SMSA	206,342	180,403	122,423	69,764	83,919	110,639	
White	146,456	124,415	77,220	38,850	69,236	85,565	
Negro	59,514	55,892	45,092	30,900	14,422	24,992	
Other races	372	96	111	14	261	82	
Savannah SMSA	187,767	188,299	118,349	149,245	69,418	39,054	
White	123,454	124,116	65,040	95,987	58,414	28,129	
Negro	63,522	63,930	52,734	53,035	10,788	10,895	
Other races	791	253	575	223	216	30	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	75.0	74.4	55.7	62.6	90.7	87,3	
Negro	24.7	25.5	44.0	37.2	8.9 0.4	12.6 0,1	
Other races	0.4	0.1	0.3	0,1		0,1	
Albany SMSA		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White		65.6	61.8	63.8	80,8 18,8	71.0 29.0	
Negro	34.2	34.3	37.8	36.2	0.4	29.0	
Other races	0.4	0,1	0.4	·			
Atlanta SMSA		100.0	100.0 48.4	100.0	100.0 93.6	100.0 91.4	
White Negro	77.4 22.3	77.2 22.8	51.3	38.3	6.2	8,5	
Other races		0.1	0,3	0,1	0.2	0.1	

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA's		Inside central d	ities	Outside central cities		
Areas	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION Continued							
Augusta, Ga.~S.C. SMSA1	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	71.6	70.2	49.8	54.7	78.3	77.8	
Negro	27.8	29.5	49.8	45.0	20.9	22.0	
Other races	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.3	
Augusta, GaS.C. SMSA				İ			
(Georgia part)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	69.2	68.2	49,8	54.7	80,5	82.8	
Negro	29.9	31.4	49.8	45.0	18.3	16.5	
Other races	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.3	1,2	0.6	
Chattanooga, TennGa. SMSA1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	
White	83,5	82.4	63.7	66.8	96.1	95.7	
Negro	16.4	17.5	36.1	33.2	3.8	4.3	
Other races	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	
Chattanooga, Tenn.~Ga. SMSA		1					
(Georgia part)	100.0	100.0		_	100.0	100.0	
White	95.0	94,6	-	-	95.0	94.6	
Negro	5.0	5.3	•	-	5.0	5.3	
Other races	0.1	-	-	-	0,1	0.1	
Columbus, GaAla. SMSA1	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	70.8	70.7	73,3	73.0	66.4	68.1	
Negro	28.5	29.0	26.2	26.7	32,6	31.5	
Other races	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.4	
Columbus, GaAla. SMSA]					
(Georgia part)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
White	74.7	76.2	73.3	73.0	80.3	83.0	
Negro	24.5	23.4	26.2	26.7	17.6	16.4	
Other races	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.3	2.1	0.	
Macon SMSA	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.	
White	71.0	69,0	63.1	55.7	82.5	77.3	
Negro	28.8	31.0	36,8	44.3	17.2	22.0	
Other races	0.2	0.1	0,1	-	0.3	0.:	
Savannah SMSA	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.	
White	65.7	65.9	55,0	64.3	84.1	72.0	
Negro	33.8	34.0	44.6	35.5	15.5	28.0	
Other races	0.4	0.1	0,5	0.1	0.3	0.7	

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{Entire}$ SMSA, including portion in another State.

Table 2. Population of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Constituent Counties: 1970 and 1960

F	Panulation	J	Change			
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Constituent Counties	Population		Change			
Constituent Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent		
TOTAL POPULATION		ļ				
Albany SMSA (Dougherty County)	89,639	75,680	13,959	18.4		
Atlanta SMSA Clayton County Cobb County De Kalb County Fulton County Gwinnett County	98,043	46,365	51,678	111.5		
	196,793	114,174	82,619	72.4		
	415,387	256,782	158,605	61.8		
	607,592	556,326	51,266	9.2		
	72,349	43,541	28,808	66.2		
Augusta, GaS.C. SMSA Richmond County	162,437	135,601	26,836	19.8		
	91,023	81,038	9,985	12.3		
Chattanooga, TennGa. SMSA Walker County Hamilton County, Tenn	50,691	45,264	5,427	12.0		
	254,236	237,905	16,331	6.9		
Columbus, GaAla. SMSA Chattahoochee County Miscogee County Russell County, Ala	25,813	13,011	12,802	98.4		
	167,377	158,623	8,754	5.5		
	45,394	46,351	~957	-2.1		
Macon SMSA Bibb County Houston County Savannah SMSA (Chatham County)	143,418	141,249	2,169	1.5		
	62,924	39,154	23,770	60.7		
	187,767	188,299	-532	-0.3		
NEGRO POPULATION						
Albany SMSA (Dougherty County)	30,642	25,922	4,720	18.2		
Atlanta SMSA Clayton County. Cobb County. De Kalb County Fulton County Gwinnett County	4,476	4,745	-269	-5.7		
	8,180	8,032	148	1.8		
	56,863	22,171	34,692	156.5		
	237,404	193,024	44,380	23.0		
	3,696	3,502	194	5.5		
Augusta, GaS.C. SMSA Richmond County Aiken County, S.C	48,545	42,513	6,032	14.2		
	21,794	21,310	484	2.3		
Chattanooga, TennGa. SMSA Walker County Hamilton County, Tenn	2,511	2,420	91	3.8		
	47,416	47,241	175	0.4		
Columbus, GaAla. SMSA Chattahoochee County Muscogee County Russell County, Ala	4,351	2,277	2,074	91.1		
	42,981	37,929	5,052	13.3		
	20,648	22,906	-2,258	-9.9		
Macon SMSA Bibb County Houston County	48,911	47,131	1,780	3.8		
	10,603	8,761	1,842	21.0		
Savannah SMSA (Chatham County)	63,522	63,930	-408	-0.6		

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960

The State	Popula	tion	Change			Components of	change	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas						j	Net migra	ition
Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
THE STATE	ļ							
Total population	4,589,575	3,943,116	646,459	16.4	974,505	379,053	51,007	1.3
White Negro and other races	3,387,516	2,817,223 1,125,893	570,293 76,166	20.2 6.8	623,646 350,859	251,722 127,331	198,369 -147,362	7.0
	1 '		•	25.7	471,731	165,354	159,784	8.8
Metropolitan residence	2,280,230 1,024,400	1,814,069 949,759	466,161 74,641	7.9	249,584	110,613	-64,330	-6.8
Outside central cities	1,255,830 2,309,345	864,310 2,129,047	391,520 180,298	45.3 8.5	222,147 502,774	54,741 213,699	224,114 -108,777	25.9 -5.1
Roumett Opottum Toblechev	2,000,000	-,,	,		•	,	,	1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS]							
Albany:	Ì							İ
Total population	89,639	75,680	13,959	18.4	22,724	5,875	-2,890 12,442	-3.8 4.3
Inside central city	72,623 17,016	55,890 19,790	16,733 -2,774	29.9 -14.0	19,207 3,517	4,896 979	1-5,312	-26.8
White	58,628	49,682	8,946	18.0	14,085	2,863	-2,276	-4.6
Inside central city	44,882 13,746	35,636 14,046	9,246 -300	25.9 -2.1	11,500 2,585	2,353 510	99 -2,375	0.3
Negro and other races	31,011	25,998	5,013	19.3	8,639	3,012	-614	-2.4
Inside central city	27,741 3,270	20,254 5,744	7,487 -2,474	37.0 -43.1	7,707 932	2,543 469	2,323 -2,937	11.5 -51.1
	3,270	0,	-,,,,				,	
Atlanta: Total population	1,390,164	1,017,188	372,976	36.7	267,719	94,792	200,049	19.7
Inside central city	496,973 893,191	487,455 529,733	9,518 363,458	2.0 68.6	115,633 152,086	56,348 38,444	-49,767 249,816	-10.2 47.2
White ²	819,442	638,888	180,554	28.3	147,871	54,801	87,484	13.7
Inside central city	240,551	300,635	-60,084	-20.0 71.1	54,570 93,301	32,180 22,621	-82,474 169,958	-27.4 50.2
Outside central city Negro and other races ²	578,891 301,580	338,253 220,585	240,638 80,995	36.7	71,940	27,539	36,594	16.6
Inside central city	256,422	186,820	69,602	37.3	61,063	24,168 3,371	32,707 3,887	17.5 11.5
Outside central city	45,158	33,765	11,393	33.7	10,877	3,371	3,667	
Augusta, GaS.C. ³ ; Total population	253,460	216,639	36,821	17.0	52,898	19,794	3,717	1.7
Inside central city	59,864	70,626	-10,762	-15.2	20,703	9,937 9,857	-21,528 25,245	-30.5 17.3
Outside central city White		146,013 152,183	47,583 29,265	32,6 19.2	32,195 35,394	12,170	6,041	4.0
Inside central city	29,804	38,653	-8,849	-22.9	11,433	5,357	-14,925	-38.6 18.5
Outside central city	I	113,530 64,456	38,114 7,556	33.6 11.7	23,961 17,504	6,813 7,624	20,966	-3.6
Negro and other races	30,060	31,973	-1,913	-6.0	9,270	4,580	-6,603	-20.7
Outside central city	41,952	32,483	9,469	29,2	8,234	3,044	4,279	13.2
Augusta, GaS.C. (Georgia part):	100 427	135,601	26,836	19.8	34,493	12,870	5,213	3.8
Total population Inside central city	59,864	70,626	-10,762	-15,2	20,703	9,937	-21,528	-30.5
Outside central city	1 .	64,975	37,598	57.9	13,790	2,933	1	41.2 5.4
White,,,,		92,483 38,653	19,884	21.5 -22.9	22,468 11,433	7,600 5,357	-14,925	-38.6
Outside central city	82,563	53,830	28,733	53,4	11,035	2,243		37.0 0.5
Negro and other races			6,952 -1,913	16.1 -6.0		5,270 4,580	-6,603	-20.7
Outside central city			8,865	79.5		690	6,800	61.0
Chattanooga, TennGa.3:			0	- -	F0 15:	0.0.00	-0.000	-3.5
Total population Inside central city			21,758 -10,927	7.7 -8.4		27,796 16,142		-17.0
Outside central city	185,845	153,160	32,685	21,3	32,117	11,654	12,222	8.0
White4 Inside central city			15,806 -10,900	8,3 -12.6		17,678 10,150		-1.9 -19.1
Outside central city			26,706	25.7		7,528	12,898	12.4
Negro and other races			525 -27	1.1 -0.1		6,300 5,992		11.5 -12.8
Outside central city			١	13,3		308		2,1

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

!	[Detail by race sho		ante, tor meaning	g or symbols,				
The State	Populati	ion	Change		C	omponents of		
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Counties		i		i			Net migr	ation
Countries	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREASContinued	i							
Chattanooga, TennGa. (Georgia part): Total population Outside central city	50,691	45,264	5,427	12.0	10,008	3,818	-763	-1 .7
	50,691	45,264	5,427	12.0	10,008	3,818	-763	-1 .7
Columbus, GaAla.3: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	238,584	217,985	20,599	9,4	61,289	17,280	-23,410	-10.7
	154,168	116,779	37,389	32.0	38,014	11,044	110,419	8.9
	84,416	101,206	-16,790	-16.6	23,275	6,236	1-33,829	-33.4
White	169,027	154,127	14,900	9.7	42,560	10,691	-16,969	-11.0
	112,975	85,232	27,743	32.5	28,386	7,385	6,742	7.9
	56,052	68,895	-12,843	-18.6	14,174	3,306	-23,711	-34.4
Negro and other races	69,557	63,858	5,699	8.9	18,729	6,589	-6,441	-10.1
	41,193	31,547	9,646	30.6	9,628	3,659	3,677	11.7
	28,364	32,311	-3,947	-12.2	9,101	2,930	-10,118	-31.3
Columbus, GaAla. (Georgia part): Total population Inside central city Outside central city	193,190	171,634	21,556	12.6	48,556	12,354	-14,646	-8.5
	154,168	116,779	37,389	32.0	38,014	11,044	110,419	8.9
	39,022	54,855	-15,833	-28.9	10,542	1,310	1-25,065	-45.7
White	144,321	130,762	13,559	10.4	36,934	8,264	-15,111	-11.6
	112,975	85,232	27,743	32.5	28,386	7,385	6,742	7.9
	31,346	45,530	-14,184	-31.2	8,548	879	-21,853	-48.0
Negro and other races Inside central city Outside central city	48,869	40,872	7,997	19.6	11,622	4,090	465	1.1
	41,193	31,547	9,646	30.6	9,628	3,659	3,677	11.7
	7,676	9,325	-1,649	-17.7	1,994	431	-3,212	-34.4
Macon: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	206,342	180,403	25,939	14.4	44,905	16,888	-2,078	-1.2
	122,423	69,764	52,659	75.5	25,638	12,690	139,711	56.9
	83,919	110,639	-26,720	-24.2	19,267	4,198	1-41,789	-37.8
White Inside central city Outside central city	146,456	124,415	22,041	17.7	28,312	10,085	3,814	3.1
	77,220	38,850	38,370	98.8	14,176	7,205	31,399	80.8
	69,236	85,565	-16,329	-19.1	14,136	2,880	-27,585	-32.2
Negro and other races	59,886	55,988	3,898	7.0	16,593	6,803	-5,892	-10.5
	45,203	30,914	14,289	46.2	11,462	5,485	8,312	26.9
	14,683	25,074	-10,391	-41.4	5,131	1,318	-14,204	-56.6
Savannah: Total population Inside central city Outside central city	187,767	188,299	-532	-0.3	43,326	18,757	-25,101	-13.3
	118,349	149,245	-30,896	-20.7	30,389	15,698	-45,587	-30.5
	69,418	39,054	30,364	77.7	12,937	3,059	20,486	52.5
White Inside central city Outside central city	123,454	124,116	-662	-0.5	26,451	10,434	-16,679	-13.4
	65,040	95,987	-30,947	-32.2	15,370	8,193	-38,124	-39.7
	58,414	28,129	30,285	107.7	11,081	2,241	21,445	76.2
Negro and other races Inside central city Outside central city	64,313	64,183	130	0,2	16,875	8,323	-8,422	-13.1
	53,309	53,258	51	0,1	15,019	7,505	-7,463	-14.0
	11,004	10,925	79	0,7	1,856	818	-959	-8,8
COUNTIES					<u>.</u>			
Appling. Negro and other races. Atkinson. Negro and other races. Bacon. Negro and other races. Baker Negro and other races. Baker Negro and other races.	12,726 2,667 5,879 1,859 8,233 1,109 3,875 2,032 34,240 13,000	13,246 3,048 6,188 1,777 8,359 1,087 4,543 2,676 34,064 13,496	-520 -381 -309 82 -126 22 -668 -644 176 -496	-3,9 -12,5 -5.0 4.6 -1.5 2.0 -14.7 -24.1 0.5	2,795 958 1,681 778 1,730 372 957 667 5,751	1,198 324 623 171 840 117 418 217 2,201 990	-2,117 -1,015 -1,387 -523 -1,016 -233 -1,207 -1,207 -1,094 -3,374 -2,505	-16.0 -33.3 -22.1 -29.4 -12.2 -21.4 -26.6 -40.9 -9.9 -18.6
Banks Barrow Negro and other races Bartow Negro and other races	16,859 2,936 32,663	6,497 14,485 2,562 28,267 4,284	336 2,374 374 4,396 128	5.2 16.4 14.6 15.6 3.0	1	548 1,471 226 2,738 574	-92 756 -280 118 -615	-1.4 5.2 -10.9 0.4 -14.4

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

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The State	Populat	ion	Change	9	C	omponents of	change	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Counties		Ī					Net migr	ation
Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Porconi
•	13/0	1000	Mailloci	1 GICGIL	Dittila	Deatile	Mannet	Percent
						İ		
COUNTIESContinued		1						ŀ
		40.000	470			\		[
Ben Hill	13,171	13,633	-462	-3.4	2,592	1,756	-1,298	-9,5
Negro and other races	4,108 11,556	4,552 12,038	-444 -482	-9.8 -4.0	1,165 2,195	590	-1,019	-22.4
Negro and other races	1,603	1,843	-240	-13.0	511	1,148 174	-1,529 -577	-12.7 -31,3
Bibb	143,418	141,249	2,169	1,5	31,507	14,183	-15,155	-10.7
Negro and other races	49,046	47,173	1,873	4.0	13,229	5,918	-5,438	-11.5
Bleckley	10,291	9,642	649	6.7	2,024	977	-398	-4,1
Negro and other races	2,308	2,751	-443	-16.1	842	329	-956	-34,8
Brantley	5,940	5,891	49	0.8	1,178	574	-555	-9,4
Negro and other races	602	773	-171	-22.1	235	99	-307	-39.7
Brooks,	13,739	15,292	⊷1,553	-10.2	3,517	1,722	-3,348	-21,9
Negro and other races	6,385 6,539	7,459 6,226	-1,074 313	-14.4 5.0	2,311 2,056	873 629	-2,512 -1,114	-33,7 -17,9
Negro and other races	1,945	2,299	-354	-15.4	973	271	~1,056	-45.9
Bulloch	31,585	24,263	7,322	30,2	6,823	2,434	2,933	12,1
Negro and other races	11,387	8,955	2,432	27,2	3,373	928	-13	0,1
Burke	18,255	20,596	-2,341	-11.4	5,368	2,305	-5,404	-26,2
Negro and other races	11,008	13,685	-2,677	-19.6	4,141	1,561	-5,257	-38,4
Butts	10,560	8,976	1,584	17,6	2,215	1,113	482	5.4
Negro and other races	4,555	4,183	372	8,9	1,367	404	-591	-14,1
Calhoun	8 606	7 241	-735	-100	1 027	944	_1 748	_22 6
Calhoun Negro and other races	6,606 4,062	7,341 4,779	-717	-10.0 -15.0	1,857 1,431	844 519	-1,748 -1,629	-23,8 -34,1
Camden	11,334	9,975	1,359	13.6	2,581	866	-356	-3,6
Negro and other races	4,364	4,024	340	8,4	1,146	425	-381	-9.5
'Candler	6,412	6,672	-260	-3.9	1,452	756	-956	-14.3
Negro and other races	2,161	2,371	-210	-8.9	720	243	-687	-29,0
Carroll	45,404	36,451	8,953	24,6	8,363	3,794	4,384	12.0
Negro and other races	7,598	6,994	604	8.6	2,203	719	-880	-12,6
Catoosa	28,271	21,101	7,170	34.0	4,639	1,571	4,102	19,4
Charlton	5,680	5,313	367	6,9	1,544	542	-635	-12,0
Negro and other races	1,927	1,702	225	13.2	722	201	-296	-17,4
Chatham	187,767	188,299	-532	-0.3	43,326	18,757	-25,101	-13.3
Negro and other races	64,313	64,183	130	0,2	16,875	8,323	-8,422	-13,1
Chattahoochee	25,813	13,011	12,802	98.4	1,691	288	11,399	87.6
Negro and other races	4,945	2,417	2,528	104.6	348	101	2,281	94.4
Chattooga	20,541	19,954	587	2.9	4,005	1,878	-1,540	-7.7
Cherokee	31,059	23,001	8,058	35.0	5,706	2,183	4,535	19.7
Clarke	65,177	45,363	19,814	43.7	11,473	4,253	12,594	27.8
Negro and other races	13,214	11,615	1,599	13.8	3,412	1,614	-199	-1.7
Clay	3,636	4,551	-915	-20.1	833	563	-1,185	-26.0
Negro and other races	2,253	2,837	-584	-20.6	634	336	-882	-31,1
Clayton	98,043	46,365	51,678	111.5	16,649	3,173	38,202	82,4
Negro and other races	4,678	4,770	-92	-1.9	1,298	463	-927	-19,4
Clinch	6,405 2,016	6,545	-140 -470	-2.1 -18.9	2,054	653 286	-1,541	-23.5 -48.4
Cobb	196,793	2,486 114,174	82,619	72.4	1,020 35,539	8,462	-1,204 55,542	48.6
***************************************	1 200,100	111,111	02,025	14.4	50,550	0,402	00,042	10,0
Coffee	22,828	21,953	875	4.0	5,352	2,025	-2,452	-11.2
Negro and other races	5,909	5,988	~79	-1.3	1,945	617	-1,407	-23.5
Colquitt	32,200	34,048	-1,848	-5.4	7,417	3,133	-6,132	-18,0
Negro and other races	7,541	8,223	-682	-8.3	2,786	891	-2,577	-31.3
Columbia	22,327	13,423	8,904	66.3	4,651	1,102	5,355	39.9
Negro and other races	4,993	4,786 11,822	207	4.3	1,530	473	-850	-17.8 -14.4
Negro and other races	12,129 3,797	3,486	307	2.6 8.9	3,152	1,139 331	-1,706 -684	-19.6
Coweta	32,310	28,893	3,417	11.8	1,326 6,775	2,985	-373	-1.3
Negro and other races	10,317	10,470	-153	-1.5	2,945	1,056	-2,042	-19.5
	1 ′	,	1	,	1	,	1 1	
Crawford	5,748	5,816	-68	-1.2	1,433	562	-939	-16,1
Negro and other races	3,013	3,364	-351	-10.4	1,055	288	-1,118	-33.2
Crisp	18,087	17,768	319	1.8	4,236	2,101	-1,816	-10,2
Negro and other races	7,326	7,621	-295	-3.9	2,343	1,006	-1,632	-21.4
Dade Dawson	9,910 3,639	8,666 3,590	1,244	14.4	1,833	724 359	135 -336	1.6 -9.4
Decatur	22,310	25,203	49 -2,893	1.4 -11.5	744 5,475	2,405	-5,963	-23,7
Negro and other races	9,350	10,493	-1,143	-10.9	2,932	1,150	-2,925	-27.9
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Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

	Basilai	lion				Daman-sla -	okones	
The State	Popula	LION	Chang	e	(Components of		
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Counties		}		1		ļ	Net migr	ation
Countries	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
COUNTIESContinued	1	(
De Kalb	415,387	256,782	158,605	61.8	69,891	19,471	108,185	42.1
Negro and other races	57,869	22,412	35,457	158.2	10,523 3,539	3,129 1,795	28,063 -2,569	125.2 -15.6
Negro and other races	15,658 3,964	16,483 4,585	-825 -621	-5.0 -13.5	1,425	505	-1,541	-33.6
Dooly	10,404	11,474	-1,070	-9.3	2,581	1,298	-2,353	-20.5
Negro and other races	5,223	6,027	-804	-13.3	1,746	611	-1,939	-32.2
Dougherty	89,639	75,680	13,959	18.4	22,724	5,875	-2,890	-3.8
Negro and other races	31,011	25,998 16,741	5,013 11,918	19.3 71.2	8,639 4,382	3,012 1,643	-614 9,179	-2.4 54.8
Negro and other races	28,659 3,197	2,489	708	28.4	716	245	237	9.5
Early	12,682	13,151	~469	-3,6	3,468	1,436	-2,501	-19.0
Negro and other races	6,078	6,822	~744	-10.9	2,274	657	-2,361	-34.6
Echols	1,924	1,876	48	2.6	290	176 51	-66 -76	~3,5 ~14,5
Negro and other races	552	525 10 144	27 3,488	5,1 34,4	154 2,335	1,058	2,211	21.8
Negro and other races	13,632	10,144 3,501	-57	-1,6	980	382	-655	-18.7
Elbert	17,262	17,835	-573	-3.2	3,864	1,782	-2,655	-14.9
Negro and other races	5,631	6,109	-478	-7.8	1,712	549	-1,641	-26.9
Negro and other races	18,189 5,486	17,815 5,904	374 -418	2.1 -7.1	4,247 1,878	1,941 677	-1,932 -1,619	-10.8 -27.4
Evans	7,290	6,952	338	4.9	2,187	761	-1,088	-15.7
Negro and other races	2,443	2,583	-140	-5,4	1,000	277	. - 863	-33.4
Fannin	13,357	13,620	-263	-1.9	1,971	1,214	-1,020	-7.5
Fayette	11,364	8,199	3,165	38,6	1,842	820 190	2,143 -892	26.1 -36.7
Negro and other races	1,987	2,431	-444 4,612	-18.3 6.7	638 14,308	6,344	-3,352	-4.8
Negro and other races	73,742 9,773	69,130 9,938	-165	-1.7	2,477	1,087	-1,555	-15.6
Forsyth	16,928	12,170	4,758	39,1	2,985	1,149	2,922	24.0
Franklin	12,784	13,274	-490	-3.7 2.3	2,532 502	1,527 186	-1,495 -281	-11.3 -18.3
Negro and other races	1,571	1,536 556,326	35 51,266	9.2	133,263	59,697	-22,300	-4.0
Negro and other races	239,033	193,403	45,630	23.6	60,119	23,947	9,458	4.9
Gilmer	8,956	8,922	34	.4	1,663	884	-775	-8.7
Glascock	2,280	2,672	-392	-14,7	581 295	303 65	-670 -436	-25.1 -57.1
Negro and other races	557 50,528	763 41,954	-206 8,574	-27.0 20.4	11,525	3,742	791	1.9
Negro and other races	12,795	11,648	1,147	9,8	3,165	1,424	-594	-5.1
Gordon	23,570	19,228	4,342	22.6	4,639	1,978	1,681	8.7
Grady	17,826	18,015	-189	-1.0	3,849	1,802	-2,236	-12.4 -25.1
Negro and other races	6,309	6,662	-353 -981	-5.3 -8.8	1,998 2,356	682 1,426	-1,669 -1,911	-17.1
Greene Negro and other races	10,212	11,193 5,878	-603	-10.3	1,652	737	-1,518	-25.8
Gwinnett	72,349	43,541	28,808	66.2	12,369	3,990	20,429	46,9
Habersham,	20,691	18,116	2,575	14.2	3,784	1,620	411	2.3
Hall	59,405	49,739	9,666	19.4	12,201	4,182	1,647	3,3
Negro and other races	6,091	5,391	700	13,0	1,811	576	-535 -2,459	-9,9 -24.6
Hancock	9,019	9,979	-960 -854	-9.6 -11.4	2,522	1,023 690	-2,289	-30,7
Negro and other races	6,607 15,927	7,461 14,543	1,384	9,5	2,769	1,530	145	1.0
Harris	11,520	11,167	353	3,2	2,510	1,142	-1,015	-9,1
Negro and other races	5,207	6,108	-901	-14.8	1,717	544	-2,074	-34.0 -9.1
Negro and other races	15,814 3,715	15,229 3,727	585 -12	3.8 -0.3	3,407 1,057	1,440 345	-1,382 -724	-19,4
	1		21	0.4	1,125	593	-511	-9,6
Negro and other races	5,354 1,267	5,333 1,226	41	. 3.3	395	108	-246	-20.1
Henry	23,724	17,619	6,105	34.7	5,321	1,701	2,485	14.1
Negro and other races	7,542	7,506	36	0,5	2,764	614	-2,114	-28.2
Houston	62,924	39,154	23,770	60.7	13,398	2,705	13,077	33.4 -5.2
Negro and other races	10,840	8,815	2,025	23.0 -12.8	2,040	885 925	-2,290	-24.9
Irwin Negro and other races	8,036 2,731	9,211 3,435	-704	-20.5	1,212	339	-1,577	-45.9
Jackson	21,093	18,499	2,594	14.0	3,911	1,884	567	3,1
Negro and other races	2,724	2,372	352	14,8	766	253	-161	-6.8 -15.3
Jasper	5,760	6,135	-375 -547	-6.1 -16.6	1,328 923	762 353	-941 -1,117	-15,3 -33.8
Negro and other races	2,756	3,303	-547	-16.6	1 923	303	1	3010

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

·	Donulati							
The State	Populati	on	Change	e	<u>C</u>	omponents of	change	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Counties						Ĺ	Net migr	ation
Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
Ì								
COUNTIESContinued		Į		l				1
Jeff Davis	9,425	8,914	511	5.7	2,439	783	-1,145	-12.8
Negro and other races	1,769	1,829	-60	-3.3	527	141	-446	-24.4
Jefferson	17,174	17,468	-294	-1.7	4,600	1,961	-2,933	-16.8
Negro and other races	9,313 8,332	9,882 9,148	-569 -816	-5.8 -8.9	3,305	1,130 1,027	~2,744 ~2,162	-27.8 -23.6
Jenkins	3,674	4,545	-871	-19.2	2,374 1,432	500	-2,163 -1,803	-39.7
Johnson	7,727	8,048	-321	-4.0	1,838	834	-1,325	-16.5
Negro and other races	2,385	2,675	-290	-10.8	898	272	-916	-34.2
Jones	12,218	8,468	3,750	44.3	2,142	846	2,454	29.0
Negro and other races	4,719	4,257	462	10,9	1,131	390	-279	-6,6
Lamar	10,688	10,240	448	4,4	2,133	1,071	-614	-6.0
Negro and other races	4,168	4,049	119	2,9	1,144	427	-598	-14.B
Negro and other reces	5,031	5,097 1,545	-66 -34	-1,3 -2,2	1,236	482 167	-820 -330	-16.1 -21.4
Negro and other races	1,511 32,738	32,313	-34 425	1.3	463 7,692	3,440	-330 -3,827	-11.8
Negro and other races	11,218	12,030	-812	-6.7	3,667	1,468	-3,011	-25.0
Lee	7,044	6,204	840	13,5	1,713	586	-287	-4.6
Negro and other races	3,074	3,890	-816	-21.0	1,087	370	-1,533	-39.4
Negro and other races	17,569 6,235	14,487 6,139	3,082 96	21,3 1,6	4,629 1,773	1,172 701	-375 -976	-2,6 -15,9
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Lincoln	5,895	5,906	-11	-0.2	1,049	605	-455	-7.7
Negro and other races	2,720	2,894	-174 -128	-6.0	667	271	-570 -1 090	-19,7 -27,9
Negro and other races	3,746 1,203	3,874 1,278	-128 -75	-3,3 -5,9	1,302 544	348 122	-1,082 -497	-38,9
Lowndes	55,112	49,270	5,842	11.9	13,497	4,358	-3,297	-6.7
Negro and other races	16,202	15,975	227	1.4	5,053	1,713	-3,113	-19.5
Lumpkin	8,728	7,241	1,487	20.5	1,402	581	666	9,2
McDuffie Negro and other races	15,276	12,627	2,649 999	21,0 18,7	3,446	1,386 670	589 -242	4.7
Regro and build: Taces	6,351	5,352	200	10,7	1,911	670	-212	-4,5
McIntosh	7,371	6,364	1,007	15.8	1,584	729	152	2.4
Negro and other races	3,890	3,690	200	5.4	1,006	447	~359	-9.7 -17.8
Macon Negro and other races	12,933 7,864	13,170 8,299	-237 -435	-1.8 -5,2	3,612 2,638	1,500 941	-2,349 -2,132	-25.7
Madison	13,517	11,246	2,271	20.2	2,604	1,231	898	8.0
Negro and other races	1,915	2,089	-174	-8.3	733	228	-679	-32.5
Marion	5,099	5,477	-378	-6.9	1,466	595	-1,249	-22.8
Negro and other races	2,649	3,291	-642 -295	-19.5	1,029	307	-1,364	-41.4 -12.6
Meriwether Negro and other races	19,461 9,283	19,756 9,836	-255 -553	-1.5 -5.6	4,331 2,660	2,138 1,044	-2,488 -2,169	-22.1
		·			,	·	,	
Miller	6,397	6,908	~511	-7.4	1,408	697	-1,222	-17.7
Negro and other races	1,875 18,956	2,032 19,652	-157 -696	-7.7 -3.5	657 5,472	202 2,095	-612 -4,073	-30.1 -20.7
Negro and other races	9,202	10,021	-819	-3.5 -8,2	3,574	1,011	-4,073	-33.7
Monroe	10,991	10,495	496	4.7	2,187	1,179	-512	-4,9
Negro and other races	5,098	5,080	18	0.4	1,287	566	-703	-13.8
Negro and other races	6,099	6,284	~185 517	-2.9	1,657	654	-1,188	-18.9 -45.8
Morgan	2,033 9,904	2,550 10,280	-517 -376	-20.3 -3.7	904 2,667	252 1,114	-1,169 -1,929	-18.8
Negro and other races	4,467	4,920	-453	-9.2	1,662	567	-1,548	-31,5
Murray,	12,986	10,447	2,539	24,3	3,057	993	475	4.5
Muscogee	167,377	158,623	8,754	5.5	46,865	12,066	-26,045	-16.4
Negro and other races	43,924	38,455	5,469	14.2	11,274	3,989	-1,816	-1.7
Newton	26,282	20,999	5,283	25,2	5,547	2,351	2,087	9,9
Negro and other races	8,213 7,915	7,257 6,304	956	13,2 25,6	2,352	855 656	-541 926	-7.5 14.7
Negro and other races	1,269	1,396	1,611 -127	-9,1	1,341 365	128	-364	-26.1
Oglethorpe	7,598	7,926	-328	-4.1	1,566	932	-962	-12,1
Negro and other races	2,823	3,556	-733	-20,6	947	358	-1,322	-37.2
Paulding	17,520	13,101	4,419	33.7	2,984	1,287	2,722	20.8
Peach	15,990	13,846	2,144	15.5	4,588	1,378	-1,066	-7.7
Negro and other races	9,080	8,130	950	11.7	3,086	803	-1,333	-16.4
Pickens	9,620	8,903	717 -397	8.1	2,417	854	-846 -1 418	-9,5 -14.7
Negro and other races	1,788	9,678 2,138	-350	-4.1 -16.4	2,041 572	1,020 265	-1,418 -657	-30.7
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Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

	Detail by lace Sit			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	omponente :	ahanac	
The State	Populat	ION	Change	-		omponents of		
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Counties		}		}		1	Net migra	ation
Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
						1		I
COUNTIESContinued		1		}		1		}
Pike	7,316	7,138	178 -242	2.5 -7.6	1,624 1,044	797 314	-649 -972	-9.1 -30.4
Negro and other races	2,959 29,656	3,201 28,015	1,641	5.9	6,124	2,981	-1,502	-5.4
Negro and other races	4,662	4,455	207	4.6	1,342	494	-641	-14.4
Pulaski	8,066	8,204	-138	-1.7	1,883	989	-1,032	-12.6
Negro and other races	2,946	3,560	-614 596	-17,2 7.6	1,007 1,864	450 751	-1,171 -517	-32.9 -6.6
Putnam Negro and other races	8,394 4,083	7,798 4,214	-131	-3.1	1,251	397	-985	-23.4
Quitman	2,180	2,432	-252	-10.4	574	207	-619	-25.5
Negro and other races	1,313	1,560	247	-15,8	461	121	-587	-37.6
Rabun	8,327	7,456	871	11.7	1,481	767	157	2.1
Randolph	8,734	11,078	-2,344	-21.2	2,220	1,286	-3,278	-29.6
Negro and other races	4,857	6,887	-2,030	-29.5 19.8	1,590 34,493	713 l 12,870	-2,907 5,213	-42.2 3.8
Richmond Negro and other races	162,437 50,070	135,601 43,118	26,836 6,952	16.1	12,025	5,270	197	.5
Rockdale	18,152	10,572	7,580	71.7	3,128	1,086	5,538	52.4
Negro and other races	3,280	2,889	391	13.5	991	333	-267	-9.2
Schley	3,097	3,256	-159	-4.9	725 429	352 183	-532 -696	-16.3 -37.8
Negro and other races	1,389	1,839	-450	-24.5	425	100		ì
Screven	12,591	14,919	-2,328	-15.6	3,160	1,647	-3,841	-25.7 -41.8
Negro and other races	5,816	7,832	-2,016 257	-25.7 3.8	2,084 1,721	823 680	-3,277 -784	-11.5
Seminole Negro and other races	7,059 2,514	6,802 2,613	-99	-3.8	942	260	-781	-29.9
Spalding	39,514	35,404	4,110	11.6	8,203	3,753	-340	-1.0
Negro and other races	10,584	9,977	607	6.1	3,050	1,126	-1,317	-13.2
Stephens	20,331	18,391	1,940	10.5	3,863 579	1,768 301	-155 -419	-0.8 -16,3
Negro and other racesStewart	2,426 6,511	2,567 7,371	-141 -860	-5.5 -11.7	1,884	874	-1,870	-25.4
Negro and other races	4,224	5,208	-984	-18.9	1,523	532	-1,975	-37,9
Sumter	26,931	24,652	2,279	9.2	6,423	2,853	-1,291	-5.2
Negro and other races	11,881	13,026	-1,145	-8.8	3,855	1,525 790	-3,475 -1,202	-26.7 -16.9
Talbot	6,625	7,127 4,975	-502 -486	-7.0 -9.8	1,490 1,208	513	-1,181	-23.7
Negro and other races	4,489 2,423	3,370	-947	-28.1	657	370	-1,234	-36.6
Negro and other races	1,541	2,097	-556	-26.5	516	222	-850	-40.5
Tattnall	16,557	15,837	720	4.5	3,113	1,489	-904 -704	-5.7 -14.0
Negro and other races	5,157	5,034	123 -446	2,4 -5,4	1,256 2,241	429 1,016	-1,671	-20.1
Taylor Negro and other races	7,865 3,527	8,311 4,013	-486	-12.1	1,345	504	-1,327	-33.1
	1	11,715	-334	-2.9	3,000	1,333	-2,001	-17.1
Telfair Negro and other races	11,381 3,955	4,011	-5ê	-1.4	1,405	447	-1,014	-25.3
Terrell	11,416	12,742	-1,326	~10.4	3,529	1,451	-3,404	-26.7
Negro and other races	6,847	8,209	-1,362	~16.6	2,796	859 3,782	-3,299 -4,359	-40.2 -12.7
Thomas	34,515 13,690	34,319 14,202	196 -512	0,6 -3,6	8,337 4,500	1,665	-3,347	-23.6
Tift	27,288	23,487	3,801	16,2	6,040	2,195	-44	-0.2
Negro and other races	7,871	7,007	864	12.3	2,274	670	-740	-10.6 -2.8
Toombs Negro and other races	19,151	16,837 4,735	2,314 433	13.7 9.1	4,589 1,779	1,801 586	-474 -760	-16.1
	5,168		(406	-289	-6.4
Towns Treutlen	4,565 5,647	4,538 5,874	27 -227	0,6 -3,9	722 1,294	594	-927	-15.8
Negro and other races	1,886	1,943	-57	-2.9	649	177	-529	-27.2
Troup	44,466	47,189	-2,723	-5.8	9,594	5,095	-7,222	-15.3
Negro and other races	14,143	15,771	-1,628	-10.3 4.2	4,151 2,096	1,893 965	-3,886 -780	-24.6 -9.2
Turner Negro and other races	8,790 3,140	8,439 3,116	351 24	0.8	1,222	385	-813	-26.1
Twiggs	8,222	7,935	287	3.6	1,987	747	-953	-12.0
Negro and other races	4,618	4,771	-153	-3.2	1,451	. 435	-1,169	-24.5
Union	6,811	6,510	301	4.6	1,140	534	-305	-4.7
Upson	23,505	23,800	-295	-1.2 -0.4	1,864	2,307 695	-2,668 -1,194	-11.2 -17.9
Negro and other races,	6,658	6,683 45,264	-25 5,427	12.0	10,008	3,818	-763	-1.7
Walton	50,691 23,404	20,481	2,923	14.3	5,210	2,168	-119	-0.6
Negro and other races	6,534	6,137		6.5		661	-1,369	-22.3
	•							

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960-Continued

The State	Populat	ion	Chang	je	C	omponents of	change	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas Counties							Net migr	ration
	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent
COUNTIESContinued		ļ						
Ware	33,525	34,219	-694	-2.0	7,698	3,422	-4,970	-14.5
Negro and other races	7,626	8,481	-855	-10.1	2,110	1,059	-1,906	-22.5
Warren	6,669	7,360	-691	-9.4	1,877	826	-1,742	-23.7
Negro and other races	3,892	4,609	-717	-15.6	1,451	469	-1,699	-36,9
Washington	17,480	18,903	-1,423	-7.5	4,479	2,307	-3,595	-19.0
Negro and other races	9,382	10,801	-1,419	~13,1	3,250	1,286	-3,383	-31.3
Wayne	17,858	17,921	-63	-0.4	4,164	1,585	-2,642	-14.7
Negro and other races	3,745	3,807	-62	-1.6	1,204	394	-872	-22.9
Webster	2,362	3,247	-885	-27.3	645	328	-1,202	-37.0
Negro and other races	1,379	2,075	-696	-33.5	533	159	-1,070	-51.6
Wheeler	4,596	5,342	-746	-14,0	1,065	500	-1,311	-24.5
Negro and other races	1,420	1,735	-315	-18,2	416	133	-598	-34.5
White	7,742	6,935	807	11,6	1,433	576	-50	-0.7
Whitfield	55,108	42,109	12,999	30.9	11,337	3,634	5,296	12.6
Wilcox	6,998	7,905	-907	-11,5	1,535	849	-1,593	-20,2
Negro and other races	2,173	2,641	-468	-17.7	695	281	-882	-33.4
Wilkes	10,184	10,961	-777	-7.1	2,190	1,412	-1,555	-14.2
Negro and other races	4,856	5,619	-763	-13.6	1,379	71.7	-1,425	-25,4
Wilkinson	9,393	9,250	143	1.5	2,227	1,019	-1,065	-11,5
Negro and other races	4,363	4,460	-97	-2.2	1,400	486	-1,011	-22.7
Worth	14,770	16,682	-1,912	-11,5	3,915	1,539	-4,288	-25.7
Negro and other races	5,601	8,040	-2,439	-30.3	2,418	686	-4,171	-51.9
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¹Also includes substantial amount of change due to annexations to central cities, see text. ²Race detail excludes Gwinnett and Cobb Counties in Atlanta SMSA. ³Entire SMSA, including portion in another State. ⁴Race detail shown for Hamilton County, Tenn.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

Statistical Areas THE STATE THE STATE METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE TOTAL POPULATION All ages. Alses. 4,589,575 3,943,116 646,459 16.4 2,280,230 1,814,069 468,161 421,709 471,901 -50,192 -10.6 208,189 223,960 -15,771 408,675 15 to 14 years. 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 15 to 24 years. 859,520 602,765 256,755 42.6 445,464 277,967 167,507 15 to 24 years. 867,794 712,776 155,018 21.7 408,657 313,161 95,506 365,748 112,1859 1,013,165 108,894 10.7 600,292 513,961 66,331 365 45 to 64 years. 867,794 712,776 155,018 21.7 408,657 313,161 95,506 365,748 113,009 38,015 387,468 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 38,0	25.7 -7.0 25.4 30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
Statistical Areas THE STATE THE STATE METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE TOTAL POPULATION All ages. Alses. 4,589,575 3,943,116 646,459 16.4 2,280,230 1,814,069 468,161 421,709 471,901 -50,192 -10.6 208,189 223,960 -15,771 408,675 15 to 14 years. 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 15 to 24 years. 859,520 602,765 256,755 42.6 445,464 277,967 167,507 15 to 24 years. 867,794 712,776 155,018 21.7 408,657 313,161 95,506 365,748 112,1859 1,013,165 108,894 10.7 600,292 513,961 66,331 365 45 to 64 years. 867,794 712,776 155,018 21.7 408,657 313,161 95,506 365,748 113,009 38,015 387,468 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 38,0	25.7 -7.0 25.4 30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
THE STATE THE STATE	-7.0 25.4 30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
All ages. 4,589,575 3,943,116 646,459 16.4 2,280,230 1,814,069 466,161 421,709 471,901 5.0,192 1.0,6 208,189 223,960 1.5,771 5.0 14 years. 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 2.0 15.0 24 years. 859,520 602,765 108,694 10.7 600,222 513,961 86,331 15.0 64 years. 12,176 867,794 712,776 105,008 21.7 408,657 313,151 95,506 108,944 10.7 600,222 513,961 86,331 16.5 64 years and over 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,961 86,331 15.0 65 years and over 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,961 86,331 15.0 65 years and over 66,794 712,776 87,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,694 10.7 600,222 113,609 38,015 108,695 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 66,114 10.7 362 10.7 600,222 10.7 65,992 10.7 65,992 10.7 66,114 10.7 362 10.7 600,200 10.7	-7.0 25.4 30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
## All ages.	-7.0 25.4 30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
All ages. 4,368,316 3,341,40 Under 5 years. 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 15 to 14 years. 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 15 to 14 years. 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 15 to 24 years. 12,121,859 1,013,165 108,694 10.7 600,202 513,961 86,331 15 to 64 years. 867,794 712,776 155,018 21.7 408,657 313,151 95,506 15 years and over. 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 38,015 108,994 10.7 600,202 513,961 86,331 15 95,506 15 years and over. 37,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 15 to 14 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 14 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 14 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 121,084 15 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,771 107,389 121,084 15 15 to 24 years. 920,021 308,752 -16,771 107,389 121,084 15 15 10,589 121,084 15 15 10,589 121,084 15 15 10,589 121,084 15 15 10,589 121,084 15 15 10,589 121,084 15 15 10,589 121,08	25.4 30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
S to 14 years 951,235 851,848 99,387 11.7 466,604 372,031 94,573 25 15 to 24 years 1,121,859 1,013,165 108,694 10.7 600,292 513,961 86,331 1.121,859 1,013,165 108,694 10.7 600,292 513,961 86,331 95,506 367,458 10,776 155,018 21.7 408,657 313,151 95,506 36,506 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 38,0	30.3 16.8 30.5 33.6
15 to 24 years	16.8 30.5 33.6
25 to 44 years. 1,121,859 1,013,165 867,794 712,776 155,018 21.7 406,657 313,151 95,506 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 1,708,790 1,348,306 359,484 10.7 329,021 308,752 -18,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 40,500	30.5 33.6
### 15 to 64 years and over 867,794 712,776 155,0.68 211,024 113,009 38,015 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 367,458 290,661 76,797 26.4 151,024 113,009 38,015 367,458	33.6
##ITE POPULATION All ages. 3,391,242 2,817,223 574,019 20.4 1,708,790 1,349,306 359,484 Under 5 years. 290,021 308,752 -18,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 5 to 14 years. 650,990 567,780 83,210 14.7 332,049 266,135 65,914 5 to 24 years. 624,137 427,490 196,647 46.0 329,037 207,953 121,084 873,476 766,114 107,362 14.0 468,078 396,463 71,615 5 to 44 years. 674,356 531,801 142,555 26.8 317,812 234,300 83,512 278,262 215,286 62,976 29.3 113,453 85,505 27,948 NEGRO AND OTHER RACES All ages. 1,198,333 1,125,893 72,440 6.4 571,440 464,763 106,677 278,262 215,286 62,976 29.3 113,455 105,896 28,659 15 to 14 years. 300,245 284,088 16,177 5.7 134,555 105,896 28,659 15 to 24 years. 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 24 years. 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 25 years and over. 1NSIDE CENTRAL CITIES OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITIES	98 . B
All ages 3,391,242 2,817,223 574,019 20.4 1,708,790 1,349,306 359,484 290,021 308,752 -18,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 650,990 567,780 83,210 14.7 332,049 266,135 65,914 624,137 427,490 196,647 46.0 329,037 207,953 121,084 873,476 766,114 107,362 14.0 468,078 396,463 71,615 45 46 years 674,356 531,801 142,555 26.8 317,812 234,300 83,512 65 years and over. 278,262 215,286 62,976 29.3 113,453 85,505 27,948 85 104 years 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 59,828 65,010 -5,182 5 to 14 years 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 24 years 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 24 years 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 24 years 235,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 193,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 65 years and over 89,196 75,375 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067	28 . A
All ages. 3,391,242 2,817,223 574,019 Under 5 years. 290,021 308,752 -18,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,589 5 to 14 years. 650,990 567,780 83,210 14.7 332,049 266,135 65,914 15 to 24 years. 624,137 427,490 196,647 46.0 329,037 207,953 121,084 25 to 44 years. 873,476 766,114 107,362 14.0 448,078 396,463 71,615 45 to 64 years. 674,356 531,801 142,555 26.8 317,812 234,300 83,512 65 years and over. 278,262 215,286 62,976 28.3 113,453 85,505 27,948 NEGRO AND OTHER RACES All ages. 1,198,333 1,125,893 72,440 6.4 571,440 464,763 106,677 Under 5 years. 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 59,828 65,010 -5,182 5 to 14 years. 300,245 284,088 16,177 5.7 134,555 105,896 28,659 15 to 24 years. 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 64 years. 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 193,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 85 years and over. 89,196 75,375 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067	26.6
Under 5 years. 290,021 308,752 -18,731 -6.1 148,361 158,950 -10,565	
5 to 14 years 650,990 567,780 83,210 14.7 332,049 265,153 63,514 624,137 427,490 196,647 48.0 329,037 207,953 121,084 25 to 44 years 873,476 766,114 107,362 14.0 468,078 396,463 71,615 674,356 531,801 142,555 26.8 317,812 234,300 83,512 278,262 215,286 62,976 29.3 113,453 85,505 27,948	-6.7 24.8
15 to 24 years. 624,137 427,490 196,647 48.0 325,300 83,512 873,476 766,114 107,362 14.0 468,078 396,463 71,615 45 to 64 years and over. 278,262 215,286 62,976 29.3 113,453 85,505 27,948 NEGRO AND OTHER RACES All ages. 1,198,333 1,125,893 72,440 6.4 571,440 464,763 106,677 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 59,828 65,010 -5,182 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 59,828 65,010 -5,182 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 146,177 5.7 134,555 105,896 28,659 15 to 14 years. 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 24 years. 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 116,427 70,004 46,423 14,716 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 193,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 65 years and over. 89,196 75,375 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067	58.2
25 to 44 years	18.1
All ages. 1,198,333 1,125,893 72,440 6.4 571,440 464,763 108,677 Under 5 years. 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 59,828 65,010 -5,182 5 to 14 years. 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 118,427 70,004 46,423 15 to 24 years. 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 193,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 65 years and over. 89,196 75,375 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067	35.6
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES All ages	32,7
All ages. 1,198,333 1,125,893 72,440 6.4 571,440 464,763 106,677 Under 5 years. 131,688 163,149 -31,461 -19.3 59,828 65,010 -5,182 5 to 14 years. 230,245 284,068 16,177 5.7 134,555 105,896 28,659 15 to 24 years. 235,383 175,275 60,108 34.3 118,427 70,004 46,423 25 to 44 years. 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 45 to 64 years. 193,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 65 years and over. 89,196 75,375 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067	
All ages	20. 2
Under 5 years	23.0 -8.0
5 to 14 years	27.1
235,383 175,475 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 25 to 64 years. 248,383 247,051 1,332 0.5 132,214 117,498 14,716 25 to 64 years. 193,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 193,438 180,975 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067 10,06	66.3
243,438 180,975 12,463 6.9 90,845 78,851 11,994 193,438 180,975 13,821 18.3 37,571 27,504 10,067	12.5
89,196	15.2
THE TOTAL COLUMN	36.6
TOTAL POPULATION	
All ages	45.3
All ages	4.6
5 to 14 years 198.260 183,010 15,250 8.3 288,344 189,021 79,323	42.0 80.7
15 to 24 years	37.7
25 to 44 years 244,025 255,257 -11,452 2.0 206,571 126,047 80,524	63.9
45 to 64 years	46.1
65 years and over	
WHITE POPULATION	1
All ages 569,325 594,993 -25,668 -4.3 1,139,465 754,313 385,152	51.1
Under 5 years	48.8
5 to 14 years 92,031 104,817 -12,786 -12,2 240,016 101,017 101,419	86.9
15 to 24 years	41.7
25 to 44 years	72.6
45 to 64 years	52.0
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES	
28.3 116.365 109.997 6,368	5.8
All ages	-23.4
Under 5 years	2.3
5 to 14 years. 105,222 15,155 15 17 24 years 88,828 50,884 38,144 75.3 27,599 19,320 8,279	42.
25 to 44 years. 105.659 91,555 14,104 15.4 26,555 25,943 012	
45 to 64 years	2.4
65 years and over 31,511 21,870 9,641 44.1 6,060 5,634 426	2 1.: 7.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Popul	ation	Chang	e	Populati	ion	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas	NC	NMETROPOLITA	N RESIDENCE			ALBANY	SMSA	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	2,309,345	2,129,047	180,298	8.5	89,639	75,680	13,959	18.4
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	213,520 484,631	247,941 479,817	-34,421 4,814	-13.9 1.0	9,409 20,165	11,301	-1,892	-16.7
15 to 24 years	414,056	324,808	89,248	27.5	19,032	16,954 12,155	3,211 6,877	18.9 56.6
25 to 44 years	521,567	499,204	22,363	4.5	22,057	21,463	594	2.8
45 to 64 years	459,137	399,625	59,512	14.9	13,915	10,173	3,742	36.8
65 years and over	216,434	177,652	38,782	21.8	5,061	3,634	1,427	39.3
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	1,682,452	1,467,917	214,535	14.6	58,571	49,682	8,889	17.9
Under 5 years	141,660	149,802	-8,142	-5.4	5,759	7,226	-1,467	-20,3
5 to 14 years	318,941	301,645	17,296	5.7	12,384	10,503	1,881	17.9
15 to 24 years	295,100 405,398	219,537 369,651	75,563 35,747	34.4 9.7	12,146 15,930	8,058 15,649	4,088 281	50.7 1.8
45 to 64 years	356,544	297,501	59,043	19.8	9,494	6,267	3,227	51.5
65 years and over	164,809	129.781	35,028	27.0	2.858	1,979	879	44.4
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	626,893	661,130	-34,237	-5.2	31,068	25,998	5,070	19.5
Under 5 years	71,860	98,139	-26,279	-26.8	3,650	4,075	-425	-10.4
5 to 14 years	165,690	178,172	-12,482	-7.0	7,781	6,451	1,330	20.6
15 to 24 years	118,956	105,271	13,685	13.0	6,886	4,097	2,789	88.1
45 to 64 years	116,169 102,593	129,553 102,124	-13,384 469	-10.3 0.5	6,127	5,814	313	5.4 13.2
65 years and over	51,625	47,871	3,754	7.8	4,421 2,203	3,906 1,655	515 548	33.1
		INSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	72,623	55,890	16,733	29.9	17,016	19,790	-2,774	-14.0
Under 5 years	7,712	8,300	-588	-7.1	1,697	3,001	~1,304	-43.5
5 to 14 years	16,323	12,542	3,781	30,1	3,842	4,412	-570	-12.9
15 to 24 years	14,911	7,981	6,930	86.8	4,121	4,174	-53	-1.3
25 to 44 years	17,628 11,509	15,890 8,184	1,738 3,325	10.9 40.6	4,429	5,573	-1,144 417	-20.5 21.0
65 years and over	4,540	2,993	1,547	51.7	2,406 521	1,989 641	-120	-18.7
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	44,806	35,636	9,170	25.7	13,765	14,046	-281	-2.0
Under 5 years	4,347	5,169	-822	-15.9	1,412	2,057	-645	-31.4
5 to 14 years	9,240	7,594	1,646	21.7	3,144	2,909	235	8.1
15 to 24 years	9,257	5,058	4,199	83.0	2,889	3,000	-111	-3.7
25 to 44 years	12,006 7,476	11,217 4,970	789 2,506	7.0 50.4	3,924	4,432	-508 721	-11.5 55.6
65 years and over	2,480	1,628	852	52.3	2,018 378	1,297 351	27	7,7
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages		20,254	7,563	37.3	3,251	5,744	-2,493	-43.4
Under 5 years		3,131	234	7.5	285	944	-659	-69.8
5 to 14 years	7,083	4,948	2,135	43.1	698	1,503	-805	-53.6
15 to 24 years		2,923	2,731	93.4	1,232	1,174	58	4.9
45 to 64 years	5,622 4,033	4,673 3,214	949 819	20.3 25.5	505	1,141	-636 -304	-55.7 -43.9
65 years and over		1,365	695	50.9	388 143	692 290	-304 -147	-50.7
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Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960—Con.

	Popula	ition	Change	,	Populat	ion	Change	
The State Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		ATLANT/	SMSA			INSIDE CENTI	AL CITY	
		T	<u> </u>					
TOTAL POPULATION		.			100 000	407 455	9,518	2.0
All ages	1,390,164 128,344	1,017,188	372,976 5,771	36.7 4.7	496,973 42,950	487,455 52,894	-9,944	-18.8
5 to 14 years	282,984	204,983	78,001	38.1	90,477	88,313	2,164 23,528	2.4 31.9
15 to 24 years	252,448 386,539	144,979 293,858	107,469 92,681	74.1 31.5	97,364 123,924	73,836 130,933	-7,009	-5.4
25 to 44 years	249,438	184,366	65,072	35.3	97,034	102,779	-5,745	-5.6
65 years and over	90,411	66,429	23,982	36.1	45,224	38,700	6,524	16.9
WHITE POPULATION					i			
All ages	1,076,143	785,019	291,124	37.1	240,503	300,635	-60,143	-20.0
Under 5 years	94,971	89,762	5,209	5.8	16,047	27,072	-11,025 -16,606	-40.7 -34.0
5 to 14 years	210,020 189,923	154,101 110,413	55,919 79,510	36.3 72.0	32,222 46,276	48,828 46,455	-10,000	-0.4
25 to 44 years	308,513	232,785	75,728	32.5	59,494	80,605	-21,111	-26.2
45 to 64 years	201,167	144,545	56,622 18,136	39.2 34.0	57,009 29,455	69,548 28,127	-12,539 1,328	-18.0 4.7
65 years and over	71,549	53,413	20,200	5210	40, 100		-,	
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES		1						
All ages		232,169	81,852	35.3	256,470	186,820 25,822	69,650 1,081	37.3 4.2
Under 5 years		32,811 50,882	562 22,082	1.7 43.4	26,903 58,255	39,485	18,770	47.5
15 to 24 years	62,525	34,566	27,959	80.9	51,088	27,381	23,707	86.6
25 to 44 years	78,026	61,073	16,953 8,450	27.8 21.2	64,430 40,025	50,328 33,231	14,102 6,794	28.0 20.4
45 to 64 years		39,821 13,016	5,846	44.9	15,769	10,573	5,196	49.1
		OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY		1	AUGUSTA, GA.	-8.C. SMSA 1	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	. 893,191	529,733	363,458	68.6	253,460	216,639	36,821	17.0
Under 5 years	. 85,394	69,679 116,670	15,715 75,837	22.6 65.0	22,051 51,330	26,304 46,478	-4,253 4,852	-16,2 10,4
5 to 14 years		71,143	83,941	118.0	57,545	37,248	20,297	54.5
25 to 44 years	. 262,615	162,925	99,690	61.2	80,743	58,637	2,106 9,825	3.6 28.1
45 to 64 years		81,587 27,729	70,817 17,458	86.8 63.0	44,796 16,995	34,971 13,001	3,994	30.7
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	. 835,640	484,384	351,256	72.5	181,448	152,183	29,265	19.2
Under 5 years		62,690	16,234	25.9	14,688	17,343	-2,655	-15.3
5 to 14 years	177,798	105,273	72,525	68.9 124.6	34,492 41,481	30,407 27,561	4,085 13,920	13,4 50.5
15 to 24 years		63,958 152,180	79,689 96,839	63.6	45,800	43,662	2,138	4.9
45 to 64 years	144,158	74,997	69,161	92.2	33,127	24,629	8,498	34.5 38.2
65 years and over	42,094	25,286	16,808	66.5	11,860	8,581	3,279	30.2
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages		45,349	12,202	26.9	72,012	64,456	7,556	11.7 -17.8
Under 5 years		6,989 11,397	-519 3,312	-7.4 29.1	7,363 16,838	8,961 16,071	-1,598 767	4.8
5 to 14 years	11,437	7,185	4,252	59.2	16,064	9,687	6,377	65.8
25 to 44 years	13,596	10,745	2,851	26.5 25.1	14,943 11,669	14,975 10,342	1,327	-0.2 12.8
45 to 64 years		6,590 2,443	1,656 650	26.6	5,135	4,420	715	16.2

¹Entire SMSA, including portion in another State.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960—Con.

The State	Populat	ion	Change		Populat	on	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		INSIDE CENT	RAL CITY			OUTSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	59,864 4,737 10,894 11,479 11,986 13,621 7,147	70,626 7,761 14,001 10,155 17,621 14,696 6,392	-10,762 -3,024 -3,107 1,324 -5,635 -1,075	-15.2 -39.0 -22.2 13.0 -32.0 -7.3 11.8	193,596 17,314 40,436 46,066 48,757 31,175 9,848	146,013 18,543 32,477 27,093 41,016 20,275 6,609	47,583 -1,229 7,959 18,973 7,741 10,900 3,239	32.6 -6.6 24.5 70.0 18.9 53.8 49.0
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	29,804 1,883 4,090 5,487 6,166 7,794 4,384	38,653 3,517 6,488 5,745 9,959 9,009 3,935	-8,849 -1,634 -2,398 -258 -3,793 -1,215 449	-22.9 -46.5 37.0 -4.5 -38.1 -13.5 11.4	151,644 12,805 30,402 35,994 39,634 25,333 7,476	113,530 13,826 23,919 21,816 33,703 15,620 4,646	38,114 -1,021 6,483 14,178 5,931 9,713 2,830	33.6 -7.4 27.1 65.0 17.6 62.2 60.9
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	30,060 2,854 6,804 5,992 5,820 5,827 2,763	31,973 4,244 7,513 4,410 7,662 5,687 2,457	-1,913 -1,390 -709 1,582 -1,842 140 306	6.0 -32.8 -9.4 35.9 -24.0 2.5	41,952 4,509 10,034 10,072 9,123 5,842 2,372	3,248 4,717 8,558 5,277 7,313 4,655 1,963	9,467 -208 1,476 4,795 1,810 1,187 409	29.2 -4.4 17.2 90.9 24.8 25.5 20.8
	AUGUSTA,	GAS.C. Sh	SA (GEORGIA P	ART)		AUGUSTA CENT	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION					-			
All ages	162,437 13,497 31,011 42,031 37,980 27,137 10,781	135,601 15,574 27,102 26,510 35,639 22,207 8,589	26,836 -2,077 3,909 15,521 2,341 4,930 2,212	19.8 -13.3 14.4 58.5 6.6 22.2 25.8	59,864 4,694 10,812 11,506 11,920 13,648 7,284	70,626 7,761 14,001 10,155 17,621 14,696 6,392	-10,762 -3,067 -3,189 1,351 -5,701 -1,048 892	-15.2 -39.5 -22.8 13.3 -32.4 -7.1 14.0
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	112,285 8,690 19,870 30,156 27,235 19,062 7,272	92,483 9,800 16,829 20,070 25,105 15,022 5,657	19,802 -1,110 3,041 10,086 2,130 4,040 1,615	21.4 -11.3 18.1 50.3 8.5 26.9 28.5	29,751 1,857 4,013 5,516 6,094 7,767 4,504	38,653 3,517 6,488 5,745 9,959 9,009 3,935	-8,902 -1,660 -2,475 -229 -3,865 -1,242 569	-23.0 -47.2 -38.1 -4.0 -38.8 -19.8 14.5
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	50,152 4,807 11,141 11,875 10,745 8,075 3,509	43,118 5,774 10,273 6,440 10,534 7,185 2,912	7,034 -967 868 5,435 211 890 597	16.3 -16.7 8.4 84.4 2.0 12.4 20.5	30,113 2,837 6,799 5,990 5,826 5,881 2,780	31,973 4,244 7,513 4,410 7,662 5,687 2,457	-1,860 -1,407 -714 1,580 -1,836 194 323	-5.8 -33.2 -9.5 35.8 -24.0 3.4 13.1

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Popula	tion	Chang	e	Popula	tion	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY		СНА	TTANOOGA, T	ennGa. smsa 1	
TOTAL POPULATION					-	_		
All ages	102,573 8,803	64,975 7,813	37,598 990	57.9 12.7	304,927 25,056	283,169 31,586	21,758 -6,530	7.7 -20.7
5 to 14 years	20,199	13,101	7,098	54.2	59,531	58,006	1,525	2.6
15 to 24 years	30,525	16,355	14,170	86,6	50,876	38,413	12,463	32.4 0.1
45 to 64 years	26,060 13,489	18,018 7,511	8,042 5,978	44.6 79.6	76,401 64,214	76,351 56,880	50 7,334	12.9
65 years and over	3,497	2,177	1,320	60,6	28,849	21,933	6,916	31.5
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	82,534	53,830	28,704	53.3	255,612	233,359	22,353	9.5
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	6,833 15,857	6,283 10,341	550 5,516	8.8 53.3	20,192 48,223	25,234 46,482	-5,042 1,741	-20.0 3.7
15 to 24 years	24,640	14,325	10,315	72.0	42,039	32,305	9,734	30.1
25 to 44 years	21,141 11,295	15,146 6,013	5,995 5,282	39.6 87.8	66,260 54,728	64,592 46,343	1,668 8,385	2.6 18.1
65 years and over	2,768	1,722	1,046	60.7	24,170	18,403	5,767	31.3
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	20,039	11,145	8,894	79.8	49,315	49,810	-495	-1.0
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	1,970 4,342	1,530 2,760	440	28.8	4,864	6,352	1,488	-23.4
15 to 24 years	5,885	2,030	1,582 3,855	57.3 189.9	11,308 8,837	11,524 6,108	-216 2,729	-1.9 44.7
25 to 44 years	4,919	2,872	2,047	71.3	10,141	11,759	-1,618	-13.8
45 to 64 years	2,194 729	1,498 455	696 274	46.5 60.2	9,486 4,679	10,537 3,530	-1,051 1,149	-10.0 32.5
		INSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION				1				
All ages	119,082	130,009	-10,927	-8.4	185,845	153,160	32,685	21.3
Under 5 years	9,466	3,725	-4,259	~31.0	15,590	17,861	-2,271	-12.7
5 to 14 years	21,456 20,406	24,743 17,452	-3,287 2,954	-13.3 16.9	38,075 30,470	33,263 20,961	4,812 9,509	14.5 45.4
25 to 44 years	25,377	32,620	-7,243	-22.2	51,024	43,731	7,293	16.7
45 to 64 years	27,435 14,942	29,473 11,996	~2,038 2,946	-6.9 24.6	36,779 13,907	27,407 9,937	9,372 3,970	34.2 40.0
oo years and over	14,044	11,550	2,040	24.0	13,507	5,557	0,010	10.0
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	76,216	86,783	-10,567	-12.2	179,396	146,576	32,820	22.4
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	5,244 11,682	8,137 14,853	-2,893 -3,171	-35.6 -21.3	14,948 36,541	17,097 31,629	-2,149 4,912	-12.6 15.5
15 to 24 years	12,763	12,260	503	4.1	29,276	20,045	9,231	46.1
25 to 44 years	16,584	22,300	-5,716	-25.6	49,676	42,292	7,384	17.5 36.3
45 to 64 years	19,091 10,852	9,031	-1,111 1,821	~5.5 20.2	35,637 13,318	26,141 9,372	9,496 3,956	42.1
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES				Ĺ				
All nges	42,866	43,226	-360	~0.8	6,449	6,584	-135	-2.1
Under 5 years	4,222	5,588	-1,366	-24.4	642	764	-122	-16.0
5 to 14 years	9,774	9,890 5,192	-116 2,451	-1.2 47.2	1,534 1,194	1,634 916	-100 278	-6.1 30.3
25 to 44 years	7,643 8,793	10,320	-1,527	-14.8	1,348	1,439	-91	-6.3
45 to 64 years	8,344	9,271	-927	-10.0	1,142	1,266	-124	-9.8
65 years and over	4,090	2,965	1,125	37.9	589	565	24	4.2

¹Entire SMSA, including portion in another State.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960—Con.

The State	Population	1	Change		Populat	ion	Change	
The State Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas	CHATTANOOGA,	TENNGA	. SMSA (GEORGIA	PART)	CC	LUMBUS, GA.	-ALA. SMSA ¹	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	50,691	45,264	5,427	12.0	238,584	217,985	20,599	9.4
Under 5 years	4,363	5,035	-672	-13.3	21,779	28,619	-6,840	-23.9
5 to 14 years	10,311	9,805	506	5.2	48,274	45,223	3,051 17,433	6.7 42.5
15 to 24 years	8,285	6,739 12,067	1,546 947	22.9 7.8	58,406 57,150	40,973 60,763	-3,613	-5.9
25 to 44 years	13,014 10,410	8,315	2,095	25.2	38,925	31,664	7,261	22.9
65 years and over	4,308	3,303	1,005	30.4	14,050	10,743	3,307	30.8
WHITE POPULATION		1						
All ages	48,250	42,829	5,421	12.7	169,027	154,127	14,900	9,7
Under 5 years	4,118	4,746	-628	-13.2	14,671	19,587	-4,916	-25.1
5 to 14 years	9,719	9,191	528	5.7	31,405	29,813	1,592 13,408	5.3 44.1
15 to 24 years	7,824 12,491	6,345 11,532	1,479 959	23.3 8.3	43,808 41,494	44,963	-3,469	-7.7
45 to 64 years	9,988	7,902	2,086	26.4	28,045	22,075	5,970	27.0
65 years and over	4,110	3,113	997	32.0	9,604	7,289	2,315	31,8
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES						1		
All ages	2,441	2,435	6	0.2	69,557	63,858	5,699	8.9
Under 5 years	245	289	-44	-15.2	7,108	9,032	-1,924	-21.3
5 to 14 years	592	61.4	-22	-3,6	16,869	15,410 10,573	1,459 4,025	9.5 38.1
15 to 24 years	461 523	394 535	67 -12	17.0 -2.2	14,598 15,656	15,800	-144	-0.9
45 to 64 years	422	413	9	2.2	10,880	9,589	1,291	13.5
65 years and over	198	190	8	4.2	4,446	3,454	992	28.7
		INSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	154,168	116,779	37,389	32.0		101,206	-16,790	-16.6
Under 5 years	14,331	15,779	-1,448	-9.2		12,840	-5,392 -4,959	~42.0 ~73.5
5 to 14 years	32,161 31,528	24,151 17,995	8,010 13,533	33.2 75.2		21,072 22,978	3,900	17.0
25 to 44 years	37,956	32,870	5,086	15.5		27,893	-8,699	-31.2
45 to 64 years	28,348	19,475	8,873	45.6		12,189	-1,612	-13.2
65 years and over	9,844	6,509	3,335	51.2	4,206	4,234	-28	0.7
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	112,975	85,232	27,743	32.5		68,895	-12,843	-18.6
Under 5 years	10,230	11,372	-1,142	-10.0		8,215	-3,774	-45,9 -29,0
5 to 14 years	22,242	16,908	5,334	31.5		12,925 16,632	-3,742 3,190	19,2
15 to 24 years		13,768 24,529	10,218 3,718	74.2 15.2	30.045	20,434	-7,187	-35,2
45 to 64 years	21,208	13,914	7,294	52.4	6,837	8,161	-1,324	-16.2
65 years and over	7,062	4,741	2,321	49.0	2,542	2,548	-6	-0.2
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES						İ		
All ages		31,547	9,646	30.6		32,311	-3,947	-12.2
Under 5 years	4,101	4,407	-306	-6.9	3,007	4,625	-1,618	-35.0 -14.9
5 to 14 years		7,243	2,676	36.9		8,167 6,346	-1,217 710	11.2
15 to 24 years		4,227 8,341	3,315 1,368	78.4 16.4	1	7,459	-1,512	-20.3
45 to 64 years	7,140	5,561	1,579	28.4	3,740	4,028	-288	-7.1
65 years and over		1,768		57.4		1,686	-2.2	-1.3
	L		<u>'L</u>		<u>.l</u>			

¹Entire SMSA, including portion in another State.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State	Populatio	on	Chang	je	Popula	tion	Chang	e
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Aleas	COLUMBUS,	GAALA.	SMSA (GEORGIA	PART)		COLUMBUS CE	NTRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION				Ì				
All ages	193,190	171,634	21,556	12.6	154,168	116,779	37,389	32.0
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	17,346 38,102	22,453 34,173	-5,107 3,929	-22.7 11.5	14,317 32,112	15,779 24,151	-1,462 7,961	-9.3 33.0
15 to 24 years	50,426	33,785	16,641	49.3	31,600	17,995	13,605	75.6
25 to 44 years	47,024	49,519	-2,495	-5.0	37,975	32,870	5,105	15.5
45 to 64 years	30,059 10,233	24,084 7,620	5,975 2,613	24.8 34.3	28,375 9,789	19,475 6,509	8,900 3,280	45.7 50.4
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	114,215	130,762	13,453	10.3	113,010	85,232	27,778	32,6
Under 5 years	12,595	16,996	-4,401	-25.9	10,229	11,372	-1,143	-10,1
5 to 14 years	26,776 39,674	25,025	1,751	7.0	22,215	16,908	5,307	31.4
25 to 44 years	35,297	26,972 38,563	12,702 -3,266	47.1 -8.5	24,035 28,267	13,768 24,529	10,267 3,738	74.6 15.2
45 to 64 years	22,561	17,627	4,934	28.0	21,246	13,914	7,332	52.7
65 years and over	7,312	5,579	1,733	31,1	7,018	4,741	2,277	48.0
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	48,975	40,872	8,103	19.8	41,158	31,547	9,611	30,5
Under 5 years 5 to 14 years	4,751	5,457	-706	-12.9	4,088	4,407	-319	-7.2
15 to 24 years	11,326 10,752	9,148 6,813	2,178 3,939	23.8 57.8	9,897 7,565	7,243 4,227	2,654 3,338	36,6 79,0
25 to 44 years	11,727	10,956	771	7.0	9,708	8,341	1,367	16,4
45 to 64 years	7,498	6,457	1,041	16.1	7,129	5,561	1,568	28.2
65 years and over	2,921	2,041	880	43.1	2,771	1,768	1,003	56.7
	C	UTSIDE CE	NTRAL CITY			MAGON	SMSA	***************************************
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	39,022	54,855	-15,833	-28.9	206,342	180,403	25,939	14.4
Under 5 years	3,029	6,674	-3,645	-54.6	18,550	22,854	-4,304	-18.8
5 to 14 years	5,990	10,022	-4,032 3,036	-40.2 19.2	45,281	39,549	5,732	14,5 41,4
25 to 44 years	18,826 9,049	15,790 16,649	-7,600	-45.6	37,072 50,951	26,222 50,191	10,850 760	1.5
45 to 64 years	1,684	4,609	-2,925	-63.5	39,862	30,466	9,396	30.8
65 years and over	444	1,111	-667	-60.0	14,626	11,121	3,505	31,5
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	31,205	45,530	-14,325	-31,5	146,031	124,415	21,616	17,4
Under 5 years	2,366	5,624	-3,258	-57.9	12,081	14,835	-2,754	-18,6
5 to 14 years	4,561 15,639	8,117 13,204	-3,556 2,435	-43,8 18,4	29,786 25,783	25,693 18,037	4,093 7,746	15,9 42.9
25 to 44 years	7,030	14,034	-7,004	-49.9	38,410	36,998	1,412	3.8
45 to 64 years	1,315	3,713	-2,398	-64.6	29,824	21,309	8,515	40,0
65 years and over	294	838	-544	-64.9	10,147	7,543	2,604	34.5
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES								
All ages	7,817	9,325	-1,508	-16.2	60,311	55,988	4,323	7.7
Under 5 years	663	1,050	-387 -476	-36.9 -25.0	6,464 15,495	8,019 13,856	-1,550 1,639	-19.3 11.8
15 to 24 years	1,429 3,187	1,905 2,586	601	23.2	11,289	8,185	3,104	37.9
15 to 24 years	2,019	2,615	-596	-22.8	12,641	13,193	-652	-4.9
45 to 64 years	369	896	-527	-58.8 -45.1	10,038	9,157	881	9.6
65 years and over	150	273	-123	-40.1	4,479	3,578	901	25.2

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

he State	Populat	ion	Change	9	Populat	lon	Change	
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percen
Statistical Areas		INSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CEN	TRAL CITY	
OTAL POPULATION								
		20 421	50 050	7= =	00 010	770 620	06 400	
All ages	122,423	69,764	52,659	75.5	83,919	110,639	-26,720	-24.
nder 5 years	10,518	7,369	3,149	42.7 84.0	8,032	15,485	-7,454 # 704	-48. -22.
to 14 years	25,055	13,619	11,436		20,226	25,930	-5,704	-22
5 to 24 years	21,685	10,231	11,454	112.0	15,387	15,991	-604	
5 to 44 years	28,224	17,356	10,868	62.6 74.0	22,727	32,835	-10,108	-30
5 to 64 years	25,902	14,889	11,013	75.2	13,960	15,577	-1,617	-10 -25
5 years and over	11,039	6,300	4,739	75.2	3,587	4,821	-1,234	-20
WHITE POPULATION				j				
All ages	76,605	38,850	37,755	97.2	69,426	85,565	-16,139	-18
nder 5 years	5,805	3,229	2,576	79.8	6,276	11,606	-5,330	-45
to 14 years	13,778	6,503	7,275	111.9	16,008	19,190	-3,182	-16
5 to 24 years	13,210	6,092	7,118	116.8	12,573	11,945	628	į.
5 to 44 years	18,740	9,778	8,962	91.7	19,670	27,220	-7,550	-2
5 to 64 years	17,688	9,174	8,514	92.8	12,136	12,135	1	
5 years and over	7,384	4,074	3,310	81.2	2,763	3,469	-7 06	-20
EGRO AND OTHER RACES		ļ		}			ı	
All ages	45,818	30,914	14,904	48.2	14,493	25,074	-10,581	-4:
nder 5 years	4,713	4,140	573	13.8	1,756	3,879	-2,123	-5
to 14 years	11,277	7,116	4,161	58.5	4,218	6,740	-2,522	-3
5 to 24 years	8,475	4,139	4,336	104.8	2,814	4,046	-1,232	-3
5 to 44 years	9,484	7,578	1,906	25.2	3,057	5,615	-2,558	-4
5 to 64 years	8,214	5,715	2,499	43.7	1,824	3,442	-1,618	-4
5 years and over	3,655	2,226	1,429	64.2	824	1,352	-528	-3
		SAVANNAH	SMSA			INSIDE CE	TRAL CITY	
TOTAL POPULATION	•	[Į				
All ages	187,767	188,299	-532	-0.3	118,349	149,245	-30,896	-20
Inder 5 years	16,680	24,170	-7,490	-31.0	10,195	19,184	-8,989	-46
to 14 years	38,750	39,465	-715	-1.8	23,481	30,384	-6,903	-22
5 to 24 years	36,170	27,567	8,603	31.2	22,703	21,762	941	4
5 to 44 years	42,727	51,224	-8,497	-16.6	24,354	40,687	-16,233	-40
5 to 64 years	37,836	33,540	4,296	12.8	25,618	27,081	~1,463	~ {
5 years and over	15,604	12,333	3,271	26.5	11,998	10,247	1,751	17
VHITE POPULATION		٠.						
All ages	123,295	124,116	-821	-0.7	64,650	95,987	-31,337	-32
Inder 5 years	10,147	15,585	~5,438	~34.9	4,587	11,990	-7,403	~6
to 14 years	23,494	24,793	-1,299	-5.2	10,563	18,496	-7,933	-4:
5 to 24 years	23,531	18,058	5,473	30.3	12,647	14,158	-1,511	-10
5 to 44 years	30,202	35,831	-5,629	-15.7	13,765	27,614	-13,849	-50
5 to 64 years	25,716	21,628	4,088	18.9	15,566	16,963	-1,397	-1
5 years and over	10,205	8,221	1,984	24.1	7,522	6,766	756	13
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES		}						
All ages	64,472	64,183	289	0.5	53,699	53,258	441	(
Inder 5 years	6,533	8,585	-2,052	-23.9	5,608	7,194	-1,586	-2
5 to 14 years	15,256	14,672	584	4.0	12,918	11,888	1,030	
L5 to 24 years	12,639	9,509	3,130	32.9	10,056	7,604	2,452	3
25 to 44 years	12,525	15,393	-2,868	-18,6	10,589	12,913	-2,384	-1
45 to 64 years	12,120	11,912 4,112	208	1.7	10,052	10,118	-66	2
	5,399		1,287	31.3	4,476		995	

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

The State Standard Metropolitan	Popul	ation	Change					
	1970	1960	Number	Percent				
Statistical Areas	OUTSIDE CENTRAL CITY							
TOTAL POPULATION								
All ages	69,418	39,054	30,364	77.7				
Under 5 years	6,485	4,986	1,499	30.1				
5 to 14 years	15,269	9,081	6,188	68.1				
15 to 24 years	13,467	5,805	7,662	132.0				
25 to 44 years	18,373	10,637	7,736	72.7				
45 to 64 years	12,218	6,459	5,759	89.2				
65 years and over	3,606	2,086	1,520	72.9				
WHITE POPULATION								
All ages	58,645	28,129	30,516	108.5				
Under 5 years	5,560	3,595	1,965	54.7				
5 to 14 years	12,931	6,297	6,634	105.4				
15 to 24 years	10,884	3,900	6,984	179,1				
25 to 44 years	16,437	8,217	8,220	100.0				
45 to 64 years	10,150	4,665	5,485	117.6				
65 years and over	2,683	1,455	1,228	84.4				
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES		;						
All ages	10,773	10,925	-152	-1.4				
Under 5 years	925	1,391	-466	-33.5				
5 to 14 years	2,338	2,784	-446	-16.0				
15 to 24 years	2,583	1,905	678	35.6				
25 to 44 years	1,936	2,420	-484	-20.0				
45 to 64 years	2,068	1,794	274	15.3				
65 years and over	923	631	292	46.3				

NOTE: Total populations by race in this table may differ slightly from totals shown in other tables of this report, since numbers were obtained at different stages of processing.

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

	The result of th				Tall, etc., and meaning of symbols, see text]						
The State	The State			Metropolitan residence			Nonmetropolitan residence				
Standard Metropolitan			Chi	inge	 	····				achec	
Statistical Areas					4		Per- cent			Per-	
	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	cent change	
					1		<u> </u>		1,00	citatige	
All housing units	1,468,858	1,170,039	298,819	25.5	728,468	540,968	34.7	740,390	E90 054		
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	4,227	18,642	-14,415	~77.3	8,263	4,282		3,604	629,071 14,360		
POPULATION	1,464,631	1,151,397	313,234	27.2	727,845	536,686	35.6	736,786	614,711		
Population in housing units	480 105	2 000 00=	l		1			1	•		
Per occupied unit (household)	3.3	3,868,325 3.6	583,780	15.1 -8.3	2,201,139	1,761,463	25,0	2,250,966	2,106,862	6,8	
Owner	3.3	3.5	-0,2	-5.7	3.2 (NA)	3.5 3.5	-8.6	3.3	3.7	-10.8	
Renter	3.2	3.7	-0.5	-13.5	(NA)	3.4		(NA) (NA)	3.5 4.1		
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	i.		1					()	3.1	• • •	
All occupied units	1,368,693 835,970	1,070,325	298,368	27.9	688,541	506,288	36.0	680,152	564,037	20,6	
Percent owner	61.1	601,631 56.2	234,339	39.0	395,029	283,180	39.5	440,941	318,451		
Renter	532,723	468,694	64,029	13.7	57.4 293,512	55,9 223,108	21 6	64.8	56,5	• • • •	
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	303,194	263,182	40,012	15.2	151,839	116,024	30.9	239,211 151,355	245,586 147,158		
Percent owner	125,262 41.3	89,643 34.1	35,619	39,7	59,695	38,464	55.2	65,567	51,179	2,9 28.1	
Renter	177,932	173,539	4,393	2.5	39.3 92,144	33,2	10.0	43.3	34,8		
Vacant year-round units	95,938	81,072	14,866	18.3	39,304	77,560 30,398	18.8	85,788 56.834	95,979	-10.6	
For sale only	11,361	9,543	1,818	19.1	6,551	6,671	~1.8	56,634 4,810	50,674 2,872	11.8 67.5	
For rent	1.3 42,436	1.6 29,142	13,294	45,6	1.6	2.3	{	1.1	0,9		
Rental vacancy rate	7.4	5.9	10,204	40.0	23,030 7.3	14,470 6.1	59.2	19,406	14,672	32.3	
ROOMS				1	.,,	0.1		7.5	5.6	••••	
1 and 2 rooms	48,846	69,554	-20,708	-29.8	25,474	35,686	-28.6	23,372	33,868	اموور	
4 rooms	157,613 340,113	174,233 283,433	-16,620 56,680	-9.5	83,293	85,132	-2.2	74,320	89,101	-31.0 -16.6	
5 rooms	383,906	285,151	98,755	20.0 34.6	154,714 183,019	114,529	35,1	185,399	168,904	9.8	
6 rooms 7 rooms or more	306,388	226,780	79,608	35.1	151,132	134,386 108,375	36.2	200,887 155,256	150,765 118,405	33.2	
Median	227,765 5.0	130,764	97,001	74.2	130,213	62,740		97,552	68,024	31.1 43.4	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	0,0	4.7	0.3	6.4	5,0	4.8	4.2	4.9	4.7	4.3	
1 unit	1.104 684	979,203	108 401	40.0			- (ı	
2 units or more	293,105	177,979	125,481 115,126	12.8 64.7	488,497 220,922	403,706	21.0	616,187	575,497	7.1	
Mobile home or trailer,,,	66,842	12,689	54,153	426.8	18,426	130,246 6,852 1	69.6	72,183	47,733	51.2	
PLUMBING FACILITIES		}		. }	- ,	0,002		48,416	5,837	729.5	
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room	1,270,516	776,131	494,385	63,7	696,809	446.949	55.9	573,707	220 100	74.0	
Negro occupied	100,804 200,894	(NA) (NA)	• • •	{	54,050	(na)		46,754	329,182 (NA)	74.3	
1.01 or more persons per room!	43,794	(NA)	• • • •	::: [135,165	(NA)	••• [65,729	(NA)		
Lacking some or all plumbing	194,115		199,625	~50.7	28,408 31,036	(NA) 93,855 -	66.9	15,386	(NA)	42.11	
Negro occupied	102,300	(NA)			16,674	(NA)		163,079 85,626	299,885 (NA)	-45.6	
1 person	107 047			- 1			- 1	,		- ''' [
2 persons	197,315 390,596	108,082 275,111	89,233	82.6	100,889	51,934	94.3	96,426	56,148	71.7	
3 and 4 persons	489,925	401,148	115,485 88,777	42.0 22.1	193,647 253,971		46.5	196,949	142,944	37.8	
5 persons or more	290,857	285,984	4,873	1.7	140,034		28.0 13.2	235,954 150,823	202,698 162,247	16.4 -7.0	
PERSONS PER ROOM	2.9	3,2	-0.3	-9,4	2,9		-9.4	2.9	3.3	-12.1	
1.00 or less	1 210 404	050 405		1			ľ				
1.01 or more	149,209		346,289 -47,921	39.7 -24.3	627,944	426,706		591,540	446,489	32,5	
VALUE	,	,	21,001	-44.3	60,597	79,582 -	23.9	88,612	117,548	-24.6	
Specified owner occupied	652,169	462,541	189,628	41.0	353,323	051 200	[ĺ	
Less than \$10,000\$10,000 to \$14,999	196,962	246,149		-20.0	53,427	251,708 99,022		298,846	210,833	41.7	
\$15,000 to \$19.999	140,931	117,339	23,592	20.1	77,128	81,002		143,535 63,803	147,127 36,337	-2.4 75.6	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	123,770 72,734	52,035 - 21,523		137.9	81,770	37,294 1		42,000		184.9	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more	70,215	15,552	-	237.9 351.5	50,293 52,849	15,600 2		22,441	5,923	278,0	
Median,	47,557	9,943	37,614	378.3	37,856	11,416 30 7,374 40		17,366 9,701	4,136 2,569	319.9 277.6	
CONTRACT RENT	\$14,600	\$9,500	\$5,100	53.7	\$17,800	\$11,500		\$10,500	\$6,800	54.4	
Specified renter occupied	483,702	435 227	10 100				- 1		•	[
Less than \$40	113,404	435,227	48,475 -96,340 -	11.1	286,832	222,009		196,870	213,218	-7.7	
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	88,123	88,671	-548	-0.6	34,298 45,269	79,442 -5 60,352 -2		79,106 42,854		-39.3	
\$80 to \$99	76,571	52,439	24,132	46.0	52,929	43,531		23,642	28,319 8,908	51.3	
\$100 to \$119	46,051 35,820}	18,714	27,337	1.84	35,701	16,274 11		10,350		324,2	
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	42,168	10,082	67,906 6	373.5	28,095 35,934	8,912 6	18.5	7,725	1,170 1		
\$200 or more	31,585	2,222	41,519 1,	000	29,234	1 0	200	6,234) 2,351			
No cash rent	12,156) 37,824]	11,575	1,6151,	h00+	581	607	383.0	
Median	\$66	53,355 - \$37	- \$29 \$29	29.1 78.4	13,797 \$82	11,883 1 \$48 7	6.1	24,027		-42.1	
				سلشت	φοκ	<u>ф48 7</u>	U.01	\$43	\$26	65.4	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

1	Metropolitan residence		Inside central cities			Outside central cities				
The State			,sidence		inside contrar cities					
Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-	ļ		Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	cent change
1			 							
All housing units	728,468	540,968	187,500	34.7	348,046	297,331	17.1	380,422	243,637	56.1
Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	623	4,282	-3,659	-85.5	80	975	-91.8	543	3,307	-83.6
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	727,845	536,686	191,159	35.6	347,966	296,356	17.4	379,879	240,330	58.1
POPULATION	0 001 120	1 702 400	400 000	05.0	004 000	000 000	~ ~		201 000	
Population in housing units Per occupied unit (household)	3.2	1,761,463 3.5	439,676	25.0 -8.6	994,006 3.0	927,377	7.2 -9.1	1,207,133	834,086 3.7	44.7 -10.8
Owner	(NA)	3.5		•••	(NA)	(NA)	•••	(NA)	(NA)	
Renter	(NA)	3.4	J	•••	(NA)	(NA)	•••	(NV)	(na)	•••
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS			l							
All occupied units	688,541 395,029	506,288 283,180	182,253 111,849	36.0 39.5	327,813 151,055	280,004 125,358	17.1 20.5	360,728 243,974	226,284 157,822	59.4 54.6
Percent owner	57.4	55.9	111,040	***	46.1	44.8	2015	67.6	69.7	01.0
Renter	293,512	223,108	70,404	31.6	176,758	154,646	14.3	116,754	68,462	70.5
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	151,839 59,695	116,024 38,464	35,815	30.9 55.2	126,380 45,960	92,609 27,501	36.5 67.1	25,459 13,735	23,415	8.7 25.3
Percent owner	39.3	33.2		***	36.4	29.7	•••	53.9	10,963 46.8	20.0
Renter	92,144	77,560	14,584	18.8	80,420	65,108	23.5	11,724	12,452	÷-5.8
Vacant year-round units	39,304 6,551	30,398 6,671	8,906 -120	29.3	20,153	16,352	23.2	19,151 4,292	14,046	36.3
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.6	2.3	1 -120	~1.8	2,259 1.5	2,798 2.2	-Ta*2	1.7	3,873 2.4	10.8
For rent	23,030	14,470	8,560	59.2	13,525	9,473	42.8	9,505	4,997	90.2
Rental vacancy rate	7.3	6.1		•••	7.1	5.8	•••	7.5	6.8	•••
ROOMS 1 and 2 rooms	05 444	05 456	10000	00. 4	30 ***	na	nn 1		0	1
3 rooms	25,474 83,293	35,686 85,132	-10,212 -1,839	-28.6 -2.2	19,328 57,665	26,275 62,613	-7.9	6,146 25,628	9,411 22,519	-34.7 13.8
4 rooms	154,714	114,529	40,185	35.1	82,073	63,512	29.2	72,641	51,017	42.4
5 rooms	183,019	134,386	48,633	36.2	80,693	62,358	29.4	102,326	72,028	42.1
7 rooms or more	151,132 130,213	108,375 62,740	42,757 67,473	39.5 107.5	61,386 46,821	48,024 34,463	27.8 35.9	89,746 83,392	60,351 28,277	48.7 194.9
Median	5.0	4.8	0.2	4,2	4.7	4.4	6.8	5.3	5.0	6.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	ŀ									
1 unit	488,497	403,706	84,791	21.0	205,668	190,687	7.9	282,829	213,019	32.8
2 units or more	220,922	130,246	90,676	69.6	137,973	104,125	32.5	82,949	26,121	217.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES	18,426	6,852	11,574	168.9	4,325	2,401	80.1	14,101	4,451	216.8
With all plumbing facilities	696,809	446,949	249,860	55.9	333,020	242,807	37.2	363,789	204,142	78.2
1.01 or more persons per room	54,050	(NA)	242,000	***	33,831	(NA)	***	20,219	(NA)	***
Negro occupied	135,165	(NA)	•••	•••	116,456	(NA)	•••	18,709	(NA)	•••
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking some or all plumbing	28,408 31,036	(NA) 93,855	-62,819	-66.9	24,222 14,946	(NA) 54,406	-72.5	4,186 16,090	(NA) 39,449	-59.2
Negro occupied	16,674	(NA)		•••	9,924	(NA)		6,750	(NA)	• • • •
PERSONS								[1
1 person	100,889	51,934	48,955	94.3	65,872	38,344	71.8	35,017	13,590	157.7
2 persons	193,647 253,971	132,167	61,480	46.5	414, 96	79,751	20.9 4.1	97,233	52,416	85.5 52.1
5 persons or more	140,034	198,450 123,737	55,521 16,297	28,0 13.2	103,773 61,754	99,732 62,177		150,198 78,280	98,718 61,560	27.2
Median	2.9	3.2	-0.3	-9.4	2.5		-13.8	3.1	3.5	-11.4
PERSONS PER ROOM	ļ		J					ļ		
1.00 or less	627,944	426,706	201,238	47.2	291,256		25.2	336,688	194,060	73.5
VALUE	60,597	79,582	-18,985	-23.9	36,557	47,358	-22.6	24,040	32,224	-25.4
Specified owner occupied	353,323	251,708	101,615	40.4	137,591	112,943	91.8	215,732	138,765	55.5
Less than \$10,000	53,427	99,022	-45,595	-46.0	27,325	45,539		26,102	53,483	-51.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	77,128	81,002	-3,874	-4.8	39,356	34,340	14.6	37,772	46,662	-19.1
\$20,000 to \$24,999	81,770 50,293	37,294 15,600	44,476 34,693	119.3 222.4	30,786 14,513	15,531 6,906		50,984 35,780	21,763 8,694	134.3 311.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	52,849	11,416	41,433	362.9	13,375	5,518		39,474	5,898	569.3
\$35,000 or more	37,856	7,374	30,482	413.4	12,236	5,109		25,620		1,000+
CONTRACT RENT	\$17,800	\$11,500	\$6,300	54.8	\$15,300	\$11,300	30.4	\$19,300	\$11,500	67.8
Specified renter occupied	286,832	222,009	64,823	29.2	174,936	154,646	13.1	111,896	67,363	66.1
Less than \$40	34,298	79,442	-45,144	-56.8	26,779	58,711		7,519	20,731	-63.7
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	45,269	60,352	-15,083	-25.0	36,558	44,057		8,711	16,295	-46.5
\$80 to \$99	52,929 35,701	43,531 16,274	9,398	21.6 119.4	40,376 23,482	31,110 10,344		12,553 12,219	12,421 5,930	1.2
\$100 to \$119	28,095	•	1		14,558	5,671		13,537	3,241	983.4
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	35,934	8,912	55,117	618.5	14,357	0,011	-00 10	21,577	•	
\$200 or more	29,234 \ 11,575	1,615	39,194	1,000+	10,654 3,463	1,118	1,000+	18,580 8,112	497	1,000+
No cash rent	13,797	11,883	1,914	16.1	4,709	3,635		9,088	8,248	10.2
Median	\$82	\$48	\$34	70.8	\$71		47.9	\$115	\$51	.125.5

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

ſ	(Cracto millorimo como como como como como como como c	Albany CH	IS A		Incida c	entral city		Outside ce	ntral city	
The State		Albany SM	INN .		Maide C	Cittlai City		Outside ce	mai city	
Standard Metropolitan			Char	ige			Per- cent			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	cent change
	()					***************************************		**************************************	······································	
All housing units	27,042	20,980	6,062	28.9	22,238	16,358	35.9	4,804	4,622	3.9
Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	21	78	-57	-73.1 29.3	14 22,224	16 340	-22.2 36.0	7 4,797	60 4,562	-88.3 5.2
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS POPULATION	27,021	20,902	6,119	20,3	22,224	16,340	30.0	٠٠٠ ر ت	7,002	٠.٠
Population in housing units	86,079	74,000	12,079	16.3	70,382	56,316	25.0	15,697	17,684	-11.2
Per occupied unit (household)	3.4	3.7	-0.3	-8.1	3.4	3,6	-5.6	3.6	4.1	-12.2
Owner Renter	3.5 3.3	3.7 3.8	-0.2 -0.5	-5.4 -13.2	3,4 3,3	3.5 3.7	-2.9 -10.8	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	3,5	3,6	-0.0	-10.2	0,0	5,,	10.0	(1.1.2)	(2)	
All occupied units	25,203	19,877	5,326	26.8	20,880	15,592	33.9	4,323	4,285	0.9
Owner	12,515	8,576	3,939	45.9	9,541	6,520	46.3	2,974 68.8	2,056 48.0	44.6
Percent owner	49,7 12,688	43.1 11,301	1,387	12.3	45.7 11,339	41.8 9,072	25.0	1,349	2,229	-39.5
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1950)	7,790	6,504	1,286	19.8	7,250	5,379	34.8	540	1,125	-52.0
Owner Percent owner	2,370 30.4	1,646 · 1 25.3	724	44.0	2,094 28.9	1,246 23.2	68.1	276 51.1	400 35,6	-31.0
Renter	5,420	4,858	562	11.6	5,156	4,133	24.8	264	725	-63.6
Vacant year-round units	1,818 275	1,025 164	793 111	77.4 67.7	1,344 199	748 109	79.7 82.6	474 76	277 55	71.1
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.2	1.9	•••		2.0	1.6	• • •	2.5	2.6	***
For rent	1,151 8.3	521 4.4	630	120.9	863 7.1	446 4.7	93.5	288 17.6	75 3.3	284.0
ROOMS	9.5	-3.13		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	4.,		17.10	310	
1 and 2 rooms	839	1,357	-518	-38.2	755	1,096	-31.1	84	261	-67.8
3 rooms	4,674	5,352	-678	-12,7	4,338	4,477	~3.1	336	875	-61.6
4 rooms	5,688 7,738	4,186 5,088	1,502 2,650	35.9 52.1	4,703 6,104	3,154 3,646	49.1 67.4	985 1,634	1,032	-4.6 13.3
6 rooms	4,867	3,456	1,411	40.8	3,890	2,724	42.8	977	732	33.5
7 rooms or more	3,215 4,8	1,541 4.4	1,674	108.6 9.1	2,434 4.7	1,261 4.3	93.0 9.3	781 5.1	280 4.6	178.9 10.9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										- [
1 unit	18,370	15,879	2,491	15.7	14,705	12,036	22.2	3,665	3,843	-4.6
2 units or more	7,360 1,291	4,268 833	3,092 458	72.4 55.0	6,918 601	3,833 489	80.5 22.9	442 690	435 344	1.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1,202	000	100	0010	001	400	2270			
With all plumbing facilities	24,484	16,380	8,104	49.5	20,058	12,953	54.9	4,426	3,427	29.2
1.01 or more persons per room Negro occupied	2,940 5,698	(NA) (NA)	• • • •	• • •	2,573 5,388	(NA) (NA)	* * *	367 310	(NA) (NA)	***
1.01 or more persons per room	1,749	(NA)			1,670	(NA)	• • •	79	(NA)	
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied	2,537	4,600 (NA)	-2,063	-44.8	2,166	3,405 (NA)	-36.4	371 230	1,195 (NA)	-69.0
PERSONS	2,092	(MA)	'''	•••	1,862	(Mr.)	•••	1	(2)	
1 person	3,404	1,872	1,532	81,8	3,109	1,693	83.6	295	179	64.8
2 persons	6,312	4,534	1,778	39,2	5,324	3,695	44.1	988 1,892	839 1,809	17.8
5 persons or more		7,754 5,717	1,761 255	22.7 4.5	7,623 4,824	5,945 4,259	28.2 13.3	1,148	1,458	-21.3
Median	3.1	3.4	-0.3	-8.8	3.0	3.3	-9.1	3.4	3.7	-8-1
PERSONS PER ROOM	21,608	1E 20¢	6 000	40.4	10 004	12,297	44.4	3,854	3,089	24,8
1.00 or less	3,595	15,386 4,491	6,222 -896	40,4	17,754 3,126	3,295	44.4 -5.1	469	1,196	-60.8
VALUE		•			1	•				
Specified owner occupied	~-,	7,324	3,393	46.3	8,645	5,903	46.5	2,072	1,421	45.8
Less than \$10,000		2,817 2,476	-1,022 400	-36.3 16.2	1,479 2,523	1,996 2,159	-25.9 16.9		821 317	-61.5 11.4
\$15,000 to \$19,999	2,644	1,135	1,509	133.0	2,133	993	114.8	511	142	259.9
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999		400 298	1,104	276.0 311.1	1,122	355 252	216.1 277.0		45 46	748.9 497.8
\$35,000 or more	673	198	475	239.9	438	148		235	. 50	370.0
Median	\$16,300	\$11,400	\$4,900	43.0	\$15,800	\$11,900	32.8	\$18,600	\$9,000	108.7
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied	12,382	11,040	1,342	12.2	11,263	9,072	24.2	1,119	1,968	-43.1
Less than \$40	3,470	5,150		-32.6	3,338	4,656			494	-73.3
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	-,	2,314	102	4.4	2,311	1,917	20.6		397	-73.6 -67.1
\$80 to \$99	1,213	2,140 652		5.4 86.0	2,112 1,029	1,706 395			434 257	-28.4
\$100 to \$119 \$120 to \$149	784)	323	l	340.9	638	169	*	146	154	31.8
\$150 to \$199	319				583 { 280 {			39	40	275.0
\$200 or more	29}	28	1	1,000+	23		1,000	6)	12	
Median		433 \$42		190.1 35.7	949 \$56	213 \$39			220 \$59	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

Ì	- 	Atlanta 0120	۸		Inoido o	antral city		Outsida	central city	
The State		Atlanta SMS	A		Inside C	entral city		Onforge	contrar city	
Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-			Per- cent
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	cent change	1970	1960	change
				···						
All housing units	450,360	308,570	141,790	46.0	170,918	154,135	10.9	279,442	154,435	80.9
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	130,300	1,353	-1,216	-89.9	26	458	-94.3	111	895	-87.6
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	450,223	307,217	143,006	46.5	170,892	153,677	11.2	279,331	153,540	81.9
POPULATION		000 500	000 000	36.3	470 252	472,193	1.3	884,317	527,606	67.6
Population in housing units Per occupied unit (household)	3.2	999,799 3.4	362,870 -0.2	-5.9	478,352 2.9	3.2	-9.4	3.3	3.6	-8.3
Owner	3.5	3.5	-		3,3	3.3		(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	
Renter	2,8	3.3	-0.5	-15.2	2.7	3.1	-12.9	(1447)	(144.)	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS		001 405	107 000	47 9	162,312	145,953	11.2	267,021	145,452	83.6
All occupied units	429,333 246,867	291,405 172,162	137,928	$47.3 \\ 43.4$	66,823	66,504	0.5	180,044	105,658	70.4
Percent owner	57.5	59.1			41.2	45.6		67.4 86,977	72.6 39,794	118.6
Renter Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	182,466 84,428	119,243 57,879	63,223	53.0 45.9	95,489 71,166	79,449 47,939	20.2 48.5	13,262	9,940	33.4
Owner	33,525	18,117	15,408	85.0	26,591	14,057	89.2	6,934	4,060	70.8
Percent owner	39.7	31.3			37.4	29.3 33,882	31.6	52.3 6,328	40.8 5,880	7.6
Renter Vacant year-round units	50,903 20,890	39,762 15,812	11,141	28.0 32.1	44,575 8,580	7,724		12,310	8,088	52.2
For sale only	3,778	4,187	-409	-9.8	817	1,579	-48.3	2,961	2,608	13,5
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.5	2.4	5 573	85.0	1.2 6,009	2.3 4,131	45,5	1.6 6,121	2.4 2,426	152.3
Rental vacancy rate	12,130 6.2	6,557 5.2	5,573	***	5.9	4.9	•••	6.6	5.7	••••
ROOMS	1				1					
1 and 2 rooms	15,398	19,898	-4,500		11,468	15,333 32,758	-25.2 -5.0	3,930 18,537	4,565 12,353	-13.9 50.1
3 rooms	49,673 92,451	45,111 59,583	4,562 32,868	10.1 55.2	31,136 41,944	30,401	38.0	50,507	29,182	73.1
5 rooms	104,872	74,001	30,871	41.7	33,700	29,515	14.2	71,172	44,486	60.0 57.3
6 rooms	95,230	68,533	26,697	39.0	27,964 24,680	25,757 20,413	8.6 20.9	67,266 67,919	42,776 21,059	222.5
7 rooms or more	92,599	41,472 4.9	51,127	123.3 4.1	4.5	4.5		5.4	5.2	8.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 unit	289,367	225,212	64,155	28.5	84,204	89,795	-6.2 35.1	205,163 67,856	135,417 17,330	51.5 291.6
2 units or more	153,680 7,176	80,875 2,512	72,805 4,664		85,824 864	63,545 838	3.1	6,312	1,674	277.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1,	2,012	1,000							
With all plumbing facilities	437,617	263,953	173,664	65.8	166,949	131,075	27.4	270,668 13,025	132,878 (NA)	103.7
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)			17,224 69,109	(NA) (NA)	•••	10,629	(NA)	
Negro occupied		(NA) (NA)	1 :::		13,335	(NA)	• • •	2,483	(NA)	
Lacking some or all plumbing	12,606	44,646	~32,040		3,943	23,103		8,663 2,633	21,543 (NA)	-59.8
Negro occupied	4,690	(NA)		•••	2,057	(NA)	•••	2,000	()	
PERSONS 1 person	62,885	29,762	33,123	111.3	36,463	21,148	72.4	26,422	8,614	206.7
2 persons		77,945	42,993		48,422	43,475	11.4	72,516	34,470	110.4
3 and 4 persons		115,046	45,172		48,150 29,277	50,711 30,619		112,068 56,015	64,335 38,033	47.3
5 persons or more		68,652 3.1	16,640		2.4		-14.3	3.1	3.4	-8.8
PERSONS PER ROOM			-							
1.00 or less		250,504	146,055		144,502	122,441 23,512	18.0	252,057 14,964	128,063 17,389	96.8 -13.9
1.01 or more	. 32,774	40,901	-8,127	-19.9	17,810	20,012	4.10	,	,	
VALUE Specified owner occupied	. 223,206	153,523	69,683	45.4	60,000	59,440	0.9	163,206	94,083	73.5
Less than \$10,000		48,174	-29,580	-61.4	7,099	20,473		11,495	27,701 34,250	-58.5 -27.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999		53,020			16,589	18,770 8,898		24,794 39,301	17,674	122.4
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999		26,572 11,794	26,789		7,145	4,212	69.6	29,743	7,582	292.3 569.3
\$25,000 to \$34,999	. 41,700	8,596	33,104		7,057	3,420	106.3 119.5	34,643 23,230	5,176 1,700	1,000+
\$35,000 or more		5,367 \$12,400			8,050 \$17,200	\$12,000		\$21,000	\$12,700	65.4
CONTRACT RENT	1 423,000	4,22,122	1.7		1 ' '					
Specified renter occupied	. 178,121	118,870			94,261		18.6	83,860	39,421 10,872	112.7 -61.7
Less than \$40,		31,344			6,970 14,833		-66.0 -41.0		9,816	-45.7
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79		34,973 27,703			24,426	19,627	24.5	8,451	8,076	4.6
\$80 to \$99	. 24,722	11,414			15,678	•	128.5	1 10.782	4,552	98.7
\$100 to \$119 \$120 to \$149		6,758	41,96	4 621.0	9,871 9,537	4,336	347.6	18,532		1,000+
\$150 to \$199	. 25,130	1 /10	94 55	9 1,000+	8,348	983	1,000+	16,782	429	1,000+
\$200 or more	. 10,841	1,412	1		3,005 1,593		2 -20.8	1 ,,,,,,,	3,254	-9.6
No cash rent		5,266 \$54			\$80		1 48.1	1 1	\$55	125.5
	T 420	Т-1								

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

1970 1890 Number Percent 1970 1980 Cent 1970 1980 Cent 1970 Ce	,	troi minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc				in, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see			text			
Standard Metropolitan All Nouring senters	The State	Augusta, G	a.—S.C. SMS	A (Entire S	ISA)	Inside o	entral city		Outside central city			
1970 1890 Number Percent 1970 1980 Cent 1970 1980 Cent 1970 Ce	Standard Metropolitan			Cha	nge			Per-			Per	
All housing units.		1070	1050	Number	Porcent	1070	1000	cent	1070	1000	cent	
Technic Security 1.00		13/0	1300	HUNDEL	i circiit	19/0	1900	change	19/0	1960	cnange	
Vecant September 1.00	All housing units	77,026	63,570	13,456	21.2	21.030	22.054	-4.6	55.996	41.516	34.8	
Percent owner	Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	105	457	-352	-77.0	10	135	-92.6	95	322	-70.5	
Population is howeshig units 233,318 203,460 29,868 14,7 37,669 68,697 -16,0 175,610 134,783 30.3 Percocapide dust [household] 3.6 -3.8 -3.8 -3.8 -3.8 -3.12 -3.12 -3.7 -8.1 -3.7 -3.7 -8.1 -3.7 -3.7 -3.1 -3.7 -3.1 -3.7 -3.7 -3.1 -3.7 -3.7 -3.7 -3.7 -3.7 -3.7 -3		76,921	63,113	13,808	21.9	21,020	21,919	-4.1	55,901	41,194	35,7	
Per occupied unti (household). Omns:		233 318	203 460	20 858	14.7	57 690	69 607	_10 0	175 210	194 702	30.3	
Renter (NA) 3.6 2.9 3.4 -1.7 (NA) (N												
TRINUER, RACIT, AND VALONCY STATUS All concupted units.				1								
All Coccupied units		(NA)	3.6	•••	• • • •	2.9	3.4	-14,7	(NA)	(NA)		
Owner	• •	71.350	56.689	14.661	25.9	19.781	20.543	-3.7	51.569	36.146	42.7	
Renter	Owner		33,009									
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1980). 18, 240 1,652 2,588 16.5 8,632 8,531 3.0 9,608 7,342 30.9 Percent owner												
Device												
Noneter				1 *		2,995	2,894		5,584	3,582		
Vacant year-round unite	_											
Moneowner vacancy rate.	Vacant year-round units	5,571	6,424	-853		1,239					-14.2	
For rent. 2,801 3,848 1,047 -27.2 764 789 -4.4 2,037 3,049 -33.2				1								
Rental vacancy rate. 10.0 14.0												
1 and 2 rooms.		10.0	14.0	· · · · ·	•••	6.5	6.6			19.7		
3 rooms				,								
4 rooms												
8 rooms	4 rooms	17,465	16,068	1,397	8.7	4,811	4,678	2.8	12,654	11,390	11,1	
7 rooms or more.												
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 unit												
1 unit.	Median	5.0		0.5	11.1	4.4		4.8			8.5	
2 units or more												
Mobile home or trailer												
With all plumbing facilities												
1.01 or more persons per room 6, 297 (NA) 2,342 (NA) 3,955 (NA)												
Negro occupied 14,485					i							
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking some or all plumbing. 6,495 14,996 -8,501 -56.7 1,248 5,583 -77.6 5,247 9,413 -44.3 Negro occupied. 3,755 (NA) 704 (NA) 3,051 (NA) -4.3 Negro occupied. 10,485 6,186 4,299 69.4 4,788 3,339 43.4 5,707 2,857 99.8 persons. 10,718 14,026 5,692 40.6 6,005 5,816 3.2 13,713 8,210 67.0 and 4 persons 25,440 21,399 4,111 19.3 5,499 6,670 -17.6 19,941 14,659 36.0 5 persons or more. 15,697 15,138 559 3.7 3,489 4,718 -26.0 12,208 10,420 17.2 Median. 2.9 3.2 -0.3 -5.4 2.3 2.8 -17.9 3.1 3.5 -11.4 PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less. 63,611 46,157 17,454 37.8 17,208 16,570 3.9 46,403 29,587 56.8 1.01 or more. 7,739 10,532 -2,793 -26.5 2,573 3,973 -35.2 5,166 6,559 -21.2 VALUE Specified owner occupied. 40,008 28,450 11,558 40.6 8,119 8,440 -3.8 31,889 20,010 59.4 \$15,000 to \$14,999. 10,222 6,880 4,772 68.9 2,200 1,699 29.5 8,052 4,481 79.7 \$15,000 to \$14,999. 8,574 2,676 5,898 20.4 1,283 551 304 81.3 3,500 783 364.8 \$25,000 to \$24,999. 4,001 1,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 40.0 \$354.8 \$25,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.3 \$20,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.6 \$2,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.6 \$2,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.3 \$20,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 41.8 \$25,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.6 \$2,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.6 \$2,000 to \$34,999. 3,317 583 2,734 460.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 32 441.0 1.6 \$2,000 to \$44,				1								
Negro occupied						1,811		• • •	1,372			
PERSONS 1 person.												
2 persons.			()				(/	•••	-,,,,,,	//		
3 and 4 persons .							3,339	43.4	5,707			
5 persons or more												
Median 2.9 3.2 -0.3 -9.4 2.3 2.8 -17.9 3.1 3.5 -11.4 PERSONS PER ROM 1.00 or less 63,611 46,157 17,454 37.8 17,208 16,570 3.9 46,403 29,587 56.8 1.01 or more 7,739 10,532 -2,793 -26.5 2,573 3,973 -35.2 5,166 6,559 -21.2 VALUE Specified owner occupied 40,008 28,450 11,558 40.6 8,119 8,440 -3.8 31,889 20,010 59.4 11,000 10,522 6,180 4,072 65.9 2,200 1,699 29.5 8,052 4,481 79.7 \$10,000 to \$14,999 8,574 2,676 5,898 220.4 1,283 593 116.4 7,291 2,083 250.0 \$20,000 to \$34,999 3,317 583 2,734 469.0 438 241 81.7 2,879 342 741.8 \$35,000 or more 1,854 388 1,466 377.8 475 221 114.9	5 persons or more											
1.00 or less		2.9	3.2	-0.3	-9.4	2.3	2.8	-17.9		3.5	-11.4	
1.01 or more												
VALUE Specified owner occupied.												
Less than \$10,000.	VALUE		,	, .,		-,	-,		5,200	•,,••-		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	Specified owner occupied		28,450	11,558	40.6	8,119	8,440	-3.8	31,889	20,010		
\$15,000 to \$19,999\$ \$8,574												
\$20,000 to \$24,999												
\$35,000 or more		4,051	1,057	2,994	283.3	551	304	81.3	3,500	753		
Median. \$13,900 \$8,300 \$5,600 67.5 \$12,000 \$7,800 53.8 \$14,400 \$8,500 69.4 CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied. 24,183 23,073 1,110 4.8 10,966 11,231 -2.4 13,217 11,842 11.6 Less than \$40. 6,218 12,061 -5,843 -48.4 3,503 6,810 -48.6 2,715 5,251 -48.3 \$40 to \$59. 5,109 5,071 38 0.7 3,124 2,418 29.2 1,985 2,653 -25.2 \$80 to \$99. 3,780 3,081 699 22.7 1,707 1,170 45.9 2,073 1,911 8.5 \$100 to \$119. 2,518 835 1,683 201.6 881 392 124.7 1,306 1,306 1,306 1,576 191 1,000+ \$120 to \$149. 2,126 3,558 1,000+ 366 12 1,000+ 631 28 1,000+ \$200 or more. 151 40 1,108 1,000+ 81 12 1,000+ 70 28 1,000+ No cash rent. 1,526 1,659 -133 -8.0 302 294 <t< th=""><th>\$35,000 to \$34,999</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	\$35,000 to \$34,999											
Specified renter occupied 24,183 23,073 1,110 4.8 10,966 11,231 -2.4 13,217 11,842 11.6 Less than \$40 6,218 12,061 -5,843 -48.4 3,503 6,810 -48.6 2,715 5,251 -48.3 \$40 to \$59 5,109 5,071 38 0.7 3,124 2,418 29.2 1,985 2,653 -25.2 \$80 to \$79 3,780 3,780 699 2.7 1,707 1,170 45.9 2,073 1,911 8.5 \$100 to \$199 2,518 835 1,683 201.6 881 392 124.7 1,637 443 269.5 \$120 to \$149 1,758 3,558 1,000+ 452 135 642.2 1,306 1,576 191 1,000+ \$150 to \$199 997 40 1,108 1,000+ 81 12 1,000+ 70 1,224 1,365 -10.3 No cash rent 1,526 1,659 -133 -8.0 302 294 2.7 1,224 1,365 -10.3 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>												
Less than \$40.										. ,		
\$40 to \$59.												
\$60 to \$79.	\$40 to \$59											
\$100 to \$119		3,780	3,081	699	22.7	1,707	1,170	45.9	2,073	1,911	8.5	
\$120 to \$149				· ·								
\$150 to \$199	\$120 to \$149	2,126	326	3,558	1,000+	550	135	642.2		191	1,000+	
No cash rent			40	1,108	1,000+		12	1,000+	631	28	1,000+	
450 450 450 450 450 450 450 450 450 450	Median	\$60	\$36	\$24	66.7	\$52	\$34	52.9	\$73	\$40	82.5	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960-Continued

	Augusta,	GaS.C. (G	eorgia part)		Augusta c	entral city		Outside o	central city	
The State Standard Metropolitan			Chai	nge			Per			Per-
Statistical Areas					4		cent	1070	1000	cent
	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change
All housing units	47,626	38,205	9,421	24.7	21,030	22,054	-4.6	26,596	16,151	64,7
Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	33	223	-190	-85.2	10	135	-92,6	23	88	-73.9 65.4
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	47,593	37,982	9,611	25,3	21,020	21,919	-4.1	26,573	16,063	65.4
POPULATION Population in housing units	142,900	122,562	20,338	16,6	57,699	68,697	-16.0	85,201	53,865	58.2
Per occupied unit (household)	3,2	3.5	-0,3	-8,6	2.9	3,3	-12.1	3.5	3.7	-5.4
Owner Renter	3.4 3.0	3.5	-0.1 -0.4	-2.9 -11.8	3,0 2,9	3,3 3,4	-9.1 -14.7	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	:::
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	0,0	0						, ,		1
All occupied units	44,377	35,040	9,337	26.6	19,781	20,543	-3.7	24,596	14,497 10,006	69.7 74.0
Owner Percent owner	26,138 58.9	19,318 55.1	6,820	35,3	8,729 44.1	9,312 45,3	-6.3	17,409 70.8	69.0	14.0
Renter	18,239	15,722	2,517	16,0	11,052	11,231	-1.6	7,187	4,491	60.0 74.8
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1980).	12,723 5,428	10,651 4,271	2,072 1,157	19,5 27,1	8,632 2,995	8,310 2,894	3,9	4,091 2,433	2,341 1,377	76.7
Percent owner	42.7	40.1			34.7	34.8	: : :	59.5	58.8	72.0
Renter Vacant year-round units	7,295 3,216	6,380 2,942	915 274	14,3 9,3	5,637 1,239	5,416 1,376	4.1	1,658 1,977	964 1,566	26.2
For sale only	648	458	190	41,5	123	118	4.2	525	340	54.4
Homeowner vacancy rate For rent	2.4 1,799	2.3 1,671	128	7.7	1,4 764	1.3 799	-4,4	2,9 1,035	3.3 872	18,7
Rental vacancy rate	9,0	9.6	1	• • •	6.5	6.6	•••	12.6	16.3	•••
ROOMS			l			* 000		449	767	-42.2
1 and 2 rooms	2,008 6,366	2,755 7,475	-747 -1,109	-27,1 -14,8	1,565 4,521	1,988 5,559	-21.3 -18.7	443 1,845	1,916	-3.7
4 rooms	10,673	9,238	1,435	15,5	4,811	4,678	2.8	5,862	4,560	28.6 52.0
5 rooms	11,911 9,200	9,342 5,838	2,569 3,362	27.5 57.6	4,547 3,214	4,496 3,014	1,1 6.6	7,364 5,986	4,846 2,824	112.0
7 rooms or more	7,435	3,553	3,882	109.3	2,362	2,319	1.9	5,073	1,234	311.1 10.6
Median	4.9	4,5	0.4	8,9	4,4	4.2	4,8	5.2	*	10.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 unit	35,206	30,662	4,544	14,8	14,252	16,342	-12.8	20,954	14,320	46,3
2 units or more	10,557	6,825	3,732	54,7	6,738	5,700 12	18.2 150.0	3,819 1,800	1,125 702	239,5 156,4
Mobile home or trailer	1,830	714	1,116	156,3	30	14	100.0	1,500	702	100.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES With all plumbing facilities	45,245	30,288	14,957	49.4	19,772	16,471	20.0	25,473	13,817	84,4
1.01 or more persons per room	4,314	(NA) (NA)	•••	•••	2,342 7,928	(NA) (NA)	• • •	1,972 3,429	(NA) (NA)	• • •
Negro occupied	11,357 2,523	(NA)		•••	1,811	(na)	•••	712	(NA)	•••
Lacking some or all plumbing	2,348	7,913	-5,565	-70.3	1,248 704	5,583 (NA)	-77.6	1,100 662	2,330 (NA)	-52,8
Negro occupied PERSONS	1,366	(NA)		+ +.+		()			•	·
1 person	6,928	4,260	2,668	62,6	4,788	3,339	43.4	2,140	921	132.4
2 persons	12,449	9,201 12,787	3,248	35.3 21.7	6,005 5,499	5,816 6,670	3.2 -17.6	6,444	3,385 6,117	90.4 64.5
5 persons or more	15,564 9,436	8,792	644	7,3	3,489	4,718	-26.0	5,947	4,074	46.0
Median	2.8	3,1	-0.3	-9.7	2.3	2.8	-17.9	3,2	3.5	-8,6
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	39,561	28,589	10,972	38.4	17,208	16,570	3,9	22,353	12,019	86.0
1.01 or more	4,816	6,451	-1,635	-25.3	2,573	3,973	-35,2	2,243	2,478	-9.5
VALUE						9 440	-3,8	15,353	8,717	76.1
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000	23,472 6,114	17,157 10,760	6,315	36.8 -43.2	8,119 3,172	8,440 5,382	-41.1	2,942	5,378	-45.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6,155	3,737	2,418	64.7	2,200	1,699	29.5	3,955	2,038 808	94.1 406.7
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	5,377 2,493	1,401 565	1,928	283.8 341,2	1,283 551	593 304	116.4 81.3	1,094	261	644,1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,053	382	1,671	437.4	438	241 221	81.7 114.9	1,615 805	141 91	1,000+ 784.6
\$35,000 or more	1,280 \$14,600	312 \$8,300	\$6,300	310.3 75.9	475 \$12,000	\$7,800		\$16,000	\$8,600	
CONTRACT RENT	' '		'			•				
Specified renter occupied	17,919	15,671	2,248	14.3	10,966	11,231 6,810		6,953 528	4,440 1,279	56.6 -58.7
Less than \$40\$40 to \$59	4,031 3,786	8,089 3,649	-4,058 137	-50.2 3.8	3,503 3,124	2,418	29,2	662	1,231	-46.2
\$60 to \$79	2,816	2,265	551	24.3	1,707	1 ¹ ,170 392		1,109 1,144	1,095 289	1.3 295.8
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119	2,025 1,508	681	1	197.4	452	135		1,056		1,000+
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1,941	245	3,204	1,000+	550 F 366			1,391 { 492 }		
\$200 or more	858 140	36	962	1,000+	815		1,000+	59}		1,000+
No cash rent	814	706		15.3	302 \$52	294 \$34			412 \$52	24.3 84.6
MOMINO	\$65	\$38	\$27	71,1	\$52	\$34	<u> </u>	Ι ψου	<u></u>	2210

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

1		, ТеппGa.		T	Inside (entral city	1		entral city	
The State Standard Metropolitan	o initialização	, romit dat	Cha				Per-			Day.
Statistical Areas							cent			Per
	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change
All housing units	103,506	87,929	15,577	17.7	43,475	41,979	3.6	60,031	45,950	30,6
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	135	964	-829	-86.0	21	168	-87.5	114	796	-85.7
POPULATION	103,371	86,965	16,406	18.9	43,454	41,811	3,9	59,917	45,154	32,7
Population in housing units	300,400	281,152	19,248	6,8	117,178	128,380	-8.7	183,222	152,772	19,9
Per occupied unit (household)	3.1	3,4	-0.3	-8.8	2,9	3.2	-9.4	3.2	3.6	-11,1
Owner	(NA) (NA)	3.4 3.4		:::	3.0 2.8	3.2 3.2	-6,3 -12,5	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	:::]
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	```							•	, ,	
All occupied units	97,545	82,485	15,060	18,3	40,563	39,832	1.8	56,982	42,653	33,6
Owner	64,589 66.2	51,524 62.5	13,065	25.4	20,637 50.9	18,772 47.1	9.9	43,952 77.1	32,752 76.8	34.2
Renter	32,956	30,961	1,995	6.4	19,926	21,060	-5.4	13,030	9,901	31.6
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	14,740 5,373	13,376 4,139	1,364	10.2 29.8	12,940 4,097	11,857 3,110	9,1 31,7	1,800 1,276	1,519 1,029	18,5 24,0
Percent owner	36.5	30.9		:::	31.7	26.2		70.9	67.7	
Renter Vacant year-round units	9,367 5,826	9,237 4,480	1,346	30.0	8,843 2,891	8,747 1,979	46.1	524 2,935	490 2,501	17.4
For sale only Homeowner vacancy rate	925	862	63	7.3	275	265	3,8	650	597	8.9
For rent	1.4 2,801	1.6 1,781	1,020	57.3_	1.3 1,856	1.4 1,085	71.1	1.5 945	1.8 696	35.8
Rental vacancy rate	7.8	5,4	'		8.5	4.9	•••	6.8	6.6	•••
ROOMS 1 and 2 rooms	2,942	4 957	1 416	20.5	1 074	0.004	20.4	1 000	1,663	25.40
3 rooms	10,042	4,357 12,112	-1,415 -2,070	-32.5 -17.1	1,874 6,493	2,694 8,298	-30.4 -21.8	1,068 3,549	3,814	-35.8 -6.9
4 rooms 5 rooms	25,478 29,794	21,990 24,040	3,488	15.9 23.9	11,438	10,400	10,0	14,040	11,590	21.1
6 rooms	20,592	16,340	5,754 4,252	26.0	11,369 7,438	10,018 6,546	13.5 13.6	18,425 13,154	14,022 9,794	34.3
7 rooms or more	14,523 4.9	9,078	5,445	60.0	4,842	4,023	20,4	9,681	5,055	91.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4.5	4.7	0.4	4.3	4.7	4.5	4.4	5.1	4.9	3
1 unit	79,347	74,183	5,164	7.0	28,260	30,790	-8.2	51,087	43,393	17.7
2 units or more	20,585 3,439	12,827 903	7,758 2,536	60.5 280.8	14,771 423	11,011 178	34.1 137.6	5,814 3,016	1,816 725	220.2 316.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES] ",150	555	2,000	200.0	100	110	101.0	0,020	, 20	7.010
With all plumbing facilities	97,665	71,654	26,011	36,3	42,280	34,963	20.9	55,385	36,691	50.9
1.01 or more persons per room	7,001 13,687	(NA) (NA)		• • • •	3,737 12,461	(NA) (NA)		3,264 1,226	(NA) (NA)	:::
1.01 or more persons per room	2,439	(NA)		•••	2,240	(na)		199	(NA)	
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied	5,706 1,053	16,259 (NA)	-10,553	-64.9	1,174 479	7,016 (NA)	-83.3	4,532 574	9,243 (NA)	-51.0
PERSONS	,	(/	'''	***		()	,,,	.	()	
1 person	14,943	8,214	6,729	81.9	8,887	5,629	57.9	6,056	2,585	134.3
2 persons		22,708 32,399	6,819 2,762	30.0 8.5	12,699 12,144	12,040 13,786	5.5 -11.9	16,828 23,017	10,668 18,613	57.7 23.7
5 persons or more		19,164	-1,250	-6.5	6,833	8,377	-18.4	11,081	10,787	2.7
Median PERSONS PER ROOM	2.7	3.1	-0.4	-12,9	2.4	2.8	-14.3	3,0	3.4	-11,8
1.00 or less	89,416	70,340	19,076	27,1	36,667	33,685	8.9	52,749	36,655	43,9
1.01 or more	8,129	12,145	-4,016	-33,1	3,896	6,147	-36.6	4,233	5,998	-29,4
VALUE Specified owner occupied	55 110	45 475	0 641	01.0	10.550				00 001	20.2
Less than \$10,000		45,475 26,703	9,641	21.2 -26.0	18,560 8,188	17,414 11,136	6.6 -26.5	36,556 11,572	28,061 15,567	30.3 -25.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999		11,567	2,965	25.6	5,303	3,891	36.3	9,229	7,676	20.2
\$20,000 to \$24,999	4,822	3,782 1,570	5,499 3,252	145,4 207,1	2,543 1,083	1,303 573	95.2 89.0	6,738 3,739	2,479 997	171.8 275.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1 -,	1,051	2,971	282.7	891	326	173.3	3,131	725	331.9
Median	2,699 \$12,700	802 \$8,800	1,897 \$3,900	236.5 44.3	552 \$11,000	185 \$8,300	198.4 32.5	2,147 \$13,600	617 \$9,200	248.0 47.8
CONTRACT RENT	•	•			•	•				
Specified renter occupied Less than \$40	31,746 5,149	30,723 12,689	1,023	3.3 -59.4	19,715 3,514	21,060 9,050	-6.4 -61.2	12,031 1,635	9,663 3,639	24.5 -55.1
\$40 to \$59	8,072	9,938	-1,866	-18.8	5,913	7,251	-18.5	2,159	2,687	-19.7
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	7,720 3,676	4,666 815	3,054 2,861	65.5 351.0	5,338 2,231	3,295 489	62.0 356.2	2,382 1,445	1,371 326	
\$100 to \$119	1,789	349	3,351	960.2	759	190	656.8	1,030		1,000+
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1,911		1		679 { 312 {			1,232 {		,
\$200 or more	253	21	1,240	1,000+	128		1,000+	125		1,000+
No cash rent	2,168 \$64	2,245 \$43	-77 \$21	-3.4 48.8	841 \$60	773 \$43	8.8 39.5	1,327	1,472 \$43	-9.9 69.8

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

he State		Chattanooga, TennGa. SMSA ((Georgia part)	
tandard Metropolitan			Change	
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percen
11 housing units	16,392	13,552	2,840	21 .
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	10	234	-224	-95,
LL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	16,382	13,318	3,064	23.
POPULATION				
opulation in housing units	50,438	46,257	4,181	9,
Per occupied unit (household)	3.2	3.7	-0.5	-13
Owner	3.2	3.6	-0.4 -0.6	-11
Renter	3.3	3.9	-0.0	-15
ENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	4.7.7.	40.000		
ll occupied units	15,616	12,660	2,956	23 30
Percent owner	11,916 76.3	9,111 72.0	2,805	30
Renter	3,700	3,549	151	4
egro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	652	585	67	11
Owner	439	359	80	22
Percent owner	67.3	61.4	•••	•
Renter	213	226	-13	-5
acant year-round units	766	658	108	16
For sale only	153	93	60	64
Homeowner vacancy rate	1,3	1.0	74	90
Rental vacancy rate	263 6.6	189 5.1		39
*	۱	9.1	***	•
OOMS				
and 2 rooms	317	510	-193	-37
rooms	1,184	1,424	-240 438	-16
rooms	4,519 5,277	4,081 3,818	1,459	10 38
rooms	3,298	2,449	849	34
rooms or more	1,787	1,270	517	40
edian,	4.9	4.7	0.2	4
NITS IN STRUCTURE		i i		
unit	14,436	12,818	1,618	12
units or more	1,049	620	429	69
obile home or trailer	897	114	783	686
LUMBING FACILITIES	Ì			
ith all plumbing facilities	14,663	9,854	4,809	48
1.01 or more persons per room	1,216	(NA)	•••	•
Negro occupied	404	(NA)	***	•
1.01 or more persons per room	73	(NA) 3,698	1 070	-53
acking some or all plumbing	1,719 248	(NA)	-1,979	
Negro occupied	440	(MA)	***	•
PERSONS				
person	1,765	840	925	110
persons	4,605	3,153	1,452 847	10
and 4 persons	6,099 3,147	5,252 3,415	-268	1.
sedien	2.9	3.4	-0.5	-14
	7.5			
PERSONS PER ROOM	14 007	10 991	3,696	36
.00 or less	14,027 1,589	10,331 2,329	-740	-3:
	1,005	-,		
ALUE		m 440	0.400	0.0
Specified owner occupied	9,251	7,149	2,102 -324	29
ess than \$10,000	4,651	4,975 1,297	1,046	80
15,000 to \$19,999	2,343 1,152	410	742	18:
320,000 to \$24,999	496	153	343	224
\$25,000 to \$34,999	382	190	192	10:
35,000 or more	227	124	103	83
ledian	\$10,000	\$7,400	\$2,600	35
ONTRACT RENT				
Specified renter occupied	3,257	3,472	-215	
ess than \$40	792	1,918	-1,126	-54
40 to \$59	968	844	124	14
\$60 to \$79	745	242	503	201
80 to \$99 100 to \$119	247	11	236	1,00
\$120 to \$149	101	8	121	1,00
\$150 to \$199	28 13			•
\$200 or more	4}	~	17	
No cash rent	359	449	-90	-20
Median	\$54	\$33	\$21	63

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

		s, GaAla.			Inside o	entral city			central cit	Y
The State Standard Metropolitan			Ch	ange			Per-			Pe
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	Ce Chan
					#0 0M*	0,000	40.0	10.024		
All housing units	72,925 21	59,063 198	13,862	23.5 -89.4	52,971 11	35,865	48.9 -75.6	19,954 10	23,498 153	-15,1 -93.1
Vacant—seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	72,904	58,865	14,039	23,8	52,960	35,520	49,1	19,944	23,345	-14.1
POPULATION		•	} ′							
Population in housing units	219,931	202,779	17,152	8.5	153,409	115,121	33.3	66,522	87,658	-24,
Per occupied unit (household)	3.3	3.6	-0.3	-8.3	3.1	3.4 3.4	-8,8	3.6 (NA)	4.0 (NA)	-10,
Owner	(NA) (NA)	3.6 3.7			2.9		-14.7	(NA)	(NA)	••
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	\/]					,	,,	•••
All occupied units	67,433	55,674	11,759	21.1	48,760	33,693	44.7	18,673	21,981	-15.
Owner	35,560	25,350	10,210	40.3	26,860 55.1	14,556 43.2	84.5	8,700 46,6	10,794 49,1	-19.
Percent owner	52.7 31,873	45.5 30,324	1,549	5.1	21,900	19,137	14.4	9,973	11,187	-10.
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	17,623	14,315	3,308	23.1	11,629	7,908	47.1	5,994	6,409	-8 ,
Owner	6,544	4,459	2,085	46.8	4,366 37.5	2,337 29.6	86.8	2,178 36,3	2,122	2,
Percent owner	37,1 11,079	31,1 9,856	1,223	12.4	7,263	5,569	30.4	3,816	33,1 4,287	~11.
Vacant year-round units	5,471	3,191	2,280	71.5	4,200	1,827	129,9	1,271	1,384	-6,
For sale only	688	539	149	27.6	553	285 1.9	94,0	135	254	-48,
For rent	3,471	2.1 1,528	1,943	127,2	2.0 2,808	1,118	151.2	1,5	2.3 410	<i>8</i> 1.
Rental vacancy rate	9.8	4.8	-,	• • •	11.4	5.5	•••	6,2	3,5	•1
ROOMS]		Ì					1		
1 and 2 rooms	2,640	3,830	-1,190	-31,1	1,936	2,298		704	1,532	-54,
3 rooms	10,118	12,115 14,047	-1,997 2,515	-16,5 17.9	7,384 11,470	8,012 8,658	32.5	2,734 5,092	4,103 5,389	-33 -5
4 rooms	16,582	14,727	5,280	35,9	14,376	7,780	85.5	5,631	6,977	~19
6 rooms	13,903	9,623	4,280	44.5	10,212	5,632	81.3	3,691	3,991	-7
7 rooms or more	9,674	4,699	4,975	105.9 8.9	7,582 4.9	3,197	11.4	2,092 4.8	1,502	39 4
Median UNITS IN STRUCTURE	} ***	***	""	0,0	4,5	* • •	****	4,6	7,0	•
1 unit	51,226	46,841	4,385	9,4	37,437	26,644	40.5	13,789	20,197	-31
2 units or more	18,149	10,741	7,408	69.0	13,195	8,092	69.1	4,854	2,649	87
Mobile home or trailer	3,529	1,442	2,087	144.7	2,328	810	187.4	1,201	632	90
PLUMBING FACILITIES		40. 004				00 -00		10.485		_
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room	67,287	46,054 (NA)	21,233	46.1	51,165 4,376	29,762 (AA)	71.9	16,122	18,292 (NA.)	-1
Negro occupied	13,687	(NA)] ;;;		10,667	(NA)		3,020	(NA.)	
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)	- :::	***	2,309	(NA)	***	752	(NA.)	.!
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied	5,617 3,936	12,970 (NA)	-7,353	~56.7	1,795	5,784 (NA)	-69.0	3,822 2,974	7,186 (NA.)	44
PERSONS	}	(,,-,	}	•••		(141.)		-,,,,,	(144.3	'
1 person	9,121	4,638	4,483	96.7	6,914	3,241	113,3	2,207	1,397	5!
2 persons	19,368	14,013	5,355	38.2	14,640	9,423	55.4	4,728	4,590	
3 and 4 persons	24,551 14,393	21,943 15,080	2,608 -687	11.9	17,795 9,411	13,134 7,895	35.5 19.2	6,756 4,982	8,809 7,185	-2: -3:
Median	2.9	3.3	-0.4	-12.1	2.8	3,1	-9,7	3.2	3.7	-1:
PERSONS PER ROOM	i		}							
1.00 or less	59,733	44,148	15,585	35,3	44,089	27,707		18,644	16,441	-
1.01 or more	7,700	11,526	-3,826	~33.2	4,871	5,086	-22,0	3,029	8,540	~- <u>(</u>
VALUE	30,000	20 080	0 740	20.0	04 455	46 447			0.00%	~3
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000	30,998 6,995	22,250 9,921	8,748 -2,926	39.3 -29.5	24,435 3,879	13,157 5,132		6,563 3,116	9,093	-3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	8,391	8,096	295	3,6	8,799	4,914	38,4	1,592	3,182	-5
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	7,808	2,209 754	5,599	253.5	8,801	1,438		1,007	771 188	3 14
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,903	697	2,367	313,9 316,5	2,704 2,627		361.4	417 276	91	æ.
\$35,000 or more	1,780	573	1,207	210,6	1,625	481	237.8	155	92	ŧ
Median	\$15,100	\$10,600	\$4,500	42.5	\$16,100	\$11,300	42,5	\$10,500	\$9,500	1
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied,	30,959	20 222	,		04 704				10 658	and t
Less than \$40	5,840	29,765 12,286	1,194 ~6,646	4.0 -54.1	21,726 3,190	19,137 7,548		9,233 2,450	10,628 4,738	*
\$40 to \$59	6,385	7,129	-744	-10.4	4,946	5,460		1,439	1,669	-
\$60 to \$79	6,041	4,582	1,459	31.8	5,207	3,942	32.1	834	640	1
\$100 to \$119	3,193	1,531	1,662	108.6	2,838	1,344		355 442	187	Δ.
\$120 to \$149	2,187	475	4,065	855.8	1,993	414	843.0	194	61	9
\$150 to \$199,	1,084	36	1,280	1,000+	926	32	1,000+	158	4	1,
No cash rent	3.844	3,726	118	3.2	211 <i>J</i> 504	397	27.0	3,340	3,320	
Median	\$65	\$42	\$23	54.8	\$70	\$47	48.9	\$47	\$31	

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

i					ron; cros/ unu mou					
The State	Columbus, (aS.C. SMS	SA (Georgia	part)	Columbus	central city		Outside	central city	ĺ
The State Standard Metropolitan							D			
			Ulla	nge			Per- cent			Per-
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 		<u> </u>					
All housing units	58,810	46,523	12,287	26.4	52,971	35,565	48,9	5,839	10,958	-46.7
Vacant-seasonal and migratory.	12	107	-95	-88.8	11		-75.6	1	62	-98.4
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	58,798	46,416	12,382	26.7	52,960	35,520	49,1	5,838	10,896	-46.4
POPULATION			ļ							
Population in housing units	174,861	155,599	19,262	12.4	153,409	115,121		21,452	40,478	-47.0
Per occupied unit (household)	3.2	3.5	-0,3	-8,6	3.1	3.4	-8.8	3.8	3.9	-2.6
Renter	3.4 3.1	3.5 3.5	-0.1 -0.4	-2.9 -11.4	3,4 2,9	3.4	-14.7	(NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA)	,
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	""			44.		0,2	~	(,,,,,	()	,
All occupied units	54,354	43,972	10,382	23,6	48,760	33,693	44.7	5,594	10,279	-45.6
Owner	28,153	19,724	8,429	42.7	26,860	14,556		1,293	5,168	-75.0
Percent owner	51.8	44.9			55.1	43.2		23.1	50,3	12.0
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	26,201 12,620	24,248 9,366	1,953	8.1 34.7	21,900 11,629	19,137 7,906		4,301 991	5,111 1,460	-15.8 -32.1
Owner	4,545	2,827	1,718	60.8	4,366	2,337		179	490	-63.5
Percent owner	36.0	30.2			37.5	29.6		18,1	33.6	
Vacant year-round units	8,075	6,539	1,536	23.5	7,263	5,569		812 244	970 617	-16.3 -60.5
For sale only	4,444 568	2,444 477	2,000	81.8 19.1	4,200 553	1,827 285	129.9 94.0	15	192	-92.2
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.0	2.4			2.0	1.9		1.1	3.6	
For rent	2,958	1,225	1,733	141.5	2,808		151,2	150	107	40.2
Rental vacancy rate	10,1	4.8		• • • •	11.4	5.5	• • •	3.4	2.1	• • • •
ROOMS		0.040		00.7	:	0.000	4.5.		057	
1 and 2 rooms	2,052 7,687	2,649 9,038	-597 -1,351	-22,5 -14,9	1,936 7,384	2,298 8,012	-15.8 -7.8	116 303	351 1,026	-67.0 -70.5
4 rooms	12,496	10,558	1,938	18,4	11,470	8,658		1,026	1,900	-46.0
5 rooms	16,519	12,161	4,358	35.8	14,376	7,750		2,143	4,411	-51.4
6 rooms	11,548	8,005	3,543	44.3	10,212		81.3	1,336	2,373 893	-43.7 2.4
Median	8,496 4,9	4,090	4,406	107.7	7,582 4.9	4.4	137,2	5.2	5,0	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	1		""	010]					
1 unit	39,870	35,669	4,201	11.8	37,437	26,644	40.5	2,433	9,025	-73.0
2 units or more	16,209	9,508	6,701	70,5	13,195	8,092		3,014	1,416	112.9
Mobile home or trailer	2,719	1,307	1,412	1,08,0	2,328	810	187.4	391	497	-21.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES	į		l							
With all plumbing facilities	56,532	39,127	17,405	44.5	51,165	29,762		5,367	9,365	-42.7
1.01 or more persons per room Negro occupied	4,906	(NA) (NA)	• • •	***	4,376 10,667	(NA) (NA)		530 673	(NA) (NA)	
1,01 or more persons per room	11,340 2,441	(NA)		• • •	2,309	(NA)		132	(NA)	,.,
Lacking some or all plumbing	2,266	7,357	-5,091	~69,2	1,795		-69.0	471	1,573	-70.1
Negro occupied	1,280	(NA)		• • •	962	(NA)		318	(NA)	• • • •
PERSONS	1									
1 person	7,220	3,634	3,586	98.7 39.1	6,914 14,640	3,241 9,423	113.3 55.4	306 1,157	393 1,937	-22.1 -40.3
3 and 4 persons	15,797 20,161	11,360 17,867	4,437 2,294	12.8	17,795	13,134		2,366	4,733	~50.0
5 persons or more	11,176	11,111	65	0.6	9,411	7,895	19.2	1,765	3,216	-45.1
Median	2,9	3,2	-0.3	-9.4	2.8	3.1	-9.7	3.7	3.8	-2.6
PERSONS PER ROOM			ļ							
1.00 or less	49,006	36,178	12,828	35.5	44,089 4,671	27,707	59.1 -22.0	4,917 677	8,471 1,808	-42.0 -62.6
VALUE	5,348	7,794	-2,446	-31.4	4,071	0,000	-42,0	""	2,000	02.0
Specified owner occupied	25,224	17,612	7,612	43.2	24,435	13,157	85.7	789	4,455	-82.3
Less than \$10,000	4,286	6,577	-2,291	-34.8	3,879		-24.4	407	1,445	-71.8
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6.921	7,077	-156	-2.2	6,799	4,914	38.4	122	2,163	-94 .4
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999		2,032	4,873	239.8	6,801		372.9 361.4	104 58	594 103	-82.5 -43.7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,762 2,683	689 668	2,073	300.9 301.6	2,704 2,627		333,5	56	62	-9.7
\$35,000 or more	1,667	569	1,098	193.0	1,625	481	237.8	42	. 88	-52.3
Median,	\$16,000	\$11,400	\$4,600	40.4	\$16,100	\$11,300	42.5	\$9,700	\$11,700	-17.1
CONTRACT RENT	1				1					. =
Specified renter occupied	25,869	24,220	1,649	6.8	21,726	19,137		4,143	5,083	-18.5
Less than \$40\$40 to \$59	3,385 5,052	8,811 5,907	-5,426 -855	-61.6 -14.5	3,190 4,946		-57.7 -9.4	195 106	1,263 447	-84.6 -76.3
\$60 to \$79	5,352	4,420	932	21.1	5,207		32.1	145	478	-69.7
\$80 to \$99	3,014	1,503	1,511	100.5	2,838		111.2	1,76	159	10.7
\$100 to \$119 \$120 to \$149	2,253	470	3,909	831.7	1,911	414	843.0	342	56	748.2
\$150 to \$199	2,126		i '		1,993			133 {		1,000+
\$200 or more	218	36	1,227	1,000+	211	32	1,000+	75		
No cash rent	3,424	3,073	351 \$24	11.4	504	397	27.0		2,676 \$38	9.1
Median	\$70	\$46	\$24	52,2	\$70	\$47	48,9	क्रम क्रम	\$38	160,5

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

	FOI MINIMUM DAS	Macon SMS				entral city	T	Outside	central city	
The State		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Char	nge		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Per-			Per
Standard Metropolitan			Number		1970	1960	cent	1970	1960	Cest Change
Statistical Areas	1970	1960	Mumber	Percent	19/0	1300	citatigo	12/0	1300	O temp
	ee 97#	53,813	12,562	23.3	41,010	22,550	81.9	25,365	31,263	-18,5
All housing units	66,375 25	264	-239	-90.5	8	53	-84.9	17	211	-91.5
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	66,350	53,549	12,801	23.9	41,002	22,497	82.3	25,348	31,052	-19.6
POPULATION				13.3	119,337	68,086	75,3	81,917	109,484	-25,2
Population in housing units	201,254 3.3	177,570 3.5	23,684 -0,2	-5.7	3,1	3,2	-3.1	3.5	3.8	-7.9
Per occupied unit (household)	3,3	3,5	-0.2	-5,7	3.2	3,2	1	(NA)	(NA)	• • •
Renter	3,2	3.5	-0.3	-8.6	3.0	3,2	-6.3	(NA)	(NA)	•••
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS		#0 160	11 410	23.2	38,312	21,289	80.0	23,475	28,880	-19,1
All occupied units	61,787 36,214	50,169 27,210	9,004	33,1	20,739	8,412		15,475	18,798	-17,1
Owner Percent Owner	58.6	54.2	'		54.1	39,5	_: • :	65.9	65,1	***
Renter.	25,573	22,959	2,614	11.4 12.4	17,573	12,877 8,463	36.5 47.0	8,000 3,199	10,082 5,452	~20,7 ~41,1
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	15,643 5,645	13,915 4,888	1,728	15.5	4,075	2,186	86.4	1,570	2,702	-41
OwnerPercent owner	36.1	35.1		• • •	32,7	25,8		49.1	49.6	
Renter	9,998	9,027	971	10.8	8,369 2,690	6,277 1,208		1,629 1,873	2,750 2,172	-40. -13,
Vacant year-round units	4,563 631	3,380 577	1,183 54	35.0 9.4	319		239.4	312	483	-35,
For sale only	1.7	2.1			1.5	1,1		2.0	2,5	
For rent	2,735	1,909 7,7	826	43,3	1,787	842 6.1	112.2	948 10.6	1,067 9.6	-11.
Rental vacancy rate	9.7	111	'''		1					
ROOMS	2,980	5,209	-2,229	-42.8	2,231	3,407	-34.5	749	1,802	- 58.
1 and 2 rooms	8,002	9,753	-1,751	-18.0	6,033	6,016	0,3	1,969	3,737	-47.
4 rooms	14,633	10,784	3,849	35,7	9,096	3,880 3,434		5,537 7,781	6,904 9,579	-19. -18.
5 rooms 6 rooms	17,477 14,123	13,013 9,514	4,484	34.3 48.4	8,392		201.0	5,731	6,726	-14
7 rooms or more	9,135	5,528	3,607	65.2	5,554	3,025	83,6	3,581	2,503	43
Median	4,9	4.6	0.3	6.5	4.8	4.0	20.0	5.1	4.8	6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE								10.044	07 449	-30
1 unit	47,393 16,414	41,980 11,059	5,413	12,9 48,4	28,416 12,309	14,533 8.013	95.5 53.6	18,977 4,105	27,447 3,046	34
2 units or more	2,543	766	1,777	232.0	277		1,000+	2,266	762	197
PLUMBING FACILITIES	,,,,,,,,,,,		'				-			
With all plumbing facilities	61,161	40,823	20,338	49.8	37,987	15,748	141.2	23,174	25,075	-7
1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)		• • •	3,823	(NA) (NA)	••••	1,745 1,614	(NA) (NA)	
Negro occupied		(NA) (NA)	1 :::	• • • •	10,294 2,739	(NA)	•••	463	(NA)	
Lacking some or all plumbing		12,982	-7,793	-60.0	3,015	6,802	-55.7	2,174	6,180	
Negro occupied	3,735	(NA)		• • •	2,150	(NA)	• • •	1,585	(NA)	
PERSONS	1				1			0.100	1 055	11
1 person		5,346 12,739	3,633	68.0 33.7	6,780 11,039	3,490 6,453		2,199 5,990	1,856 6,286	
3 and 4 persons	17,029 22,650	19,531	3,119	16.0	13,052	7,049		9,598	12,482	-3
5 persons or more	13,129	12,553	576	4.6	7,441	4,297		5,688	8,256 3.5	
Median	2,9	3.2	-0.3	-9.4	2.7	2.7	-	3,2	0,0	•
PERSONS PER ROOM	84 845	40,660	14 105	34.9	33,831	17,004	99.0	21,014	23,656	-1
1.00 or less		9,509		-27.0	4,481	4,285		2,461	5,224	- 5
VALUE	1 '	•	1							
Specified owner occupied,	. 31,888	24,236		31.6			157.6	12,406	16,674	
Less than \$10,000		12,666		-33.4			48.0	3,259	9,170 5,215	
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999		6,726 2,927		36.2 137.4			294.4	2,974	1,649	. 8
\$20,000 to \$24,999		998		244.4		600	226,3	1,479	398	
\$25,000 to \$34,999		575	1 . 7	339.0			3 223.1	1,109	137 108	
\$35,000 or more		344 \$9,700	1. 1	302.3 45.4	1 1 1	\$10,900		\$14,600	\$9,400	
CONTRACT RENT	T-2,200	70,.00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,=-,	, ,				
Specified renter occupied	. 24,909	22,665	2,244	9,9	17,409	12,877	35.2	7,500	9,781	
Less than \$40	5,606	11,481	5,875	-51.2	4,565	7,82	L -41.6	1,041	3,660	
\$40 to \$59\$60 to \$79	_,	5,282		10.4			9 81.8 8 156.2	852 1,021	2,343 1,636	
\$80 to \$99	2,661	3,038 1,054				,	4 261.1	1,094	62	
\$100 to \$119	1,572	585			778		2 1,000+	794	43:	3 2
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	_,	200	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7.2.0	1,008		•	769 287		
\$200 or more	. 68	47	672	1,000+	47	2:	2 1,000+	21)	2	
No cash rent	2,114	1,178			493		63.8	1,621	87 \$4	
Median	\$60	\$38	\$ \$22	57.9	\$56	\$3	4 64.7	\$80	4.4	×

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960 - Continued

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Senter.							4,781		1,904		
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Negron N		12,866	10,580								
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Appendix

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

General

PERCENTS, MEDIANS, AND SYMBOLS

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are treated as zero. A dash "-" is the symbol used to signify zero. Three dots "..." indicate that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information, that the base for a median or rate is too small for it to be shown, or that the data were not comparable. A minus sign preceding a figure denotes decrease. The symbol "NA" means not available.

Medians are presented in the housing table of this report for several characteristics. Medians for rooms and persons are rounded to the nearest tenth, for value to the nearest hundred dollars, and for contract rent to the nearest dollar. The median is not shown if there are fewer than five housing units in the distribution. Similarly, population per housing unit is not shown if the base for this rate is less than five units.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1970 census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishing of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately clear. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons without a usual place of residence were, however, counted where they were enumerated.

As in every previous census, members of the Armed Forces living on military installations were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located. Similarly, members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Crews of U.S. Navy vessels were counted as residents of the home port to which the particular vessel was assigned; crews of vessels deployed to the overseas fleet were therefore not included in the population of any State or the District of

Columbia. Persons in Armed Forces families were counted where they were living on Census Day (e.g., the military installation, "offbase," or elsewhere, as the case might be).

Crews of U.S. merchant marine vessels were counted as part of the population of the U.S. port in which their vessel was berthed on Census Day; or if sailing in inland or coastal waters, either the port of departure of destination, depending on which the vessel was nearest on Census Day. Crews of all other U.S. merchant marine vessels are not included in the population of any State of the District of Columbia.

College students, as in 1950 and 1960, were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where this institution was located on the other hand, patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at their homes. On the night of April 6, 1970, a special enumeration was performed in missions, flop houses, detention centers, etc., and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the particular place

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) are not included in the population of any of the States or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like, were counted at their usual residence.

Persons in larger hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1970, were requested to fill out a census form for allocation back to their homes if they indicated no one was there to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1970 via major intercontinental all or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad.

In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else

BOUNDARIES

The data shown for 1970 relate to the boundaries of the areas as existed on January 1, 1970. As nearly as

possible, 1960 data for the same areas have been adjusted to conform to the 1970 definitions. However, it was not feasible to compile 1960 information for small pieces of territory transferred from one jurisdiction to another as a result of county and city boundary changes. Where such discrepancies exist note is made in table footnotes. "Extended cities" constitute a special boundary problem discussed below.

COUNTIES

The primary divisions of the States are, in general, termed counties, but in Louisiana these divisions are known as parishes. There are no counties in Alaska. In this State, data are shown for statistical areas which are county equivalents designated as census divisions; they were developed for general statistical purposes through the cooperation of the State and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS In this report statistics are shown for standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) except in some tables for New England States where the metropolitan State economic area or nearest equivalent whole county is substituted for the SMSA.

The population living in SMSA's is designated as the metropolitan population. This population is subdivided as "inside central city or cities" and "outside central city or cities." The latter area is frequently referred to in the text of this report as "suburbs" or "suburban ring." The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the non-metropolitan population.

The Bureau of the Census recognizes approximately 250 standard metropolitan statistical areas in the 1970 census. This number includes the 231 SMSA's (including three in Puerto Rico which are not covered in this series) as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, *Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967*, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Also included are two SMSA's as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in January 1968: Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss. and Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J. In addition, a number of SMSA's are being defined on the basis of the results from the 1970 Census.

Except in New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In a few cities where portions of

counties outside the SMSA as defined in 1967 were annexed to the central city, the population living in those counties is not considered part of the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For the complete description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

STATE ECONOMIC AREAS

For the New England metropolitan areas represented in some of the tables of these reports, the SMSA has been replaced by the metropolitan State economic area (SEA) (see U.S. Census of Population, 1960, State Economic Areas, PC(3)1A.) Where a metropolitan SEA has not been defined, the nearest equivalent county has been used. State summaries by metropolitan and nonmetropolitan residence will, therefore, be found to vary according to whether the information contained in the tables was available for SMSA's directly or for counties only. Population tables 2,3,and 4 contain metropolitan SEA totals, while Housing table 5 shows SMSA totals. Under both systems, figures for central cities are the same.

ANNEXATIONS

A problem of definition exists with respect to some of the central cities shown in these reports. This problem arises as a consequence of annexations of territory made by cities during the 1960-70 decade. Most often, detailed population and housing characteristics from the 1960 census could not be reproduced for the annexed areas. 1960 data shown for central cities in the tables of this report thus relate to those cities as defined at the time of that census, and 1970 data refer to cities as they were defined for the 1970 census.

To clarify the impact of annexation on population change for central cities, a text table has been prepared. It shows 1970 population in current boundaries and within 1960 boundaries for central cities which annexed population. Population change within a consistently defined area, that is, excluding the effect of annexation, can then be obtained.

Since 1960, two cities have annexed the entire county in which they were located: Jacksonville, Fla. (whose boundaries in 1970 are coterminous with Duval County) and Nashville, Tenn. (whose boundaries are now coterminous with Davidson County). Indianapolis, Ind. annexed all parts of Marion County except for Beech Grove, Lawrence, Speedway, and Southport, whose combined 1960 population amounted to 31,600 out of a county total of 698,000. For these three cities (Jacksonville, Nashville, and Indianapolis), 1960 data are presented in terms of their 1970 bound-

aries. Data from the 1960 census for Duval and Davidson Counties were substituted for Jacksonville and Nashville cities as they were defined at the time of the 1960 census. Indianapolis was also considered to be coterminous with Marion County as the effect of including the four places listed above was not great enough to require a special adjustment.

EXTENDED CITIES

A number of cities contain territory essentially rural in character. The classification of all the inhabitants and housing of such cities as urban would include in the urban category persons and housing units in areas primarily rural in character. The Census Bureau therefore established certain rules to identify such cities-which are designated as "extended cities"-and to separate each into its urban and rural portions. As a concomitant of this approach, when an extended city is the central city of an SMSA, most of the 1970 census reports show only the urban portion as the central city. In the present report, however, the entire (or "legal") city is shown as the central city because the focus here is on comparisons with 1960, and this type of delineation was not made in 1960. The effect of annexation of these extended cities, which can be especially great, is shown in a text table, where appropriate.

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS

In view of the special importance of the metropolitan complexes around New York and Chicago, the Nation's two largest cities, several contiguous SMSA's and additional counties that do not appear to meet the formal integration criteria but do have strong interrelationships of other kinds have been combined into the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas, respectively. The former consists of Middlesex and Somerset Counties in New Jersey and the following SMSA's: New York, Newark, Jersey City, and Paterson-Clifton-Passaic. The latter consists of the following SMSA's: Chicago and Gary-Hammond-East Chicago.

Population

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1 of the census years 1960 and 1970.

Race.—The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau does not denote clear-cut scientific definitions of biological stock. Rather it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1960 and 1970 censuses obtained information on race principally through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves. For persons of mixed parentage who are in doubt as to their classification, the race of the person's father is used. Persons of Mexican or Puerto Rican birth

or ancestry who do not identify themselves as of a race other than white (e.g., American Indian, Negro, etc.) are classified as white. In the three-category grouping shown in this report, the "other" category consists of all races except white or Negro, i.e., American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Eskimo, etc.

1970 age-race data taken from the published PC(V2) Series of Advance Population Reports were available for two major population groups: "Total" and "Negro". In presenting comparable age-race statistics for SMSA's and their component parts in the present series of reports. however, race is classified as "white" and "Negro and other races." This is the classification employed in the 1960 census, except that "nonwhite" was the term used for "Negro and other races," It has been kept in two tables of this series (tables 3 and 4) either because of the difficulty or inadvisability of substituting "Negro" only for the broader "nonwhite" classification. As an example of one of the difficulties encountered in making this substitution, it was found that 1960 age detail by race could not be reproduced for the Negro population of counties or county substitutes, which are the building blocks of SMSA's. Unpublished 1970 age detail for "other races" was available, however, to construct a "Negro and other races" age distribution which could then be directly compared with the 1960 race classification.

A more detailed comparison of 1960 and 1970 age-race data can be made for certain of the largest cities. The 1960 age distribution of white, Negro, and other races appears in the 1960 Census volumes for all cities of 100,000 total population or more. For each such city which did not experience boundary changes between 1960 and 1970, a comparison of age detail for the three race groups can be made. A special text table has been prepared to show age distributions of "Negro" population and "Other races" where such information may be of particular interest, as for example in cities which had over 10,000 Negroes in 1960 and in cities which had approximately equal numbers of both race groupings in 1960.

Components of Change.—The components of population change shown in table 3—births, deaths, and net migration—are estimates. As such they are subject to certain limitations unlike the census counts contained in the tables of this report. The estimates are based on reported births and deaths by place of residence, 1960 through 1968, compiled and published by the Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics. Since no vital statistics were readily available for 1969 and the first 3 months of 1970, they were extrapolated using a factor of 1.25 times the average of years 1967-68. Births and deaths were then summed to totals for the decade. Births were corrected by color for underregistration, using factors derived from the

National Center's birth registration test of 1950. As a final step, both births and deaths were adjusted to be consistent with independent State estimates for the decade.

Vital statistics by race were not reported for counties where less than 10 percent of the total population were members of Negro and other races or which had populations of less than 10,000 belonging to these races. These counties are not included in the metropolitan-nonmetropolitan summaries for the State nor for the individual SMSA's when shown by race.

The estimate of net migration was derived as a residual by the following formula: Net Migration = Net Change — Births + Deaths: As a residual value, however, the net migration component reflects the net effect of any errors in the data used, such as differential undercount in the 1960 and 1970 censuses, boundary changes, improper allocation of births and deaths by place of residence, and many others.¹

At the county level very few significant boundary modifications are made. Many cities have annexed territory during the past decade, however, and the shifts resulting from annexation are thrown into the migration component. Special attention is given in the text to the effect of boundary changes on the net migration component for central cities.

Housing

Housing units and group quarters.—All living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inven-

tory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters is not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—In 1970, data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units—all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use—because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for the remaining types of units, i.e., units reported as vacant at the time of the census and intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor.

In 1960, housing characteristics were provided for all units, including vacant seasonal and vacant migratory units

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household consists of all persons who occupy a housing unit

Population and persons.—"Population in housing units" is the total population less those persons living in group quarters. "Population per occupied unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units; this is also computed separately for the population in owner and in renter occupied units. The caption "Persons" refers to the number of persons occupying the housing unit; the data show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Race.—The classification by race used in the housing table refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the housing unit. Figures on tenure for 1970 are given separately for all households and for Negro heads of households; for 1960, the tenure figures relate to all households and to household heads of "Negro and other races" (excluding white heads of households). In the 1960 census, the term "nonwhite" was used for Negro and other races. Data on change (1960 to 1970) are shown only when the population data by race indicate that the number of Negro households in 1960

¹ For a more detailed discussion of the types of errors which affect estimates of net migration derived in this manner, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23 No. 7, pages 13 and 14.

constituted a sufficiently large proportion of household heads of Negro and other races to permit meaningful comparison.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classifed as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is entirely occupied by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere. New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "yearround." The latter are units which, although vacant at the time of enumeration, are usually occupied or are intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as a year-round unit. Units used only occasionally throughout the year are also considered year-round units.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "For sale only," and "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. All other year-round vacant units are included in the total and may be derived by subtracting the sum of the vacant units "for sale only" and "for rent" from the total. Other year-round vacant units include units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units held off the market for other reasons.

Homeowner vacancy rate.—The homeowner vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for sale as a percent of the total homeowner inventory, i.e., all owner-occupied units and year-round vacant units for sale. In 1960, the homeowner vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for sale, i.e., year-round vacant units for sale in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rental vacancy rate.—The rental vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for rent as a percent of the total rental inventory, i.e., all renteroccupied units and all year-round vacant units for rent. In 1960, the rental vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for rent, i.e., year-round vacant units for rent in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Units in structure.—Statistics on the number of housing units in a structure are presented in terms of one-family houses, number of units in multiunit structures, and mobile homes or trailers.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

For 1960, data on plumbing facilities were derived from information on number of bathrooms. Data for units with all plumbing facilities and with 1.01 or more persons per room are not available from the 1960 reports. Similarly, 1960 data on plumbing facilities are not available by race.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner occupied" means that in 1970 the value data are limited to owner occupied, one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

In 1960 in rural territory, units on farms and all units on places of 10 or more acres (whether farm or nonfarm) were excluded from the value tabulations. In 1970, all units on 10 or more acres are excluded, urban as well as rural; consequently the 1970 value tabulations include farm units of less than 10 acres and exclude units in urban areas on 10 or more acres.

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter occupied" means that in 1970 the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

The 1960 rent tabulations excluded farm units and vacant units on 10 or more acres in rural areas. In 1970, all one-family houses on 10 or more acres, whether occupied or vacant and whether urban or rural, are excluded from the rent tabulations.

SOURCES OF DATA

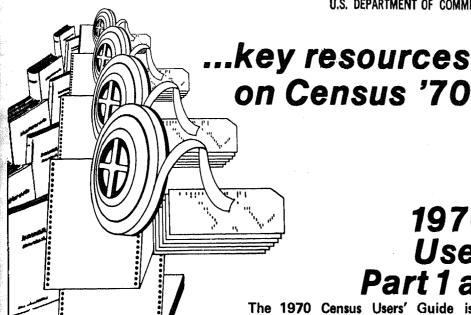
The basic 1970 population and housing data contained in the statistical tables of this series were obtained from

the Advance Reports on Population, PC(V1) and PC(V2), and Housing, HC(V1), issued by the Bureau of the Census for individual States. Certain data on characteristics from those reports are subject to change in the 1970 census PC(1)-B Final Reports on Population and HC(1)-A Final Reports on Housing being issued for States during the spring and summer of 1971.

The PHC(2) Series also contains parallel statistics for 1960, available from published Census sources. 1960 statistics referring to SMSA's have been adjusted to conform to 1970 area definitions. Population and housing characteristics of SMSA's formed during the decade have been reconstructed as of 1960 to complete the comparison with 1970 areas. The source of information regarding criteria for establishment of new SMSA's as well as intercensal adjustments in SMSA boundaries is the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Publications of the National Center for Health Statistics were used to develop components of population change. In some cases, supplementary vital statistics were obtained from State health departments.

Some unpublished data from the 1960 Census of Housing were utilized. For those SMSA's which underwent boundary changes from 1960 to 1970, it was necessary to develop a tabulated reprint of 1960 contract rent data on a county basis.



1970 Census Users' Guide Part 1 and Part 2

The 1970 Census Users' Guide is a two-part publication designed to furnish most of the information data users will need for effective access and use of 1970 census data products.

Part 1 of the Guide (standard, paper-bound publication) includes the text and three appendixes. The text covers such subjects as the collection and processing of 1970 data, data delivery media (computer tapes, microfilm, and printed materials), maps and information on how to obtain census materials. The appendixes are:

1970 Census Users' Dictionary - defines' concepts associated with population and housing tabulations and geographic areas relevant to the collection and publication of data,

Comparison of Printed Reports and Summary Tapes summarizes and compares the contents of the reports and tapes,

Glossary - defines many terms used in connection with collecting, processing, and publishing census data, and lists many abbreviations relevant to the census.

Part 2 of the Guide (prepunched for 3-ring binder) contains appendixes specifically related to the use of census summary tapes and the Address Coding Guide.

Technical Conventions and Character Set - present information on the physical characteristics, format, and languages associated with tapes released by the Bureau.

1st-4th Count Technical Documentation - describes the arrangement of geographic codes and census data on the first four series of summary tapes,

Address Coding Guide Technical Documentation - furnishes information on the format and content of ACG's.

Many data users will find both Parts 1 and 2 of great value. Part 1, with its comprehensive coverage of the decennial census program, data products, and related services, is an important instructional and reference tool. Part 2, concerned exclusively with computer tape products, is designed particularly for those who plan to obtain tapes or who want complete information on the data content of the summary tapes.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/Bureau of the Census

PHC(2)-13

HAWAII

FINAL REPORT

General Demographic Trends for Metropolitan Areas, 1960 to 1970

(This series consists of 52 reports—number 1 for the United States and numbers 2 thru 52 for the States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order rather than order of publication.)

This publication is one of a series of 1970 census reports concerned mainly with population and housing trends in metropolitan areas from 1960 to 1970. The main body of the report consists of an analytical text, a statistical section containing four tables on population characteristics and one on housing characteristics, and an appendix presenting technical definitions and explanations. A map showing 1960-70 population change by county appears on page 2 and a detailed table of contents is on page 3.

The statistics presented here are drawn largely from the 1970 census Advance Reports PC(V2) and HC(V1) for this State. These two reports, which were published several months ago, provide population and housing statistics, respectively, for each standard metropolitan statistical area, place of 10,000 inhabitants or more, and county in the State. Additional data on the subjects covered here appear in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A Final Reports for this State.

An outline of the publication program for the 1970 Census of Population and Housing can be obtained free of charge from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233, or any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office.

Population Change for Counties: 1960 to 1970 -10.0 or more € 0 to −9.9 HONOLULU Data derived from table 3 Percent change +13.3 or more Places of 100,000 or more inhabitants Places of 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants outside SMSA's 0 to +13.2 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) LEGEND HAWAII PRINCIPAL ISLANDS • o

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PHC(2)-13

HAWAII

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Analytical Text

POPULATION TRENDS

General

Between 1960 and 1970 the total population of Hawaii grew by 136,000 persons, from 633,000 to 769,000, an increase of 21.5 percent over the population living in the State in 1960. This growth was highly concentrated in Hawaii's single SMSA, Honolulu, which accounted for 94 percent of the total intercensal population increase of the State (table A). At the time of both censuses, about four out of five persons in Hawaii lived in the SMSA. In the nation as a whole, two out of three persons are residents of metropolitan areas.

The rapid growth of the Honolulu SMSA between 1960 and 1970 was largely due to increases in the population of the suburban ring. While the suburban

population grew by 98,000 persons, or by 48 percent, the population of the central city increased by 31,000 persons, or by 10 percent.

The total number of households in Hawaii in 1970 was 203,000, or 50,000 more than in 1960. The population living in households increased less rapidly than the rate at which new households were formed, however, with the result that average household size decreased, from 3.9 to 3.6 persons per unit.

The State has a large group quarters population (residents of military barracks, college dormitories, extended stay hospitals, and the like), consisting of 38,000 persons in 1970. More than 90 percent of this population is located in the Honolulu SMSA which is the site of University of Hawaii, several colleges, and the Pearl Harbor Naval Base. The growth and characteristics of Honolulu's suburbs in particular are affected by the

Table A. Population by Race and Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State Metropolitan and Non-	Populat	Char	ıge	Percent Distribution		
metropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	19 6 0
Total	768,561	632,772	135,789	21.5	100.0	100.0
Metropolitan residence	629,176	500,409	128,767	25.7	81.9	79.1
Inside central cities	324,871	294, 194	30,677	10.4	42.3	46.5
Outside central cities.	304,305	206,215	98,090	47.6	39.6	32.6
Nonmetropolitan residence	139,385	132,363	7,022	5.3	18.1	20.9
White	298,160	202,230	95,930	47.4	38.8	32.0
Metropolitan residence	259,519	178,861	80,658	45.1	33.8	28.3
Inside central cities	110,097	80,274	29,823	37.2	14.3	12.7
Outside central cities.	149,422	98,587	50,835	51.6	19.4	15.6
Nonmetropolitan residence	38,641	23,369	15,272	65.4	5.0	3.7
Negro and other races	470,401	430,542	39,859	9.3	66.2	68.0
Metropolitan residence	369,657	321,548	48,109	15.0	48.1	50.8
Inside central cities	214,774	213,920	854	0.4	27.9	33.8
Outside central cities.	154,883	107,628	47,255	43.9	20.2	17.0
Nonmetropolitan residence	100,744	108,994	-8,250	-7.6	13.1	17.2

resence of a large military population attached to the leval Base. In 1970, 9 percent of the total population of he suburban ring (26,000 persons) were residents of roup quarters, but there were in addition many military amilies living outside barracks.

Over the decade, Hawaii's white population grew with in size and as a proportion of the total populations of the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. In the donolulu SMSA, where the white growth rate was three times that of other races, whites increased as a proportion of total population, from 36 percent in 1960 to 41 percent in 1970. In the nonmetropolitan areas, there was a large percentage increase in the white population at the same time that there was a loss of population of other races; in these areas, the representation of whites was raised from 18 percent to 28 percent.

Hawaii's population growth in the 1960-70 decade was due primarily to natural increase and only to a minor degree to net inmigration (see table 3). Between 1960 and 1970, there was a very substantial excess of births over deaths amounting to 127,000, while net inmigration contributed only an additional 9,000 persons. Although all races contributed to the State's natural increase, the entire gain in population due to net inmigration was produced by the white population. White inmigration over the decade amounted to 58,000 persons, equivalent to 29 percent of the white population living in the State in 1960. At the same time, other races experienced a net outmigration of 49,000 persons, equivalent to 11 percent of their 1960 population.

Within the State, there was considerably more births than deaths during the decade in the SMSA and nonmetropolitan areas alike, but only one area grew as a result of net inmigration. The rapidly growing suburban ring of the Honolulu SMSA shows a net migratory gain of 41,000 persons of all races. The State's greatest migratory loss, on the other hand, was experienced by Honolulu city, which had a total net outmigration of 24,000 persons over the decade. The city's loss was the product of an extensive outmigration of races other than white (42,000) and a moderate white inmigration (17,000).

Changes in the age composition of Hawaii's population over the decade reflect the distinct migration experiences of the State's two racial groups and the greater tendency of young people to migrate. In the State as a whole, the white population—which grew greatly through net inmigration—over the decade became somewhat younger; but the population of other races—which suffered an extensive outmigration—is appreciably older now (see table 4).

In all areas of the State there were significant gains in populations 5 to 24 years of age and 45 years of age and over. While the increases at younger ages were produced mainly by the white population, other races contributed more to the growth of populations at older ages. These differences by race are noted particularly in Honolulu city.

Because of its large military component, the population of the Honolulu suburbs is predominantly youthful. In 1970, as well as in 1960, close to 60 percent of the suburban population was under 25 years of age, and only about 15 percent was 45 years of age and over. By contrast, a declining proportion of the central city population is under 25 years of age, and a sharply increasing proportion is 45 years old and over. In 1970, the central city population under 25 years of age comprised 45 percent of the total, but the population 45 and over accounted for nearly 30 percent of the city's population.

Counties

Hawaii's four counties are Kauai (30,000 population), Maui (46,000 population), Hawaii (63,000 population), and the metropolitan county of Honolulu (629,000 population). Between 1960 and 1970 each county had an increase in population, ranging from 3.5 percent in Hawaii County to 25.7 percent in Honolulu County.

Although the white populations of the three non-metropolitan counties are comparatively small, comprising 30 percent or less of county totals in 1970, white population growth is responsible for the entire intercensal increase of these counties. While the populations of races other than white declined by 5 to 10 percent over the decade, the white populations grew rapidly, by 50 to 70 percent.

In all counties both racial groups had more births than deaths during the decade. The great variation in patterns of population change by race was produced by net migration. White population growth in the non-metropolitan counties was overwhelmingly due to inmigration. Net inmigration rates for this population amounted to 45 percent in Kauai County, 68 percent in Maui County, and 64 percent in Hawaii County. At the same time, races other than white suffered large population losses as a result of net outmigration equivalent in the nonmetropolitan counties to 17 percent to 22 percent of their 1960 populations.

HOUSING

General

Between 1960 and 1970 the total supply of housing units in Hawaii increased faster than population. While housing units increased by 50,600 or 31 percent, the population grew by 136,000 or 22 percent (table B). Similarly, the number of households increased at a greater rate than the population, resulting in lower average household size.

Housing trends in Hawaii, like population trends, are dominated by the Honolulu SMSA, which contains four-fifths of the State's housing stock. During the decade, about 96 percent (48,400) of Hawaii's housing increase occurred in the SMSA.

Almost two-thirds of the housing in Hawaii consisted of one-unit structures. In both the metropolitan and nometropolitan areas, however, multiunit structures increased at much faster rates. The proportion of housing units in multiunit structures accordingly increased from 32 percent to 41 percent in the Honolulu SMSA and from 5 to 10 percent in the nonmetropolitan areas.

The size of housing units increased slightly between 1960 and 1970. The median number of rooms rose from 4.4 to 4.5 in the Honolulu SMSA and from 4.7 to 4.8 in the nonmetropolitan areas.

Households were smaller in 1970 than in 1960. In the Honolulu SMSA, the median number of persons per housing unit declined from 3.7 in 1960 to 3.3 in 1970, and in the nonmetropolitan areas of the State from 3.4 persons in 1960 to 3.2 in 1970. The number of one- and two-person households in the Honolulu SMSA increased by 66 percent and 77 percent, respectively; in the

nonmetropolitan areas two-person households showed the greatest increase, 47 percent.

Number of persons per room is often used as a measure of crowding. In Hawaii, the total number of housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room increased slightly during the decade, while the proportion of such units decreased noticeably. In 1960, 27 percent of all occupied housing units in the Honolulu SMSA and 21 percent of all occupied housing units in nonmetropolitan areas had 1,01 or more persons per room. By 1970, the proportion of such units decreased to 20 percent for both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas (table C). Although the number of housing units with 1.01 or more persons per room increased by 3 percent in both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas, the number of units with 1.51 or more persons per room showed a marked increase of 18 percent in the SMSA and a 33-percent increase in nonmetropolitan areas.

Less than half (47 percent) of Hawaii's housing was owner-occupied in 1970. Large increases in homeownership occurred over the decade, however. In the Honolulu SMSA, there was an increase of 55 percent in the number of owner-occupied units, and of nearly 40 percent in the nonmetropolitan areas. Renter-occupied units in the nonmetropolitan areas decreased by 2,800 units, or 14 percent, but in the metropolitan area increased by almost 30 percent.

Property values and rents increased markedly in the last decade. The median value of owner-occupied homes for the Honolulu SMSA increased by 64 percent from \$23,200 in 1960 to \$38,100 in 1970 while in the nonmetropolitan areas, value more than doubled, from \$11,700 to \$24,600.

Table B. Housing Units by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

The State		_	Popula-		
Metropolitan and	Tota	1	Chan	tion	
Nonmetropolitan Residence	1970	1960	Number	Percent	percent change
Total	216,170	165,506	50,579	30.6	21.5
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	174,170 103,002 71,168 41,915	125,795 80,758 45,037 39,711	48,375 22,244 26,131 2,204	38.5 27.5 58.0 5.6	25.7 10.4 47.6 5.3

In the SMSA, median contract rent in 1970 was 81 percent higher than in 1960, rising from \$72 to \$130. In the nonmetropolitan areas, rent doubled in the 10-year period, from \$24 to \$47.

Value and rent are expressed in current dollars (the value at the time of the respective censuses). Thus, any comparison must take into account the general rise in the cost of living during the 10-year period as well as changes in the characteristics of the housing inventory.

Honolulu SMSA

Within the Honolulu SMSA, the overall supply of housing grew twice as fast relatively in the suburbs as in the central city. The housing supply of the central city increased by 22,200 units, or 28 percent; housing in the suburbs increased by 26,100 units, or 58 percent. In 1970, 59 percent of the SMSA's housing was in the central city, compared with 64 percent in 1960.

The number of households and the population living in them grew at different rates over the decade. While the number of households in Honolulu city increased by 27 percent during the decade, population living in households grew by only 10 percent. In the suburbs, households increased 64 percent and the population in them 56 percent. Population per household decreased as a result; in the city of Honolulu, average household size declined from 3.7 to 3.2 persons, while in the suburbs, it declined less, from 4.3 to 4.1 persons.

The number of housing units in multiunit structures increased far more rapidly in both the central city and in the suburbs than one-unit structures. Units in multiunit

structures increased by more than half (58 percent) in the central city and almost tripled in the suburban ring. In contrast, one-unit structures increased by 4 percent in the city and 40 percent in the suburbs.

The median number of rooms increased from 4.7 to 5.0 in the suburbs, but decreased from 4.1 to 4.0 in the city. The largest increases in the city were noted in housing units having only one and two rooms (56 percent), while in the suburbs by far the largest increases were in units having six or more rooms, which more than doubled over the decade.

Between 1960 and 1970 the number of housing units having 1.01 or more persons per room declined in the city of Honolulu by 2,000 units, or 10 percent. In the suburban ring, by contrast, there was a 25-percent increase in the number of units so occupied (2,900 units), and a still greater relative increase in housing units having 1.51 or more persons per room. The proportion of all housing units represented by units with 1.01 or more persons per room nonetheless declined over the decade in both the suburbs and in the city (table C).

There is a trend toward more homeownership in both areas. In 1970, approximately 41 percent of the city's housing and 51 percent of suburban housing were owner-occupied. In 1960, the corresponding homeownership rates were 39 percent and 44 percent, respectively.

Both value of property and contract rent showed large increases between 1960 and 1970, particularly in the central city. Median value of owner-occupied housing in Honolulu city increased by 73 percent, from \$25,000 in 1960 to \$43,200 in 1970. In the suburbs, value of

Table C. Plumbing Facilities and Persons Per Room by Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence: 1970 and 1960

	Percent of housing units							
The State Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence	Lacking some		With 1.01 or more persons per room 1					
	1970 ²	1960 ³	1970	1960				
Total	5.6	16.8	19.9	25.7				
Metropolitan residence Inside central cities Outside central cities Nonmetropolitan residence	3.3 3.7 2.7 15.0	9.4 9.2 9.9 40.1	19.9 19.0 21.2 19.9	27.1 26.7 27.8 21.1				

¹Percent of all occupied units.

²Percent of all year-round housing units.

³Percent of all housing units.

housing increased by 64 percent during the decade, from \$20,500 to \$33,700. There was a much greater concentration of units at upper price levels. In 1970, 70 percent of owner-occupied housing in the city was valued at \$35,000 or more, compared with 23 percent in 1960. In the suburbs in 1970, 45 percent of owner-occupied housing units reported values of \$35,000 or more; in 1960 the corresponding proportion was 10 percent. Contract rent increased even faster than value in Honolulu city, almost doubling over the decade, from

\$70 to \$132. In the suburbs, contract rent increased by 62 percent.

The homeowner vacancy rate for the Honolulu SMSA increased over the decade (1.4 percent for 1970 and 1.1 percent for 1960). These rates represent an increase in the city (0.9 and 1.6) and a decrease in the suburbs (1.5 to 1.2). Similarly rental vacancy rates increased from 4.1 to 4.5 percent for the SMSA representing an increase in the city (3.6 to 4.9) and a decrease in the suburbs (5.1 to 3.9).

DEFINITIONS, EXPLANATIONS, AND SOURCES OF DATA FOLLOW THE TABLES.

Table 1. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race: 1970 and 1960

[For meaning of symbols, see text]

Standard Metropolitan Statistical	SMSA's		Inside central	city	Outside central city		
Area	1970	1960	1970	1960	1970	1960	
POPULATION							
Total (Honolulu SMSA)1 White	629,176 259,519 7,388 362,269	500,409 178,861 4,878 316,670	324,871 110,097 2,400 212,374	294,194 80,274 1,319 212,601	304,305 149,422 4,988 149,895	206,216 98,587 3,559 104,069	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Total (Honolulu SMSA)	100.0 41.2 1.2 57.6	100.0 35.7 1.0 63.3	100.0 33.9 0.7 65.4	100.0 27.3 0.4 72.3	100.0 49.1 1.6 49.3	100.0 47.8 1.7 50.5	

Table 2. Population of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas and Constituent Counties: 1970 and 1960

[For meaning of symbols, see text]

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Popula	tion	Change			
Constituent County	1970	1960	Number	Percent		
TOTAL POPULATION Honolulu SMSA (Honolulu County)	629,176	500,409	128,787	25 .7		
NEGRO POPULATION						
Honolulu SMSA (Honolulu County)	7,388	4,878.	2,510	51.5		

¹Subsequent to the running of these tabulations, there was a revision incolving an addition of 1,342 to Honolulu County, resulting in a revised SMSA total of 630,528.

Table 3. Components of Population Change by Race: 1970 and 1960

[Detail by race shown where available; for meaning of symbols, see text]

The State	Populat	ion	Change		C	omponents of	change	
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area							Net migra	alion
Counties	1970	1960	Number	Percent	Births	Deaths	Number	Percent.
THE STATE								Ì
Total Population	768,561 298,160 470,401	632,772 202,230 430,542	135,789 95,930 39,859	21.5 47.4 9.3	163,728 48,791 114,937	37,209 11,167 26,042	9,270 58,306 ~49,036	1.5 28.6 -11.4
Metropolitan residence	629,176 324,871 304,305 139,385	500,409 294,194 206,215 132,363	128,767 30,677 98,090 7,022	25.7 10.4 47.6 5.3	139,054 72,801 66,253 24,674	26,966 17,727 9,239 10,243	16,679 -24,397 41,076 -7,409	3.3 -8.3 19.9 -5.6
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA								
Honolulu: Total Population Inside central city White Inside central city Outside central city Outside central city	629,176 324,871 304,305 259,519 110,097 149,422	500,409, 294,194 206,215 178,861 80,274 98,587	128,767 30,677 98,090 80,658 29,823 50,835	25.7 10.4 47.6 45.1 37.2 51.6	139,054 72,801 66,253 45,868 18,345 27,523	26,966 17,727 9,239 8,955 5,849 3,106	16,679 -24,397 41,076 43,745 17,327 26,418	3.3 -8.3 19.9 24.5 21.6 28.6
Negro and other races Inside central city Outside central city	369,657 214,774 154,883	321,548 213,920 107,628	48,109 854 47,255	15.0 0.4 43.9	93,186 54,456 38,730	18,011 11,678 6,133	-27,066 -41,724 14,658	-8.4 -19.5 13.6
COUNTIES Hawaii	63,468 45,170 629,176 369,657 29,761 22,028 48,156 33,546	61,332 50,430 500,409 321,548 28,176 23,074 42,855 35,490	2,136 -5,260 128,767 48,109 1,585 -1,046 3,301 -1,944	3.5 -10.4 25.7 15.0 5.6 -4.5 7.7	11,068 9,595 139,054 93,186 5,474 4,719 8,132 7,147	4,888 3,830 28,966 18,011 2,175 1,773 3,180 2,464	-4,044 -11,025 16,679 -27,066 -1,714 -3,992 -1,651 -6,627	-0.0 -11.7 -0.1 -0.1 -13.0 -18.1

^{*}Subsequent to the running of these tabulations, there was a revision involving an addition of 1,342 to Honolulu County resulting in a revised State total of 769,913.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960

(For meaning of symbols, see tex	ť	ex	t	see	s.	/mbo i	S	٥f	'nρ	meani	For	ſ
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•	LFor inealiting of Sy	ining of symbols, see text						Change		
The State	Populati	on	Change		Populati		Change			
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	Number	Percent		
Statistical Area		THE ST	ATE			HONOLULU S	MBA			
TOTAL POPULATION										
All ages ¹	768,561	632,772	135,789	21.5	629,176	500,409	128,767	25.1		
Under 5 years	70,811	80,962	-10,151	-12.5	58,701	66,113	-7,412	-11.3 22.0		
5 to 14 years	159,648	136,796	22,852	16.7)	130,120	106,134	23,986	48.		
15 to 24 years	153,398	105,427	47,971	45.5	132,008	88,844	43,164	13.		
25 to 44 years	202,621	183,092	19,529	10.7	171,021	150,457	20,564 36,664	52.		
45 to 64 years	137,967	97,333	634,04	41.7	105,941	69,277	11,801	60.		
65 years and over	44,116	29,162	14,954	51.3	31,385	19,584	11,001	•••		
WHITE POPULATION										
All ages	298,160	202,230	95,930	47.4	259,519	178,861	80,688	45. 6.		
Under 5 years	28,709	25,754	2,955	11.5	24,887	23,380	1,507	63.		
5 to 14 years	60,796	37,055	23,741	64.1	52,550	32,232	20,318	59.		
15 to 24 years	70,294	43,169	27,125	62.8	63,685	40,014	23,671	30.		
25 to 44 years	82,884	62,903	19,981	31.8	73,398	56,357	17,041	67.		
45 to 64 years	43,350	26,030	17,320	66.5	35,478	21,184	14,294	67.		
65 years and over	12,127	7,319	4,808	65.7	9,521	5,694	3,827	071		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES										
All ages	470,401	430,542	39,859	9.3	369,657	321,548	48,109	15. -20.		
Under 5 years	42,102	55,208	-13,106	-23.7	33,814	42,733	-8,919			
5 to 14 years	98,852	99,741	-889	-0.9	77,870	73,902	3,668	5.		
15 to 24 years	83,104	62,258	20,846	33.5.	68,323	48,830	19,493	39, 3.		
25 to 44 years	119,737	120,189	-452	-0.4	97,623	94,100	3,523	46		
45 to 64 years	94,617	71,303	23,314	32.7	70,463	48,093	22,370	57		
65 years and over	31,989	21,843	10,146	46.4.	21,864	13,890	7,974			
		INSIDE CENT	TRAL CITY			OUTSIDE CENT	RAL CITY			
TOTAL POPULATION	ļ	ļ		1						
All ages	324,871	294,194	30,677	10.4	304,305	206,215	98,090	47.		
Under 5 years	26,450	35,902	-9,452	-26.3	32,251	30,211	2,040	6.		
5 to 14 years	56,179	60,271	-4,092	-6.8	73,941	45,863	28,078	61.		
15 to 24 years	65,253	45,803	19,450	42.5	66,755	43,041	23,714	55.		
25 to 44 years	87,278	89,301	-2,023	~2.3	83,743	61,156	22,587	36.		
45 to 64 years	67,450	48,676	18,774	38.6	38,491	20,601	17,890	86.		
65 years and over	22,261	14,241	8,020	56.3	9,124	5,343	3,781	70.		
WHITE POPULATION										
A3.1	110 007	80 924	29,823	37.2	149,422	98,587	50,835	51.		
All ages		80,274 9,595	29,823 -599	-6.2	15,891	13,785	2,100	15.		
Under 5 years		13,677	4,072	29.8	34,801	18,555	16,246	87.		
5 to 14 years		13,305	10,965	82.4	39,415	26,709	12,708	47.		
25 to 44 years		25,130	6,367	25.3	41,901	31,227	10,674	34.		
45 to 64 years		14,218	6,418	45.1	14,842	6,966	7,876	113.		
65 years and over		4,349	2,600	59.8	2,572	1,345	1,227	91.		
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES										
All ages	214,774	213,920	854	0.4	154,883	107,628	47,255	43,		
Under 5 years		26,307	-8,853	-33.7	16,360	16,426	-66	-0.		
5 to 14 years		46,594	-8,164	-17.5	39,140	27,308	11,832	43.		
15 to 24 years		32,498	8,485	26.1	27,340	16,332	11,008	67.		
25 to 44 years		64,171	-8,390	-13.1	41,842	29,929	11,913	39.		
45 to 64 years		34,458	12,356	35.9	23,649	13,635	10,014	73, 63,		
65 years and over		9,892	5,420	54.8,	6,552	3,998	2,554	63.		
	L			1			a section of the section	TOTAL STREET		

¹Subsequent to the running of these tabulations, there was a revision involving an addition of 1,342 to Honolulu County resulting in a revised State total of 769,913.

Table 4. Population Inside and Outside Central Cities by Race and Age: 1970 and 1960-Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see text]

The State	Populati	on	Char)ge
Standard Metropolitan	1970	1960	Number	Percent
Statistical Areas		NONMETROPOLIT	AN RESIDENCE	
TOTAL POPULATION				
All ages	139,385 12,110 29,528 21,390 31,600 32,026 12,731	132,363 14,849 30,662 16,583 32,635 28,056 9,578	7,022 -2,739 -1,134 4,807 -1,035 3,970 3,153	5,3 -18.4 -3.7 29.0 -3.2 14.2 32.9
WHITE POPULATION				
All ages	38,641 3,822 8,246 6,609 9,486 7,872 2,606	23,369 2,374 4,823 3,155 6,546 4,846 1,625	15,272 1,448 3,423 3,454 2,940 3,026 981	65.4 61.0 109.5 44.9 62.4 60.4
NEGRO AND OTHER RACES			ļ	
All ages	100,744 8,288 21,282 14,781 22,114 24,154 10,125	108,994 12,475 25,839 13,428 26,089 23,210 7.953	-8,250 -4,187 -4,557 1,353 -3,975 944 2,172	-7.6 -33.8 -17.6 10.1 15.2 4.1 27.3

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960

	01 (11111111111111111111111111111111111	The State		1	Metropoli	tan residenc	e	Nonmetropol	tan residenc	е
The State		1110 01011								Per
Standard Metropolitan		<u> </u>	Chan	ge			Per-			cent
Statistical Area	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1970	1960	change	1970	1960	change
i							٠, .	41,915	39,711	5.6
All housing units	216,085 188	1,541	50,579 -1,353	30.8 -87.8	174,170 63	125,795 675	38.5 -90.7	125	866	-85.6
Vacant-seasonal and migratory. ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS		163,965	51,932	31.7	174,107	125,120	39.2	41,790	38,845	7.6
POPULATION	•								404 404	4.4
Population in housing units		595,983	134,112	22.5 -7.7	593,129 3.6	464,802 3.9	27.6 -7.7	136,966 3.6	131,181 3.7	4.4
Per occupied unit	3.6 4.0	3.9	-0,3 -0,4	-9.1	4.0	4.4	-9.1	(na)	4.1	[
Renter	3.3	3.6	-0,3	-8.3	3.3	3.6	-8.3	(NA)	3.4	• • • • •
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS			#0 00d	00 H	164,763	117,856	39.8	38,325	35,208	8.9
All occupied units	203,088 95,271	153,064 62,937	50,024 32,334	32.7 51.4	74,184	47,810	55.2	21,087	15,127	39.4
Percent owner	46.9	41.1	• • • •		45.0	40,6 70,046	29.3	55.0 17,238	43.0 20,081	-14.2
Renter	107,817 1,618	90,127 98,117	17,690	19.6	90,579	69,746	111	55	28,371	
Owner	184	44,563	• • •	• • •	172	32,869	• • •	12 21.8	11,694 41.2	
Percent owner	11.4	45.4 53,554			11.0	47.1 36,877		43	16,677	
Renter Vacant year-round units	1,434 12,809	10,901	1,908	17.5	9,344	7,264	28.6	3,465 159	3,637 160	-4.7 -0.5
For sale only	1,211	691	520	75 :3	1,052	531 1.1	98,1	0.7	1.0	
Homeowner vacancy rate	1.3 5,064	1.1 3,823	1,241	32.5	4,305	2,980	44.5	759	843 4.0	-10.0
Rental vacancy rate	4.5	4.1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***	4.5	4.1	• • • •	4.2	4.0	•••
ROOMS		n= -15		43.2	26,794	17,243	55.4	3,493	3,903	-10.5
1 and 2 rooms	30,287 28,063	21,146 19,584	9,141 8,479	43.2	23,696	15,857	49.4	4,367	3,727	17.2
4 rooms	43,527	42,373	1,154	2.7	34,846	33,041 35,125	5.5 22.0	8,681 15,371	9,332 13,603	-7.0 13.0
5 rooms 6 rooms	58,210 33,579	48,728 20,271	9,482	19.5 65.7	42,839 27,248	14,466	88.4	6,331	5,805	9,1
7 rooms or more	22,231	13,371	8,860	66.3	18,684	10,030	86.3	3,547	3,341 4.7	6.2 2.1
Median	4.6	4.5	0.1	2.2	4.5	4.4	2.3	1.0	•••	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	140,312	122,774	17,538	14.3	102,686	85,163	20.6	37,626	37,611	-
1 unit 2 units or more	75,393	42,591	32,802	77.0,		40,496 20	75,9 755.0	4,143	2,095 5	97.8 320.0
Mobile home or trailer	192	25	167	668.0	171	20	10010			
PLUMBING FACILITIES	203,856	137,574	66,282	48.2	168,334	113,792	47.9	35,522	23,782	49.4
With all plumbing facilities 1.01 or more persons per room		(NA)	(NA)		31,481	(AA) (AA)	• • •	6,371	(NA) (NA)	
Negro occupied	1,589	(AN) (AN)	(NA)		1,536 275	(NA)	• • • •	10	(NA)	• • • •
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking some or all plumbing	1	27,816	-15,775	-56.7	5,773	11,887	-51.4	1 .	15,929 (NA)	-60.7
Negro occupied		(na)	(NA)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	27	(NA)	• • • •	_	(*****)	
PERSONS	05 001	18,495	7,406	40.0	20,653	12,429	66.2	5,248	6,066	-13.5
1 person		27,425	19,170	69.9	37,088	20,936			6,489 10,615	46.5 16.3
3 and 4 persons	72,187	54,237				43,622 40,869			12,038	-6.8
5 persons or more		52,907 3.7	-0.4		1 '	3.7		3.2	3.4	-5,9
PERSONS PER ROOM	İ					05.040	53.5	30,697	787,782	1.0.5
1.00 or less	. 162,626	113,733			1	85,946 31,910		. L = 1000	7,421	2.8
1,01 or more	. 40,462	39,331	1,10.			·				
VALUE Specified owner occupied	. 84,665	56,105	28,560	50.9		43,079			13,026 5,091	
Less than \$10,000	2,908	7,449				2,358 3,677			3,772	-43.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999		7,449 000,11				8,737	-76.2	2 2,672	2,263 838	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	8,200	11,40	-3,20			10,563 10,038		200-21-	496	
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more		10,534 8,275				7,700	384.8	5,071	566 \$11,700	
Median	\$35,100	\$20,900			\$38,100	\$23,200	64,	2 \$24,600	ф1.100	
CONTRACT RENT		00.01	, ,,, ,,	p 10.	89,939	69,91	28.	6 16,684	19,305	
Specified renter occupied Less than \$40	. 106,623	89,216 23,54		0 -58.4	3,557	10,98	8 -67.	6 6,236	12,555 1,814	
\$40 to \$59	7,410	13,56	-6,15	5 -45.4	4 5,520	11,75 16.31	1 -53. 6 -58.		571	192.8
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	. 8,486	16,88 13,60				13,42		1 805	181	
\$100 to \$119	12,147	9,57			11,383		6 169.	0 764	106	1,000+
\$120 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	14,958	2,01			15.915		0 881.	931	. 37	1,000+
\$200 or more	14,498∫	3,06			13,816	0,0-		1 002)	4,041	-30.1
No cash rent	14,447	8,97 \$6	5 5,47 4 \$5	2 61.6 6 87.		4,93 \$7			\$24	95.8
Median	\$120	φο	<u>- 1 40</u>							

Table 5. General Housing Characteristics: 1970 and 1960—Continued

1	Lear minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols,						ouis, see ti				
The State		Honoiviu SM	AZI		Inside ce	entral city		Outside ce	entral city		
Standard Metropolitan			Chang	ge			Per-			Pei-	
Statistical Area	1970	1960	Number	Percent	1070	1000	change	1970	1960	cent change	
	1310	1200	HUMBEL	GICEIIC	1970	7,300	change	7310	1300	-manific	
All housing units	174,170	125,795	48,375	38.5	103,002	80,758	27.5	71,168	45,037	58.0	
Vacant—seasonal and migratory.	63	675	-612	-90.7	30	198	-84.8	33	477	-93.1	
ALL YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS	174,107	125,120	48,987	39.2	102,972	80,560	27.8	71,135	44,560	59.6	
POPULATION Population in housing units	593,129	464,802	128,327	27.6	314,726	286,178	10.0	278,403	178,624	55.9	
Per occupied unit	3.6	3.9	-0.3	-7.7	3,2	3.7	-13.5	4.1	4.3	-4.7	
Owner	4.0 3.3	4.4 3.6	-0.4 -0.3	-9.1	3.8 2.9	4.4 3.3	-13,6 -12,1	(na) (na)	(NA) (NA)		
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	3.3	3.0	-0.5	-6,	2,3	3,5	-12.1	(MA)	(nn.)		
All occupied units	164,763	117,856	46,907	39.8	97,228	76,675	26.8	67,535	41,181	64.0	
OwnerPercent owner	74,184 45.0	47,810 40.6	26,374	55.2	39,556 40.7	29,562 38.6	33.8	34,628 51,3	18,248 44.3	89.8	
Renter	90,579	70,046	20,533	29.3	57,672	47,113	22.4	32,907	22,933	43.5	
Negro occupied (nonwhite, 1960)	1,563	69,746	•••	••• }	682	49,571	••••	881	20,175		
Owner	172 11.0	32,869 47.1		•••	57 8.4	21,381 43.1	::: {	115 13.1	11,488 5 6. 9	- ::: \	
Renter	1,391	36,877	•••	}	625	28,190		766	8,687	:::	
Vacant year-round units	9,344 1,052	7,264 531	2,080 521	28.6 98.1	5,744 640	3,885 260	47.9	3,600 412	3,379 271	6.5 52.0	
Homeowner vacancy rate	1,4	1.1			1.6	0.9	•••	1.2	1.5	{	
For rent	4,305	2,980 4.1	1,325	44.5	2,970 4.9	1,737 3.6	71.0	1,335 3.9	1,243 5.1	7.4	
ROOMS	1	4.1	• • • •	•••	****	٥.0		J,2	0	- '	
1 and 2 rooms		17,243	9,551	55.4	22,893	14,679	56.0	3,901	2,564	52.1	
3 rooms 4 rooms	23,696 34,846	15,857	7,839	49.4	17,066	12,200	39.9	6,630	3,657	81.3	
5 rooms,	42,839	33,041 35,125	1,805 7,714	5.5 22.0	23,010 18,502	20,908 18,073	2.4	11,836 24,337	12,133 17,052	42.7	
6 rooms	27,248 18,684	14,466	12,782	88.4	11,408	7,815	46.0	15,840	6,651 2,976	138.2 188.7	
Median	4.5	10,030 4.4	8,654	86.3 2.3	10,093 4.0	7,054 4.1	43.1 -2.4	8,591 5.0	4.7	6.4	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			[į			į			l	
1 unit		85,163	17,523	20.6	47,864	45,903	4.3	54,822	39,260	39.6 183.4	
Mobile home or trailer		40,496 20	30,754	75.9 755.0	54,961 147	34,749 8	58.2 1,000+	16,289 24	5,747 12	100.0	
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1									į	
With all plumbing facilities		113,792	54,542	47.9	99,147	73,225	35.4	69,187	40,567 (NA)	70.5	
1.01 or more persons per room Negro occupied		(NA) (NA)			17,818 661	(NA) (NA)		13,663 875	(na) (na)	- :::	
1,01 or more persons per room	275	(na)	• • • •		117	(na)	••••	1,58	(na)	-56.2	
Lacking some or all plumbing Negro occupied		11,887 (NA)	-6,114	-51.4	3,825 21	7,435 (NA)	-48.6	1,948 6	4,452 (NA)	-30.4	
PERSONS	1	1/				()	Į	-			
1 person		12,429	8,224	66.2	17,172	10,396	65.2	3,481	2,033	71.2	
2 persons		20,936 43,622	16,152	77.1 37.2	25,235 32,990	14,854 27,449	69.9	11,853 26,847	6,082 16,173	94.9 66.0	
5 persons or more	47,185	40,869	6,316	15.5	21,831	23,976	-8.9	25,354	16,893	50.1	
Median	3.3	3.7	-0.4	-10.8	2.9	3.5	-17.1	3.9	4,1	-4.9	
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	131,929	85,946	45,983	53.5	78,722	56,197	40.1	53,207	29,749	78.9	
1.01 or more		31,910	924	2.9	18,506	20,478	-9.6	14,328	11,432	25.3	
VALUE			1							00.0	
Specified owner occupied Less than \$10,000		43,079 2,358	21,938	50.9 -65.7	31,606 249	25,692 869	23.0 -71.3	33,411 560	17,387 1,489	92.2 -62.4	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,003	3,677	-2,674		336	1,907		667	1,770	-62.3	
\$15,000 to \$19,999\$20,000 to \$24,999		8,737	-6,661	-76.2	790	4,225		1,286	4,512 4,722	-71.5 -28.5	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	18,755	10,563 10,038	-5,544 8,717	-52.5 86.8	1,641 6,357	5,841 6,896	-7.8	3,378 12,398	3,142	294.6	
\$35,000 or more	1	7,706	29,649		22,233	5,954	273.4	15,122	1,752 \$20,500	763.1 64.4	
CONTRACT RENT	\$38,100	\$23,200	\$14,900	64.2	\$43,200	\$25,000	72.8	\$33,700	000 ر دسې	0212	
Specified renter occupied		69,910	20,029		57,479	47,113		32,460	22,797	42,4	
Less than \$40\$40 to \$59		10,988 11,751	-7,431		1,350 3,784	7,313 8,421		2,207 1,736	3,675 3,330	-39.9 -47.9	
\$60 to \$79	6,814	16,316	-6,231 -9,502		4,893	12,274		1,921	4,042	-52.5	
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$119		13,425			5,465	8,143		1,768	5,282		
\$120 to \$149	14,077	9,466	15,994	169.0	7,224 9,890	5,240	226.6	4,159 4,187	4,226	97.5	
\$150 to \$199	15,915	3,030	26,701	881.2	11,080 }	2,288	796.2	4,835 }	742	1,000+	
\$200 or more		•	1	135.6	9,425 J 4,368	3,434		4,391 J 7,256	1,500	383.7	
Median		4,934 \$72	\$58		\$132	\$70	88.6	\$126	\$78	61.5	

Appendix

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

General

PERCENTS, MEDIANS, AND SYMBOLS

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are treated as zero. A dash "-" is the symbol used to signify zero. Three dots "..." indicate that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information, that the base for a median or rate is too small for it to be shown, or that the data were not comparable. A minus sign preceding a figure denotes decrease. The symbol "NA" means not available.

Medians are presented in the housing table of this report for several characteristics. Medians for rooms and persons are rounded to the nearest tenth, for value to the nearest hundred dollars, and for contract rent to the nearest dollar. The median is not shown if there are fewer than five housing units in the distribution. Similarly, population per housing unit is not shown if the base for this rate is less than five units.

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to 1790, each person enumerated in the 1970 census was counted as an inhabitant of his usual place of residence, which is generally construed to mean the place where he lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as his legal residence, voting residence, or domicile. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there may be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishing of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately clear. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be found by the census enumerators. Persons without a usual place of residence were, however, counted where they were enumerated.

As in every previous census, members of the Armed Forces living on military installations were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located. Similarly, members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Crews of U.S. Navy vessels were counted as residents of the home port to which the particular vessel was assigned; crews of vessels deployed to the overseas fleet were therefore not included in the population of any State or the District of

Columbia. Persons in Armed Forces families were counted where they were living on Census Day (e.g., the military installation, "offbase," or elsewhere, as the case might be).

Crews of U.S. merchant marine vessels were counted as part of the population of the U.S. port in which their vessel was berthed on Census Day; or if sailing in inland or coastal waters, either the port of departure or destination, depending on which the vessel was nearest on Census Day. Crews of all other U.S. merchant marine vessels are not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia.

College students, as in 1950 and 1960, were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college. Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where this institution was located; on the other hand, patients in general hospitals, who ordinarily remain for short periods of time, were counted at their homes. On the night of April 6, 1970, a special enumeration was performed in missions, flophouses, detention centers, etc., and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the particular place.

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) are not included in the population of any of the States or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, persons temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like, were counted at their usual residence.

Persons in larger hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1970, were requested to fill out a census form for allocation back to their homes if they indicated no one was there to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1970 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad.

In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, landladies, etc. If an entire family was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on it was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for a person who reported for himself while away from his usual residence and who was also reported at his usual residence by someone else.

BOUNDARIES

The data shown for 1970 relate to the boundaries of the areas as existed on January 1, 1970. As nearly as

possible, 1960 data for the same areas have been adjusted to conform to the 1970 definitions. However, it was not feasible to compile 1960 information for small pieces of territory transferred from one jurisdiction to another as a result of county and city boundary changes. Where such discrepancies exist note is made in table footnotes, "Extended cities" constitute a special boundary problem discussed below.

COUNTIES

The primary divisions of the States are, in general, termed counties, but in Louisiana these divisions are known as parishes. There are no counties in Alaska. In this State, data are shown for statistical areas which are county equivalents designated as census divisions; they were developed for general statistical purposes through the cooperation of the State and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS In this report statistics are shown for standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) except in some tables for New England States where the metropolitan State economic area or nearest equivalent whole county is substituted for the SMSA.

The population living in SMSA's is designated as the metropolitan population. This population is subdivided as "inside central city or cities" and "outside central city or cities." The latter area is frequently referred to in the text of this report as "suburbs" or "suburban ring." The population living outside SMSA's constitutes the non-metropolitan population.

The Bureau of the Census recognizes approximately 250 standard metropolitan statistical areas in the 1970 census. This number includes the 231 SMSA's (including three in Puerto Rico which are not covered in this series) as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Also included are two SMSA's as defined by the Bureau of the Budget in January 1968: Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss. and Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J. In addition, a number of SMSA's are being defined on the basis of the results from the 1970 Census.

Except in New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county, or counties, containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In a few cities where portions of

counties outside the SMSA as defined in 1967 were annexed to the central city, the population living in those counties is not considered part of the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For the complete description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

STATE ECONOMIC AREAS

For the New England metropolitan areas represented in some of the tables of these reports, the SMSA has been replaced by the metropolitan State economic area (SEA) (see U.S. Census of Population, 1960, State Economic Areas, PC(3)1A.) Where a metropolitan SEA has not been defined, the nearest equivalent county has been used. State summaries by metropolitan and nonmetropolitan residence will, therefore, be found to vary according to whether the information contained in the tables was available for SMSA's directly or for counties only. Population tables 2,3, and 4 contain metropolitan SEA totals, while Housing table 5 shows SMSA totals. Under both systems, figures for central cities are the same.

ANNEXATIONS

A problem of definition exists with respect to some of the central cities shown in these reports. This problem arises as a consequence of annexations of territory made by cities during the 1960-70 decade. Most often, detailed population and housing characteristics from the 1960 census could not be reproduced for the annexed areas. 1960 data shown for central cities in the tables of this report thus relate to those cities as defined at the time of that census, and 1970 data refer to cities as they were defined for the 1970 census.

To clarify the impact of annexation on population change for central cities, a text table has been prepared. It shows 1970 population in current boundaries and within 1960 boundaries for central cities which annexed population. Population change within a consistently defined area, that is, excluding the effect of annexation, can then be obtained.

Since 1960, two cities have annexed the entire county in which they were located: Jacksonville, Fla. (whose boundaries in 1970 are coterminous with Duval County) and Nashville, Tenn. (whose boundaries are now coterminous with Davidson County). Indianapolis, Ind. annexed all parts of Marion County except for Beech Grove, Lawrence, Speedway, and Southport, whose combined 1960 population amounted to 31,600 out of a county total of 698,000. For these three cities (Jacksonville, Nashville, and Indianapolis), 1960 data are presented in terms of their 1970 bound-

aries. Data from the 1960 census for Duval and Davidson Counties were substituted for Jacksonville and Nashville cities as they were defined at the time of the 1960 census. Indianapolis was also considered to be coterminous with Marion County as the effect of including the four places listed above was not great enough to require a special adjustment.

EXTENDED CITIES

A number of cities contain territory essentially rural in character. The classification of all the inhabitants and housing of such cities as urban would include in the urban category persons and housing units in areas primarily rural in character. The Census Bureau therefore established certain rules to identify such cities-which are designated as "extended cities"—and to separate each into its urban and rural portions. As a concomitant of this approach, when an extended city is the central city of an SMSA, most of the 1970 census reports show only the urban portion as the central city. In the present report, however, the entire (or "legal") city is shown as the central city because the focus here is on comparisons with 1960, and this type of delineation was not made in 1960. The effect of annexation of these extended cities. which can be especially great, is shown in a text table, where appropriate,

STANDARD CONSOLIDATED AREAS

In view of the special importance of the metropolitan complexes around New York and Chicago, the Nation's two largest cities, several contiguous SMSA's and additional counties that do not appear to meet the formal integration criteria but do have strong interrelationships of other kinds have been combined into the New York-Northeastern New Jersey and the Chicago-Northwestern Indiana Standard Consolidated Areas, respectively. The former consists of Middlesex and Somerset Counties in New Jersey and the following SMSA's: New York, Newark, Jersey City, and Paterson-Clifton-Passaic. The latter consists of the following SMSA's: Chicago and Gary-Hammond-East Chicago.

Population

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1 of the census years 1960 and 1970.

Race.—The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau does not denote clear-cut scientific definitions of biological stock. Rather it reflects self-identification by respondents. Since the 1960 and 1970 censuses obtained information on race principally through self-enumeration, the data represent essentially self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify themselves. For persons of mixed parentage who are in doubt as to their classification, the race of the person's father is used. Persons of Mexican or Puerto Rican birth

or ancestry who do not identify themselves as of a race other than white (e.g., American Indian, Negro, etc.) are classified as white. In the three-category grouping shown in this report, the "other" category consists of all races except white or Negro, i.e., American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Eskimo, etc.

1970 age-race data taken from the published PC(V2) Series of Advance Population Reports were available for two major population groups: "Total" and "Negro". In presenting comparable age-race statistics for SMSA's and their component parts in the present series of reports, however, race is classified as "white" and "Negro and other races." This is the classification employed in the 1960 census, except that "nonwhite" was the term used for "Negro and other races." It has been kept in two tables of this series (tables 3 and 4) either because of the difficulty or inadvisability of substituting "Negro" only for the broader "nonwhite" classification. As an example of one of the difficulties encountered in making this substitution, it was found that 1960 age detail by race could not be reproduced for the Negro population of counties or county substitutes, which are the building blocks of SMSA's. Unpublished 1970 age detail for "other races" was available, however, to construct a "Negro and other races" age distribution which could then be directly compared with the 1960 race classification.

A more detailed comparison of 1960 and 1970 age-race data can be made for certain of the largest cities. The 1960 age distribution of white, Negro, and other races appears in the 1960 Census volumes for all cities of 100,000 total population or more. For each such city which did not experience boundary changes between 1960 and 1970, a comparison of age detail for the three race groups can be made. A special text table has been prepared to show age distributions of "Negro" population and "Other races" where such information may be of particular interest, as for example in cities which had over 10,000 Negroes in 1960 and in cities which had approximately equal numbers of both race groupings in 1960.

Components of Change.—The components of population change shown in table 3—births, deaths, and net migration—are estimates. As such they are subject to certain limitations unlike the census counts contained in the tables of this report. The estimates are based on reported births and deaths by place of residence, 1960 through 1968, compiled and published by the Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics. Since no vital statistics were readily available for 1969 and the first 3 months of 1970, they were extrapolated using a factor of 1.25 times the average of years 1967-68. Births and deaths were then summed to totals for the decade, Births were corrected by color for underregistration, using factors derived from the

National Center's birth registration test of 1950. As a final step, both births and deaths were adjusted to be consistent with independent State estimates for the decade.

Vital statistics by race were not reported for counties where less than 10 percent of the total population were members of Negro and other races or which had populations of less than 10,000 belonging to these races. These counties are not included in the metropolitan-nonmetropolitan summaries for the State nor for the individual SMSA's when shown by race.

The estimate of net migration was derived as a residual by the following formula: Net Migration = Net Change — Births + Deaths. As a residual value, however, the net migration component reflects the net effect of any errors in the data used, such as differential undercount in the 1960 and 1970 censuses, boundary changes, improper allocation of births and deaths by place of residence, and many others.¹

At the county level very few significant boundary modifications are made, Many cities have annexed territory during the past decade, however, and the shifts resulting from annexation are thrown into the migration component. Special attention is given in the text to the effect of boundary changes on the net migration component for central cities.

Housing

Housing units and group quarters.—All living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inven-

tory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., at included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons information on the housing characteristics of group quarters is not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—In 1970, data on housing units—all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use—because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for the remaining types of units, i.e., units reported as vacant at the time of the census and intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor.

In 1960, housing characteristics were provided for all units, including vacant seasonal and vacant migratory units.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household consists of all persons who occupy a housing unit.

Population and persons.—"Population in housing units" is the total population less those persons living in group quarters. "Population per occupied unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units; this is also computed separately for the population in owner and in renter occupied units. The caption "Persons" refers to the number of persons occupying the housing unit; the data show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Race.—The classification by race used in the housing table refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the housing unit. Figures on tenure for 1970 are given separately for all households and for Negro heads of households; for 1960, the tenure figures relate to all households and to household heads of "Negro and other races" (excluding white heads of households). In the 1960 census, the term "nonwhite" was used for Negro and other races. Data on change (1960 to 1970) are shown only when the population data by race indicate that the number of Negro households in 1960

¹ For a more detailed discussion of the types of errors which affect estimates of net migration derived in this manner, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-23 No. 7, pages 13 and 14.

constituted a sufficiently large proportion of household heads of Negro and other races to permit meaningful comparison.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classifed as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is entirely occupied by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere. New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "yearround." The latter are units which, although vacant at the time of enumeration, are usually occupied or are intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as a year-round unit. Units used only occasionally throughout the year are also considered year-round units.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "For sale only," and "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. All other year-round vacant units are included in the total and may be derived by subtracting the sum of the vacant units "for sale only" and "for rent" from the total. Other year-round vacant units include units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units held off the market for other reasons.

Homeowner vacancy rate.—The homeowner vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for sale as a percent of the total homeowner inventory, i.e., all owner-occupied units and year-round vacant units for sale. In 1960, the homeowner vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for sale, i.e., year-round vacant units for sale in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rental vacancy rate.—The rental vacancy rate in 1970 is the number of year-round vacant units for rent as a percent of the total rental inventory, i.e., all renteroccupied units and all year-round vacant units for rent. In 1960, the rental vacancy rate was based on vacant units available for rent, i.e., year-round vacant units for rent in sound or deteriorating condition.

Rooms,—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Units in structure.—Statistics on the number of housing units in a structure are presented in terms of one-family houses, number of units in multiunit structures, and mobile homes or trailers.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

For 1960, data on plumbing facilities were derived from information on number of bathrooms. Data for units with all plumbing facilities and with 1.01 or more persons per room are not available from the 1960 reports. Similarly, 1960 data on plumbing facilities are not available by race.

Data on change (1960 to 1970) are not given when the number of vacant seasonal and migratory units that are excluded from the 1970 tabulations is too large to produce meaningful comparisons.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner occupied" means that in 1970 the value data are limited to owner occupied, one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

In 1960 in rural territory, units on farms and all units on places of 10 or more acres (whether farm or nonfarm) were excluded from the value tabulations. In 1970, all units on 10 or more acres are excluded, urban as well as rural; consequently the 1970 value tabulations include farm units of less than 10 acres and exclude units in urban areas on 10 or more acres.

Contract rent —Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter occupied" means that in 1970 the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

The 1960 rent tabulations excluded farm units and vacant units on 10 or more acres in rural areas. In 1970, all one-family houses on 10 or more acres, whether occupied or vacant and whether urban or rural, are excluded from the rent tabulations.

SOURCES OF DATA

The basic 1970 population and housing data contained in the statistical tables of this series were obtained from

the Advance Reports on Population, PC(V1) and PC(V2), and Housing, HC(V1), issued by the Bureau of the Census for individual States. Certain data on characteristics from those reports are subject to change in the 1970 census PC(1)-B Final Reports on Population and HC(1)-A Final Reports on Housing being issued for States during the spring and summer of 1971.

The PHC(2) Series also contains parallel statistics for 1960, available from published Census sources. 1960 statistics referring to SMSA's have been adjusted to conform to 1970 area definitions. Population and housing characteristics of SMSA's formed during the decade have been reconstructed as of 1960 to complete the comparison with 1970 areas. The source of information regarding criteria for establishment of new SMSA's as well as intercensal adjustments in SMSA boundaries is the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Matropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Publications of the National Center for Health Statistics were used to develop components of population change. In some cases, supplementary vital statistics were obtained from State health departments.

Some unpublished data from the 1960 Census of Housing were utilized. For those SMSA's which underwent boundary changes from 1960 to 1970, it was necessary to develop a tabulated reprint of 1960 contract rent data on a county basis.